# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-K**

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

**Commission File Number: 0-12183** 



**Energy Elevating Lives** 

### APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** 

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11-2644611

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, FL 33760

(Address of principal executive offices, zip code)

(727) 384-2323

(Issuer's telephone number)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each Class Trading Symbol Name of each Exchange on which registered

Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value APYX Nasdaq Global Select Market

#### Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes:  $\square$  No  $\boxtimes$  Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes:  $\square$  No  $\boxtimes$  Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes:  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ( $\S232.405$  of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes:  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelereporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large a reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, and accelerated filerated fil	ccelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "small	
Large accelerated filer □	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	×
	Emerging growth company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected no complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to	of to use the extended transition period for Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b	o-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes: ☐ No 🗷	
The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates and non-voti reference to the price at which the common stock was last sold, or the average bid and 30, 2022, the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was approximate	asked prices of such common stock as of Ju	-
As of March 15, 2023, 34,597,822 shares of the registrant's $\$.001$ par value common stop of the registrant.	ck were outstanding.	
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFE	RENCE	
None.		
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### APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION INDEX TO ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

#### **December 31, 2022**

Part I		Page
Item 1	Business	2
Item 1A	Risk Factors	12
Item 1B	Unresolved Staff Comments	21
Item 2	Properties	21
Item 3	Legal Proceedings	22
Item 4	Mine Safety Disclosures	22
Part II		
Item 5	Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	23
Item 6	Reserved	25
Item 7	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	26
Item 7A	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	35
Item 8	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	36
Item 9	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	68
Item 9A	Controls and Procedures	68
Item 9B	Other Information	68
Part III		
Item 10	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	69
Item 11	Executive Compensation Discussion and Analysis	76
Item 12	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	87
Item 13	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence	90
Item 14	Principal Accounting Fees and Services	90
Part IV		
Item 15	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	91
Signatures		

#### Cautionary Notes Regarding "Forward-Looking" Statements

We have included or incorporated by reference into this report, and from time to time may make in our public filings, press releases or other public statements, certain statements that may constitute forward-looking statements. These include without limitation those under "Business" in Part I, Item 1, "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A, "Legal Proceedings" in Part I, Item 3 and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7. In addition, our management my make forward-looking statements to analysts, investors, representatives of the media and others. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts and represent only our beliefs regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and beyond our control. We may, in some cases, use words such as "project", "believe", "anticipate", "plan", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "should", "would", "could", "potentially", "may" or other words that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes to identify these forward-looking statements.

In connection with the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we are identifying important factors that, individually or in the aggregate, could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements made by us. Any such forward-looking statements are qualified by reference to the following cautionary statements.

Forward-looking statements in this report are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond our control, including, among other things:

- changes in general economic, business or demographic conditions or trends in the U.S. or throughout the world or changes in the political environment, including changes in GDP, military and trade wars, interest rates, economic recession and inflation;
- our ability to maintain sufficient liquidity, meet current debt covenants, and preserve working capital in order to maintain operations;
- our ability to conclude a sufficient number of attractive growth projects, deploy growth capital in amounts consistent with our objectives in the prosecution of those and achieve targeted risk-adjusted returns on any growth project, including the continued commercialization of our Helium Plasma Technology;
- the regulatory environment, including our ability to gain requisite approval from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and other governmental and regulatory bodies, both domestically and internationally, including the effects of the recent FDA Medical Device Safety Communication regarding an emerging safety signal of our products;
- our ability to estimate compliance costs, comply with any changes thereto, rates implemented by regulators, and our relationships and rights under, and contracts with, governmental agencies and authorities;
- disruptions or other extraordinary or force majeure events and the ability to insure against losses resulting from such events or disruptions, including disruptions caused by COVID-19 or other global pandemics;
- sudden or extreme volatility in commodity prices and availability, including supply chain disruptions;
- changes in competitive dynamics affecting our business and the medical device industry as a whole;
- technological innovations leading to increased competition in the medical device industry;
- changes in healthcare policy;
- our ability to make alternate arrangements to account for any disruptions or shutdowns that may affect suppliers' facilities or the operations upon which our business is dependent;
- continued aggressive EPA state regulation of Ethylene oxide sterilization (EtO) commercial plants resulting in additional plant closures, leading to a reduced availability of our handpieces, which are commercially sterilized;
- our ability to implement operating and internal growth strategies;
- environmental risks, including the impact of climate change and weather conditions;
- the impact of weather events, including potentially hurricanes, tornadoes and/or seasonal extremes;
- unplanned outages and/or failures of technical and mechanical systems;
- cybersecurity breaches impacting critical systems or data;
- work interruptions or other labor stoppages;

Our actual results, performance, prospects or opportunities could differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. A description of risks that could cause our actual results to differ appears under the caption "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A and elsewhere in this report. It is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors and you should not consider that description to be a complete discussion of all potential risks or uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. The forward-looking events discussed in this report may not occur. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should, however, consult further disclosures we may make in future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

Table of Contents

#### APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION

PART I

#### **ITEM 1. Business**

#### General

Apyx Medical Corporation ("Company", "Apyx Medical", "we", "us", or "our") was incorporated in 1982, under the laws of the State of Delaware and has its principal executive office at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, FL 33760.

We are an advanced energy technology company with a passion for elevating people's lives through innovative products, including our Helium Plasma Technology products marketed and sold as Renuvion® in the cosmetic surgery market and J-Plasma® in the hospital surgical market. Our primary focus is on the cosmetic surgery market where Renuvion® offers plastic surgeons, fascial plastic surgeons and cosmetic physicians a unique ability to provide controlled heat to the tissue to achieve their desired results. We also leverage our deep expertise and decades of experience in unique waveforms through original equipment manufacturing ("OEM") agreements with other medical device manufacturers.

As part of our plan to accelerate and fully fund the development of our advanced energy business, with a focus in the cosmetic surgery market, we sold our Core business in 2018 for gross proceeds of \$97 million. These proceeds were used to launch broad marketing and sales initiatives which resulted in rapid sales growth through December 31, 2021 and into the first quarter of 2022. This planned growth in the business was accompanied by scaled operations, including procurement of components, expanded manufacturing capacity to turn those materials into saleable inventory, additional discretionary expenditures, including increased global participation at trade shows, additional employee trainings, user meetings, increased travel and entertainment expenses, more expansive research and development projects, and additional headcount to support those activities. Additionally, we had and still have, some significant non-recurring discretionary expenditures associated with completing our multi-year marketing initiatives related to our dermal resurfacing and skin laxity clearances.

On March 14, 2022, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") posted a Safety Communication that warns consumers and health care providers against the use of our Advanced Energy products outside of their FDA-cleared indications for general use in cutting, coagulation, and ablation of soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. Following the Safety Communication, we experienced slowed demand for the adoption of our Helium Plasma Technology.

On May 26, 2022, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion Dermal Handpiece for specific dermal resurfacing procedures. On July 18, 2022, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion® APR Handpiece for certain skin contraction procedures.

On June 2, 2022, and July 21, 2022, the FDA updated the Medical Device Safety Communication to recognize the new 510(k) clearances for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece, and the expanded indications for the Renuvion® APR handpieces. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece allows surgeons to perform dermal resurfacing procedures for the treatment of moderate to severe wrinkles and rhytides, limited to patients with Fitzpatrick Skin Types I, II or III. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® APR handpieces now addresses improving the appearance of lax (loose) skin in the neck and submental region.

On February 1, 2023, we announced we had submitted a 510(k) premarket notification ("510(k) submission") for the Renuvion APR Handpiece to the FDA, supported by a clinical study and real-world evidence. The 510(k) submission is intended to expand Renuvion's indications for use to include a specific indication for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the coagulation of subcutaneous soft tissues where needed, following liposuction.

On February 27, 2023, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the delivery of radiofrequency energy and/or helium plasma where coagulation/contraction of soft tissue is needed. Soft tissue includes subcutaneous tissue.

While we expected that receiving the two clearances in 2022 would materially mitigate the financial effects of the Safety Communication in future periods, we continue to experience reduced demand for the adoption and utilization of our technology and we believe that this may have an adverse effect in future periods. In 2023, we expect to deliver growth in global sales of our Advanced Energy products, fueled by strong execution on our commercial and regulatory objectives and improving generator demand trends as we move through fiscal 2023. We remain focused on maximizing our resources through prudent expense management and have recently implemented activities to eliminate certain operating expenses to improve cash flow, while preserving our capabilities as an organization. We also continue to actively evaluate all potential options to enhance our liquidity and financial condition.

While sales were continuing to grow into the first quarter of 2022 prior to the FDA Safety Communication, over the last few years, exclusive of our sale of the Core business segment to Symmetry Surgical during 2018, we have incurred recurring net losses and cash outflows from operations and we anticipate that losses will continue in the near term. For the year ended December 31, 2022, we incurred an operating loss of \$23.6 million and used \$20.3 million of cash in operations. As of December 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$10.2 million. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of our consolidated financial statements, including in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

In an effort to alleviate these conditions, we pursued various funding solutions in order to improve liquidity.

On November 22, 2022, we filed a shelf registration statement providing us the ability to register securities in the aggregate amount up to \$100 million. The shelf registration included an embedded ATM facility for up to \$40 million. To date we have not utilized this facility.

On February 17, 2023, we entered into a Credit, Security and Guaranty Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with MidCap Funding IV Trust (as agent), and MidCap Financial Trust (as term loan servicer), and the lenders party thereto from time to time.

The Credit Agreement provides for an up to \$35 million facility, consisting of senior secured term loans and a secured revolving facility. The Credit Agreement provides for senior secured term loans of up to \$25 million, comprised of (i) an initial tranche of \$10 million, (ii) a second tranche of \$5 million, and (iii) a third tranche of \$10 million. The secured revolving facility provides for loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10 million, subject to a borrowing base equal to certain percentages of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory, as determined in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Credit Agreement see Note 20 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

On February 27, 2023, our Board of Directors approved a plan to sell and leaseback the our real property located in Clearwater, FL. On March 14, 2023, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with VK Acquisitions VI, LLC (the "Purchaser"), for the sale of our facility located at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, Florida, as more fully described in the Purchase Agreement (collectively, the "Property") for a purchase price of \$7,650,000. The Purchase Agreement is subject to the satisfactory completion of due diligence by the Purchaser. Upon the closing of the sale of the Property, we will enter into a lease agreement with the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Property will be leased back to us.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Purchase Agreement see Note 20 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

During January 2023, we were notified that the IRS examination process of our 2018, 2019 and 2020 tax returns was complete and that the our tax refunds were approved for substantially the amount recorded in our Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2022. As of the date of this report, we are awaiting receipt of the tax refunds.

We also continue to re-assess our operating expenditures and cost structure to be commensurate with our expected levels of revenue and we have the ability to reduce or delay expenditures to enhance and preserve liquidity. We have already reduced some operating expenditures, including a reduction-in-force on January 9, 2023, that reduced our U.S. headcount by 14%.

We believe that the actions already taken, and additional actions that we intend to take to manage operating expenditures, will enable us to meet our obligations for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of our audited consolidated financial statements. As a result, we believe our plans alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our audited financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

We continue to focus our efforts to increase the adoption of our Advanced Energy technology and utilization of our handpieces by surgeons in the U.S. and fulfilling demand from distributors in our international markets. Management estimates that our products have been sold in more than 60 countries. As of December 31, 2022, we had a direct sales force of 35 field-based selling professionals and utilized 3 independent sales agencies. We also had 4 sales managers. This selling organization is focused on the use of Renuvion® and J-Plasma® in the cosmetic and hospital surgical markets, supported by our global medical affairs team. This global team of clinical support specialists focuses on supporting our users to ensure optimal

outcomes for their patients. In addition, we have invested in training programs and marketing-related activities to support accelerated adoption of Renuvion® into surgeons' practices.

In response to the global supply chain instability and inflationary cost increases, we continue to take action to minimize, as much as possible, any potential adverse impacts by working closely with our suppliers to closely monitor the availability of raw material components (i.e. semiconductors and plastics), lead times, and freight carrier availability. We expect global supply chain instability will continue to have an impact on our business, but to date that has not been material to our financial performance. The consequences of global supply chain instability, inflationary cost increases and the pandemic, and their adverse impact to the global economy, continue to evolve. Accordingly, the significance of the future impact to our business and financial statements remains subject to significant uncertainty.

We strongly encourage investors to visit our website: <a href="www.apyxmedical.com">www.apyxmedical.com</a> to view the most current news and to review our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Significant Subsidiaries

Apyx Bulgaria, EOOD is a wholly owned limited liability company incorporated under Bulgarian law, located in Sofia, Bulgaria. It is engaged in the business of development and manufacturing of our advanced energy generators, as well as the manufacturing of our disposable handpieces and accessories, and development and manufacturing of OEM generators and related accessories. The facility also distributes products directly to customers in certain international markets and provides warranty and repair services.

#### **Industry**

The cosmetic surgery market is a special segment of the medical field which is involved in the restoration, reconstruction, or alteration of the human body so as to enhance the body's appearance. The market for cosmetic surgery includes surgical, minimally invasive, and nonsurgical cosmetic procedures. This market is expected to have steady growth year-over-year and this growth is driven by social and cultural factors such as the influence of social media, peer pressure for appearance and beauty, and increasing disposable income. According to the recent International Society of Aesthetic Plastic Surgery ("ISAPS") 2021 Global Survey report, liposicution procedures grew 24.8% year-over-year, and is now the number one aesthetic surgical procedure globally.

We believe that we have sustainable, competitive advantages in the cosmetic surgery market for several reasons: our long history of developing unique energy devices to meet the needs of physicians, our unique Helium Plasma Technology, our outstanding product quality supported by strong engineering and research and development capabilities, and the clinical support that our expanding global medical affairs team provides to our customers. We feel that our products and our strategy as a customer-centric aesthetic medical device manufacturer have, and will continue to improve, the lives of doctors and their patients.

#### **Intellectual Property**

We rely on our intellectual property that we have developed or acquired over the years including patents, trade secrets, technical innovations and various licensing agreements to provide our future growth and build our competitive position. We have been issued 40 patents in the United States and 28 foreign patents. We have 22 pending patent applications in the United States and 58 pending foreign applications. We have 9 U.S. registered trademarks, 5 international registered trademarks, and 4 pending international trademark applications. As we continue to expand our intellectual property portfolio, we believe it is critical for us to continue to invest in filing patent applications to protect our technology, inventions and improvements. However, we can

give no assurance that competitors will not infringe on our patent rights or otherwise create similar or non-infringing competing products that are technically patentable in their own right.

#### **Manufacturing and Suppliers**

We are committed to producing the most technically advanced and highest quality products of their kind available on the market. We manufacture the majority of our products on our premises in Clearwater, Florida and at our facility located in Sofia, Bulgaria, both of which are certified under the ISO13485:2016 international quality standards and are subject to continuing regulation and routine inspections by the FDA and other regulatory agencies to ensure compliance with regulations relating to our quality management system, medical device complaint reporting, and adherence to FDA and other country restrictions on promotion and advertising. In addition, we are subject to regulations under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, the Environmental Protection Act and other federal, state and local regulations, as well as international laws and regulations.

We work closely with our suppliers to ensure that our raw material inventory (i.e., semiconductors and plastics) needs are met, while maintaining high quality and reliability. To date, we have experienced some delays in locating and obtaining the materials necessary to fulfill our production requirements, but such delays have not caused a meaningful backlog of sales orders. However, it is possible that a prolonged disruption to the global supply chain could cause a backlog of sales orders in the future. We continue to work to find other sources of supply, where feasible, and have expedited the shipments of certain raw material items to adequately maintain our production and safety stock levels, resulting in higher shipping costs. We have also experienced some impact on the purchase prices of our raw materials due to inflation, global inventory shortages. and increased demand across the manufacturing sector.

We maintain collaborative arrangements with three foreign suppliers, including our contract component manufacturer located in Ningbo, China, under which we request the development of certain products which we purchase pursuant to purchase orders. Our purchase order commitments are never more than one year in duration and are supported by our sales forecasts. To our knowledge, none of the products that we source are through entities manufacturing in the Xinjiang province.

During late 2019, we entered into a joint venture with our Chinese supplier to establish a foundation for the manufacturing and sale of our Advanced Energy products into the Chinese market. As of the date of this report, the joint venture has not commenced its principal operations.

#### Backlog

The value of unshipped factory orders is not material.

#### Sustainability

We have created a strong environmental, social and governance ("ESG") structure by introducing a cross-functional ESG team which has been working with senior management, our board, and other stakeholders to develop an ESG framework that is aligned with our corporate mission, vision and values. Our ESG initiatives are sponsored by our CEO and CFO, and includes a steering committee comprised of all members of the executive management team as well as some mid-level managers in certain areas such as R&D, Regulatory and Quality. In July 2022, we published our first ESG report aligned with the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board ("SASB") Medical Equipment industry standards.

Part of our culture is to give back and support the communities and people around us. In 2022, we engaged in both employee volunteer and financial support in the areas of education and the environment. Such initiatives included the following:

- Week-long high school internship\shadowing program for students interested in the field of engineering;
- Hosting a group of 25 local students participating in their school's STEM program at our manufacturing facility
- Employee participation in a local beach clean up event
- Donation of supplies to a local elementary school and to support those impacted by Hurricane Ian
- Local food drive donations as well as gifts for less fortunate children during the holidays
- Several financial contributions and sponsorships to various non-profit organizations

#### **Human Capital Management**

At December 31, 2022, we had 276 full-time employees world-wide, of whom 4 were executive officers, 47 were supervisory personnel, 36 were sales personnel and 189 were technical support, administrative and production employees. None of our current employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement and we have never experienced a work stoppage. During 2022, our voluntary employee turnover rate was approximately 13.6%.

#### Diversity, Equity and Inclusion

We have worked to create a culture that fosters employee engagement, where diverse talent is productive and passionate about the work they do. We continuously focus our efforts on cultivating and enhancing our working culture that embraces equality, diversity and inclusion. Currently, over half of our global workforce is represented by women, including half of our executive management team. In addition, in the U.S., approximately 36% of our employees are from minority ethnic\racial groups.

#### Recruitment, Training and Development

The implementation of our growth strategy largely depends on our ability to hire, train, and retain our workforce. Our recruitment practices include cross-functional departmental interviewing, allowing for the best fit not just for a specific department, but the Company as a whole. We also ensure all of our employees are fully trained and competent for the role for which they were hired. In addition, we train our sales professionals to thoroughly understand our Helium Plasma Technology and the marketplace in which we compete, including how our technologies can increase our customer's revenue and the results they are able to achieve for their patients.

#### Compensation and Benefits

Our compensation programs are designed to align the compensation of our employees with our performance, and to provide the proper incentives to attract, retain and motivate them to achieve superior results. The structure of our compensation programs balances incentive earnings for both short-term and long-term performance, specifically:

- We offer wages that are competitive and consistent with employee positions, skill levels, experience, knowledge and geographic location;
- Our compensation practices are fair and equitable across all levels of the organization, from our Executive Officers to our hourly employees;
- We work with both local and nationally recognized outside compensation and benefits consulting firms to independently evaluate the effectiveness of our executive and non-executive compensation and benefit programs and to provide benchmarking against our peers within our industry;
- We may provide our non-hourly U.S-based employees long term incentives in the form of stock options to help foster a culture of ownership, and empower individuals to drive continuous improvements to increase stockholder value;
- Annual increases and incentive compensation are based on merit, which is communicated to employees at the time of hiring and documented through our talent management process as part of our annual review procedures and upon internal transfer and/or promotion;
- All employees are eligible for health insurance, paid and unpaid leaves, a retirement plan, and life and disability/ accident coverage. We also offer a variety of voluntary benefits that allow employees to select the options that meet their needs.

#### Culture

We are a solution focused company in the cosmetic surgery market and the broader medical technology sector, and endeavor to provide unique and creative solutions for the ever-changing needs of our physician customers and their patients. Our mission and vision are to be the world's leading innovator in unique energy solutions that continually reshape what's possible in cosmetic and medical procedures through innovative solutions.

Our shared values of transforming physicians' and their patients' lives, acting with integrity, and driving innovation, form the core of our company's culture. We articulate the qualities associated with these behaviors through our three Core Values:

• *Trailblazers:* We are passionate about the work we do. We energetically pursue our goals, aim higher, and reach further. When we encounter setbacks, we see opportunities for innovation and improvement. When we clear a business hurdle, we celebrate, and then raise the bar.

- *Challengers*: We speak up and are not afraid to question, to reimagine, to think differently. We innovate to break the status quo, and create new possibilities, for our customers and for our company.
- *Team Players*: We respect everyone's contribution and are absolutely committed to elevating our fellow team members, and our customers and their patients.

#### Employee Health and Safety

The health and safety of our employees is our highest priority, and this is consistent with our operating philosophy. We provide a safe and healthy workplace for employees consistent with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act ("OSHA"). We aim to prevent any employee, visitor, customer, or person from being subjected to any health or safety risks. We provide annual training and expect our employees to diligently work towards the maintenance of safe and healthy working conditions, adhere to proper operating practices and procedures designed to prevent injury and illness, and conscientiously observe all safety regulations. Our commitment to the safety and well-being of our employees is shown through safety walkthroughs by our Safety Committee, as well as having an open-door policy, allowing employees to feel comfortable bringing up any safety concerns to management or Human Resources. Identified concerns and potential hazards are addressed immediately, which is evidenced by our low safety incident rate quarter over quarter. In 2022, we had no lost time accidents.

#### **Our Two Business Segments**

Our reportable segments are disclosed as principally organized and managed as two operating segments: Advanced Energy and OEM. "Corporate & Other" includes certain unallocated corporate and administrative costs which are not specifically attributed to any reportable segment. The OEM segment is primarily development and manufacturing contract and product driven, and all related expenses are recorded as cost of sales, therefore no segment specific operating expenses are incurred.

In regards to these operating segments, our results are aggregated into reportable segments only if they exhibit similar economic characteristics. In addition to similar economic characteristics, we also consider the following factors in determining the reportable segments: the nature of business activities, the management structure directly accountable to our chief operating decision maker for operating and administrative activities, availability of discrete financial information, and information presented to the Board of Directors and investors. Asset information is not reviewed by the chief operating decision maker by segment and is not available by segment and, accordingly, we have not presented a measure of assets by reportable segment.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, our OEM segment contributed 17.3% of our consolidated total revenue and our Advanced Energy segment contributed 82.7% of our consolidated total revenue.

#### **Advanced Energy Segment**

#### **Overview**

Our product portfolio consists of our Helium Plasma Technology that is marketed and sold as Renuvion® in the cosmetic surgery market and J-Plasma® in the hospital surgical market. Our primary focus is on the cosmetic surgery market where Renuvion® offers plastic surgeons, fascial plastic surgeons and cosmetic physicians a unique ability to provide controlled heat to the tissue to achieve their desired results. This technology has FDA clearance, CE mark, and clearance for sale in multiple other countries and is generally indicated for the cutting, coagulation and ablation of soft tissue. The system consists of an electrosurgical generator unit ("ESU"), a handpiece and a supply of helium gas. The proprietary radiofrequency ("RF") energy is delivered to the handpiece by the ESU and used to energize an electrode. When helium gas passes over the energized electrode, helium plasma is generated which allows for conduction of the RF energy from the electrode to the patient in the form of a precise helium plasma beam. The energy delivered to the patient via the helium plasma beam is unique in that it allows for the application of heat to tissue in a way that is not possible with traditional monopolar or bipolar technologies. This technology has been the subject of over ninety peer-reviewed journal articles, book chapters, abstracts, and posters. It also continues to be the subject of numerous presentations at traditional and cosmetic surgery conferences around the world.

This technology initially received FDA clearance in 2012 and a CE mark in December 2014, which enables us to sell the product in the European Union. In 2014, we created and trained a direct sales force dedicated to sell this technology. In 2015, we continued the commercialization process for our Helium Plasma Technology with a multi-faceted strategy designed to accelerate adoption of the product. This strategy primarily involved deployment of a dedicated sales force, developing product line extensions and expanding the specialties in which this technology can become the "standard of care" for certain procedures.

During 2022, we continued our full-scale, global, commercialization efforts for Renuvion® in the cosmetic and plastic surgery markets. As of December 31, 2022, we had a direct sales force of 35 field-based selling professionals and utilized 3 independent sales agencies. We also had 4 sales managers. This selling organization is focused on the use of Renuvion® in the cosmetic surgery market, supported by our global medical affairs team. This global team of clinical support specialists focuses on supporting our users to ensure optimal outcomes for their patients. In addition, we have invested in training programs and marketing-related activities to support accelerated adoption of Renuvion® into physicians' practices.

From 2015 through 2022, we launched numerous new extensions to our Helium Plasma product lines in an effort to target new surgical procedures, users, and markets. Most notably, throughout 2021, we continued our launch of our Renuvion® Apyx Plasma RF handpieces ("APR") around the world. These handpieces were designed with improved ergonomics and usability for our Renuvion® customers. As a result of our sales, marketing and product development initiatives, we have significantly increased the number of physicians using our Helium Plasma Technology by expanding usage to include the cosmetic surgery market in the U.S., and the cosmetic surgery market as well as the surgical oncology market outside the U.S. In late January 2023, we launched our recently FDA approved Apyx One Console in the US. This is a multi-functional generator incorporating an advanced 3-in-1 energy system that enables plastic and cosmetic surgeons to utilize Renuvion technology, together with full monopolar and bipolar energy.

Key features of the Apyx One Console include adaptive and intuitive touch screens, procedural presets by body part, cloud connectivity, data sharing and logging, remote upgrade capabilities and system diagnostics, and an advanced gas system that measures and monitors gas volume and usage.

In order to assist us in leveraging our Helium Plasma Technology's precision and effectiveness in multiple surgical specialties, we continue to utilize our Medical Advisory Board which currently consists of 5 members representing the plastic surgery, fascial plastic surgery, and cosmetic procedure specialties.

Our commercial strategy in the U.S. and outside the U.S. is primarily focused on advancing the usage of Renuvion® in the cosmetic surgery market. In some of our international markets, we continue to provide support to our customers who have adopted our J-Plasma® technology for the hospital surgical market. We continue to develop a clinical and regulatory strategy, and corresponding marketing campaigns, to support our market focus. We also continue to expand the reach of our global medical affairs team in order to provide clinical support to our customers in all markets.

We continue to make substantial investments in the development and marketing of our Renuvion® technology for the long-term benefit of the Company and its stakeholders, and this may adversely affect our short-term operating performance and cash flows, particularly over the next 12 to 18 months. While we believe that these investments have the potential to generate additional revenues and profits in the future, there can be no assurance that our Helium Plasma Technology will continue to be successful or that such future revenues and profitability will be realized.

#### Customers

In the U.S., we primarily sell our Renuvion® products through our direct sales force to physicians, cosmetic surgery offices and surgical centers. Outside of the U.S., all of our products are sold primarily through our distributor network.

#### **Products**

Our Advanced Energy Products consist of our Helium Plasma Technology lines (Renuvion® and J-Plasma®). These product lines consist of a multifunction generator, a handpiece and a supply of helium gas. RF energy is delivered to the handpiece by the generator and used to energize an electrode. When helium gas passes over the energized electrode, helium plasma is generated which allows for conduction of the RF energy from the electrode to the patient in the form of a precise helium plasma beam. The energy delivered to the patient via the helium plasma beam is unique in that it allows for the application of heat to tissue in a way that is not possible with traditional monopolar or bipolar technologies.

#### Helium Plasma Generator

While we did a limited launch of our Apyx Once Console in the U.S. in the fourth quarter of 2022, full commercial launch of the generator in the U.S. started in January 2023. Internationally, during 2022, we continued our launch of the Renuvion® System 3 generator, to markets outside the U.S. This high frequency electrosurgical generator can be used for delivery of RF energy and/or helium plasma to cut, coagulate and ablate soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. This new generator was built for use with our Renuvion® APR handpieces, and features enhanced capabilities such as a joule counter, capable of displaying energy delivered to the patient, and new Auto-Bipolar functionality, which expands the surgical capabilities of the system. These new product releases continue to expand the procedure base for our Helium Plasma Technology by providing surgeons with the tools they need to access additional anatomic locations and perform specific procedures.

#### Disposables Portfolio

We offer a variety of different hand pieces for open and laparoscopic procedures. The helium-based plasma generated from these devices has been shown to provide increased precision and control and cause less thermal damage to tissue than CO2 laser, argon plasma and RF energy products currently available on the market. The technology has a general indication and can be used for cutting, coagulating and ablating soft tissue. The advantages of helium plasma continue to be studied throughout the medical and scientific communities. We believe that cosmetic surgery applications are the primary area of opportunity for this technology. In 2020, we completed the launch of our new generation APR handpieces in the U.S. market. During 2021, we began to launch these new handpieces in our international markets, designed specifically for minimally invasive use, with improved ergonomics and safety features.

#### Competition

Currently, we are the only company with helium-based plasma products and two specific indications from the FDA. While the FDA Safety Notice did impact our sales, and there are RF-based competitors, argon plasma competitors, and CO2 laser competitors for our target market, we still believe our competitive position did not change in 2022.

#### FDA and Other Government Regulations

The Company's business is subject to varying degrees of governmental regulation in the countries in which operations are conducted, and the general trend is toward increasingly stringent regulation and enforcement. We are subject to costly and complex U.S. and foreign laws and governmental regulations, and any adverse regulatory action may materially adversely affect the our financial condition and business operations. In the U.S., the drug, device, and cosmetic industries have long been subject to regulation by various federal and state agencies, primarily as to product safety, efficacy, manufacturing, advertising, labeling and safety reporting. The exercise of broad regulatory powers by the FDA continues to result in increases in the amounts of testing and documentation required for FDA approval of new drugs and devices and a corresponding increase in the expense of product introduction. Similar trends are also evident in major markets outside of the U.S. The new medical device regulatory framework and the new privacy regulations in Europe and in other countries are examples of such increased regulation.

For example, the European Union enacted the European Union Medical Device Regulation in May 2017 with an effective date of May 2021, which imposes stricter requirements for the marketing and sale of medical devices, including in the areas of clinical evaluation requirements, quality systems, labeling and post-market surveillance. Additionally, as a result of the exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union (Brexit), new medical device regulations were released by the United Kingdom, which became effective January 1, 2021. A gap analysis against the prior Medical Device Directive ("MDD"), a compliance plan was implemented, and the plan is being executed for both the European Union and United Kingdom regulations to ensure compliance and minimize business disruption.

The regulatory agencies under whose purview the Company operates have administrative powers that may subject it to actions such as product withdrawals, recalls, seizure of products and other civil and criminal sanctions. In some cases, the Company's may deem it advisable to initiate product recalls.

The FDA and regulatory agencies around the globe are also increasing their enforcement activities. If the FDA were to conclude that we are not in compliance with applicable laws or regulations, or that any of our medical devices are ineffective or pose an unreasonable health risk, the FDA could ban such products, detain or seize adulterated or misbranded products, order a recall, repair, replacement, or refund of such products, refuse to grant pending applications for marketing authorization or require certificates of foreign governments for exports, and/or require us to notify health professionals and others that the products present unreasonable risks of substantial harm to the public health. The FDA may also assess civil or criminal penalties against us, our officers or employees and impose operating restrictions on a company-wide basis or enjoin and/or restrain certain conduct resulting in violations of applicable law. The FDA may also recommend prosecution to the U.S. Department of Justice. Any adverse regulatory action, depending on its magnitude, may restrict us from effectively marketing and selling our products and limit our ability to obtain future clearances or approvals, and could result in a substantial modification to our business practices and operations. Equivalent enforcement mechanisms exist in different countries in which we conduct business.

On March 14, 2022, the FDA posted a Safety Communication that warns consumers and health care providers against the use of our Advanced Energy products outside of their FDA-cleared indications for general use in cutting, coagulation, and ablation of soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. Following the Safety Communication, we experienced slowed demand for the adoption of our Helium Plasma Technology. Throughout 2022, and continuing into 2023, we have been working closely with the FDA to gain clearances for the use of our products in various surgical applications, demonstrating our commitment to both safety and efficacy, supported by both clinical study and real-world data.

The costs of human healthcare have been and continue to be a subject of study, investigation and regulation by governmental agencies and legislative bodies around the world. In the U.S., attention has been focused by states, regulatory agencies and congress on device prices and profits and programs that encourage doctors to recommend, use or purchase particular medical

devices. Laws and regulations have been enacted to require adherence to strict compliance standards and prevent fraud and abuse in the healthcare industry. There is increased focus on interactions and financial relationships between healthcare companies and healthcare providers.

Various transparency laws and regulations require disclosures of payments and other transfers of value made to physicians and teaching hospitals and, beginning with disclosures in 2022, to certain non-physician practitioners. Payers have become a more potent force in the marketplace and increased attention is being paid to medical device pricing, appropriate drug and medical device utilization and the quality and costs of healthcare generally. However, most of the Company's products are not reimbursable by payers (including the US. Government) which alleviates some of the burden of reporting. Nevertheless, we are committed to following all legal requirements, as well as company policies and procedures as it relates to our interactions with healthcare professionals. At all times, we will provide information to healthcare professionals that is truthful, not misleading, and consistent with our product labeling and supported by our data.

Medical Device Single Audit Program ("MDSAP")

The International Medical Device Regulators Forum ("IMDRF") recognized that a global approach to auditing and monitoring the manufacturing of medical devices could improve their safety and oversight on an international scale. The IMDRF established a work group that developed specific documents to advance a MDSAP. The Medical Device Single Audit Program allowed MDSAP recognized Auditing Organizations to conduct a single regulatory audit of a medical device manufacturer to satisfy the relevant requirements of the regulatory authorities participating in the program. Today the regulatory authority members include the US, Australia, Brazil, Canada and Japan, official observers European Union and United Kingdom, and affiliates Argentina, Israel, South Korea, and Singapore. In February 2022, we underwent a successful annual MDSAP audit by our registrar GMED SAS. There were no observations related to safety or efficacy of our products noted during this MDSAP audit. The FDA accepts MDSAP audit reports as a substitute for routine Agency inspections.

Global Supply Chain Impact

Further, the Company relies on global supply chains, and production and distribution processes, that are complex, are subject to increasing regulatory requirements, and may be faced with unexpected changes that may affect sourcing, supply and pricing of materials used in the Company's products. These processes also are subject to complex and lengthy regulatory approvals.

#### **OEM Segment**

#### **Overview**

We leverage our expertise in the design, development and manufacturing of electrosurgical equipment and medical devices by producing generators, medical devices and related accessories for large, well-known medical device manufacturers through original equipment manufacturing ("OEM") agreements, as well as start-up companies with the need for our energy-based designs. In connection with the Asset Purchase Agreement with Symmetry Surgical in 2018, we entered into a Manufacturing and Supply Agreement for a ten-year term, whereby we will manufacture certain products and sell to them at agreed upon prices. Revenue, costs and expenses resulting from this agreement are reported in our Consolidated Statements of Operations as a component of income or loss from operations of our OEM reporting segment.

#### **ITEM 1A. Risk Factors**

In addition to risks and uncertainties in the ordinary course of business, important risk factors that may affect us are discussed below. Additional risks not presently known to us, or that we currently believe are immaterial, may also significantly impact or impair our business operations.

#### **Regulatory Compliance Risk**

#### **Product Approval and Monitoring**

Most countries where we sell medical devices subject our technologies to their own approval and other regulatory requirements regarding performance, safety, and quality. The global regulatory environment is increasingly unpredictable and stringent. Countries that did not have regulatory requirements for medical devices have established such requirements in recent years, and other countries have expanded, or plan to expand, their existing regulations. While there are efforts at some harmonization of global regulations, requirements continue to differ significantly among countries. We expect that as this global regulatory environment continues to evolve, it could impact the cost, the time needed to approve, and ultimately, our ability to maintain existing approvals or obtain future approvals for our products. Regulations of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA") and other regulatory agencies in and outside the U.S. impose significant compliance and monitoring obligations on our business.

We are subject to costly and complex laws and governmental regulations and any adverse regulatory action may materially adversely affect our financial condition and business operations.

As a part of the regulatory process for obtaining marketing clearance or approval for new products and new indications for existing products, we conduct and participate in numerous clinical trials with a variety of study designs, patient populations, and trial endpoints. Unfavorable or inconsistent clinical data from existing or future clinical trials, or the market's or the FDA's perception of these clinical data, may adversely impact our ability to obtain product approvals, our position in, and share of, the markets in which we participate. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain or maintain marketing clearance for our new products or enhancements or modifications to existing products, and the failure to maintain approvals or obtain approval or clearance could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. Even if we are able to obtain approval or clearance, it may:

- take a significant amount of time;
- require the expenditure of considerable resources;
- involve rigorous clinical and pre-clinical testing, as well as increased post-market surveillance;
- involve modifications, repairs, corrections, or replacements of our products; and
- limit the proposed intended uses of our products.

On March 14, 2022, the FDA posted a Communication that warns consumers and health care providers against the use of our Advanced Energy products outside of their FDA-cleared indications for general use in cutting, coagulation, and ablation of soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. We continue to work with the FDA towards securing 510(k) clearance for additional indications. We continue to evaluate what effects, if any, the Communication will continue to have on our results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

On May 26, 2022, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion Dermal Handpiece for specific dermal resurfacing procedures. On July 18, 2022, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion® APR Handpiece for certain skin contraction procedures.

On June 2, 2022, and July 21, 2022, the FDA updated the Medical Device Safety Communication to recognize the new 510(k) clearances for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece, and the expanded indications for the Renuvion® APR handpieces. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece allows surgeons to perform dermal resurfacing procedures for the treatment of moderate to severe wrinkles and rhytides, limited to patients with Fitzpatrick Skin Types I, II or III. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® APR handpieces now addresses improving the appearance of lax (loose) skin in the neck and submental region.

On February 1, 2023, we announced we had submitted a 510(k) premarket notification ("510(k) submission") for the Renuvion APR Handpiece to the FDA, supported by a clinical study and real-world evidence. This 510(k) submission is intended to expand Renuvion's indications for use to include a specific indication for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the coagulation of subcutaneous soft tissues where needed, following liposuction. There can be no assurance that we will receive such FDA clearance.

On February 27, 2023, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the delivery of radiofrequency energy and/or helium plasma where coagulation/contraction of soft tissue is needed. Soft tissue includes subcutaneous tissue.

While we expected that receiving these clearances would materially mitigate the financial effects of the Safety Communication in future periods, we continue to experience reduced demand for the adoption and utilization of our technology and we believe that this may have an adverse effect in future periods.

Before and after a product is commercially released, we have ongoing responsibilities under the FDA, Health Canada, Australia, Brazil, EU, and other applicable world-wide government agency regulations. For instance, many of our processes and facilities, as well as those of our suppliers, are also subject to periodic audits to determine compliance with applicable regulations. The results of these audits can include major inspectional observations, warning letters, or other forms of enforcement.

If the FDA were to conclude that we are not in compliance with applicable laws or regulations, or that any of our medical products are ineffective or pose an unreasonable health risk, they could ban such medical products, determine that our products are adulterated or misbranded, order a recall, repair, replacement, correction, or refund of such products, refuse to grant pending pre-market clearances or approvals, refuse to issue export certificates for foreign governments, or require us to notify health professionals and others that the devices present unreasonable risks of substantial harm to the public health.

The FDA and other non-U.S. government agencies may also assess civil or criminal penalties against us, our officers or employees and impose operating restrictions on a company-wide basis. The FDA may also recommend prosecution to the U.S. Department of Justice. Any adverse regulatory action, depending on its magnitude, may restrict us from effectively marketing and selling our products and limit our ability to obtain future pre-market clearances or approvals, and could result in a substantial modification to our business practices and operations. These potential consequences, as well as any adverse outcome from government investigations, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

In addition, the FDA has taken the position that device manufacturers are prohibited from promoting their products other than for the uses and indications set forth in the cleared product labeling. Any failure to comply could subject us to significant civil or criminal exposure, administrative obligations and costs, other potential penalties from, and/or agreements with, the federal government. Governmental regulations worldwide have, and may continue to become, increasingly stringent and customary.

In the EU, a single regulatory approval process exists, and conformity with the legal requirements is represented by the CE Mark. To obtain a CE Mark, defined products must meet minimum standards of performance, safety, and quality (i.e., the essential requirements), and then, according to their classification, comply with one or more of a selection of conformity assessment routes. The competent authorities of the EU countries separately regulate the clinical research for medical devices and the market surveillance of products once they are placed on the market. A new Regulation (EU) 2017/745 on medical devices, or "EU MDR", came into effect in May 2017, which imposes significant additional premarket and postmarket requirements.

The EU MDR represents the first major changes to the EU medical device regulatory environment, has significantly raised the compliance bar for the medical device industry, and will cause significant changes to the regulatory obligations of manufacturers, importers and distributors involved in the medical device distribution chain. Classification has changed for some product categories, and strict new requirements have been imposed on clinical data, risk management, post market surveillance, and supplier management. Penalties for regulatory non-compliance could be severe, including fines and revocation or suspension of a company's business license, and criminal sanctions. The regulation initially provided a three-year implementation period to May 2020, but that timeline was delayed to May 2021 due to COVID-19 and its impact on audits and technical file review by Notified Bodies. After that time, medical devices marketed in the EU will require certification according to these new requirements, except for devices with valid CE certificates, issued pursuant to the Medical Device Directives before May 2020, which can be placed in the market until May 2024.

Outside of the EU, regulations vary significantly from country to country and are becoming increasingly stringent and country specific. Territories and countries around the world continue to develop their own unique regulatory requirements, and these individual governments are passing laws that enforce these new regulations, including imposing fees, to register products in their country. The time and effort required to obtain approval to market products may be longer or shorter than that required in the U.S. or the EU. Certain European countries outside of the EU, and other countries around the world do not recognize the CE mark certification or FDA clearance/approval and have their own regulatory requirements to register and sell products in these territories.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The medical device industry continues to be the subject of intense scrutiny and stringent regulation and the demand for green, sustainable products is rapidly increasing. There are increasing requirements for efficient and accurate processes for hazardous substance handling, supplier disclosures, and regulatory reporting in order to comply with numerous global health and environmental regulatory requirements and restrictions, including but not limited to:

- Restriction on Hazardous Substances ("RoHS") Directive
- Packaging and Packing Waste Directive
- REACH Regulation
- Proposition 65
- Hazardous Air Pollutants: Ethylene Oxide

Compliance with existing and future environmental regulations may have an impact on the manufacturing and sterilization of our medical devices. Environmental regulations in the U.S. and EU limit or prohibit the use of certain chemicals, substances and materials in the manufacture of our medical devices such as Prop 65 in California and others in the EU such as REACH, RoHS, and WEEE Directive. With the current global concerns over climate change and the tangible effects human beings are having on the environment, there is no doubt that the amount of environmental legislation is primed to increase still further, with the EU being at the forefront of this movement.

Ethylene oxide ("EtO") is used to sterilize approximately 50% of medical devices in the U.S. While some alternative methods currently exist, potential device incompatibility issues exist with these alternatives. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) classified EtO as a carcinogen after linking it to cases of breast cancer, lymphoma and leukemia. Currently, shortages due to current closures are not expected, but any additional commercial sterilization facility closures could result in shortages for certain devices. Our devices are not currently impacted by these closures, however, it is unknown if the current EtO facilities utilized by Apyx Medical could be impacted in the future.

The FDA is closely monitoring the supply chain effects of closures and potential closures of certain facilities that use EtO to sterilize medical devices prior to their use, and, is concerned about the future availability of sterile medical devices and the potential for medical device shortages that might impact patient care. However, they do not have oversight authority over EtO emissions, which is within the purview of the EPA.

Our operations and those of certain third-party suppliers involve the use of substances subject to these laws and regulations, primarily those used in manufacturing and sterilization processes. If we or our suppliers violate these environmental laws and regulations, facilities could be shut down and violators could be fined, criminally charged or otherwise sanctioned. Furthermore, environmental laws outside of the U.S. are becoming more stringent, resulting in increased costs and compliance burdens. In addition, certain environmental laws assess liability on current or previous owners or operators of real property for the costs of investigation, removal or remediation of hazardous substances or materials at their properties or at properties which they have disposed of hazardous substances. In addition to cleanup actions brought by governmental authorities, private parties could bring personal injury or other claims due to the presence of, or exposure to, hazardous substances. The ultimate cost of site cleanup and timing of future cash outflows is difficult to predict, given the uncertainties regarding the extent of the required cleanup, the interpretation of applicable laws and regulations, and alternative cleanup methods. The costs of complying with current or future environmental protection and health and safety laws and regulations, or liabilities arising from past or future releases of, or exposures to, hazardous substances, may exceed our estimates, or have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

#### Anti-Corruption Regulation

As we grow our international presence and global operations, we will be increasingly exposed to statutes, anti-corruption trade policies, economic sanctions and other restrictions imposed by the United States and other foreign governments and organizations, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or the FCPA, and other federal statutes and regulations, including those established by the Office of Foreign Assets Control, or OFAC. In addition, other foreign statutes, such as the U.K. Bribery Act of 2010, or the Bribery Act, prohibits both domestic and international bribery, as well as bribery across both private and public sectors.

We have implemented policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance by our directors, officers, employees, representatives, consultants and agents with the FCPA, OFAC restrictions, the Bribery Act and other export control, anti-corruption, anti-money-laundering and anti-terrorism laws and regulations, and require training of our employees, management team and our global distributors on an annual basis. However, there can be no assurance that our policies and procedures are or will be sufficient to prevent violations from occurring. Violations of the FCPA, OFAC restrictions, the Bribery Act or other export control, anti-corruption, anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism laws or regulations may result in severe criminal or civil sanctions, and we may be subject to other liabilities, which could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, financial condition, and results of operations.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Business**

We manufacture the majority of our products at our Clearwater, Florida and Sofia, Bulgaria facilities. Components, labor-intensive assemblies and sub-assemblies, and sterilization services are outsourced to third parties and produced to our specifications.

We are also dependent on OEM customers who have no legal obligation to purchase products from us. Should such customers fail to give us purchase orders for products after development, our future business could be negatively affected. Furthermore, no assurance can be given that such customers will give sufficient high priority to our products. Finally, disagreements or disputes may arise between us and our customers, which could adversely affect production and sales of our products.

We have had a history of operating losses that have impacted our overall cash flows and may impact our ability to continue as a going concern. We anticipate that we may need to adjust our operating expenditures to be commensurate with our expected levels of revenue and/or raise additional capital to finance operations.

Due to our recurring net losses and the continued impact of the FDA Safety Communication on demand for the adoption and utilization of our technology, we may need to raise additional capital to fund our future operations. Our cash needs will depend on numerous factors, including our revenues, successful completion of our FDA product clearance activities, our continued ability to commercialize our advanced energy products, and our ability to reduce and control costs. If we are unable to secure such additional financing on terms that are acceptable to us, it will have a material adverse effect on our business, and we may have to limit operations in a manner inconsistent with our growth strategy. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of equity securities, it will be dilutive to our stockholders and could result in a decrease in our stock price. If we are unable to obtain the requisite amount of financing needed to fund our planned operations, it would have a material adverse effect on our business and ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Our indebtedness levels could impact our business.

Our ability to make payments on, and to refinance, our indebtedness will depend on our ability to generate cash from operations or other financings. Our ability to generate cash is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, regulatory, and other factors that are beyond our control. We may not generate sufficient funds to service our debt, meet our required debt covenants, or meet our business needs, such as funding working capital or the expansion of our operations. If we are unable to do so, we may be forced to take disadvantageous actions, including issuing additional shares of our stock, reducing spending on marketing, product development, reducing financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures and general corporate purposes, or dedicating an unsustainable level of our cash flows from operations to the payment of principal and interest on our indebtedness. The creditors who hold our debt could also accelerate amounts due in the event that we trigger a default. Any inability to generate sufficient cash flow or to refinance our indebtedness on favorable terms could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

The aesthetic equipment market is characterized by rapid innovation. To compete effectively, we must develop and/or acquire new products, seek regulatory clearance, ensure adequate product supply, execute successful marketing, and identify new markets for our technology.

Our industry is subject to continuous technological development and product innovation. If we do not continue to innovate and develop new products and applications, our competitive position will likely deteriorate as other companies successfully design and commercialize new products and applications or enhancements to our current products. To grow in the future, we must continue to develop and/or acquire new and innovative aesthetic products and applications, identify new markets, and successfully launch the newly acquired or developed product offerings.

Our research and development activities are an essential component of our efforts to develop new and innovative products. New and improved products play a critical role in our sales growth. We continue to place emphasis on the development of proprietary products, such as our Renuvion®/J-Plasma® technology, and product improvements to complement and expand our existing product lines. We maintain close working relationships with physicians and medical personnel in hospitals and universities who assist in product research and areas of development.

While we expect to continue making future investments to enable us to develop and market new technologies and products to further our strategic objectives and strengthen our existing business. We cannot guarantee that any of our previous or future investments in both facilities will be successful or that our new products will gain market acceptance. This would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

Even if we are successful in developing new, or enhancing our existing products, there are various circumstances that could prevent their successful commercialization.

Our ability to successfully commercialize our products will depend on a number of factors, any of which could delay or prevent commercialization, including:

- our inability to obtain the necessary regulatory clearances or approvals for expanded indications, new products, or product modifications;
- our inability to demonstrate, if required, the safety and efficacy of new products with data from preclinical studies and clinical trials:
- if our product is determined to be ineffective or unsafe following approval, and is removed from the market or we are required to perform additional research and development to further prove the safety and effectiveness of the product before re-entry into the market;
- if the regulatory approvals/clearances of our new products are delayed or denied, or we are required to conduct further research and development of our products prior to receiving regulatory approval;
- our inability to build and maintain a sales and marketing group to successfully launch and sell our new products;
- if we experience sudden or extreme volatility in commodity prices and availability, including supply chain disruptions;
- if we are required to allocate available funds to litigation matters;
- if the needs of our physicians or their patients are not sufficiently met;
- if we are unable to manufacture the quantity of products needed, in accordance with quality manufacturing standards, to meet market demand;
- competition from other products or technologies prevents or reduces market acceptance of our products;
- if we do not have, and cannot obtain, the intellectual property rights needed to manufacture or market our products without infringing on another company's patents; or
- if we are unsuccessful in defending against patent infringement, or other intellectual property rights claims, that could be brought against us, our products or technologies;

The failure to successfully commercialize our products will have a material and adverse effect on the future growth of our

business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we are unable to protect our patents or other proprietary rights, or if we infringe on the patents or other proprietary rights of others, our competitiveness and business prospects may be materially damaged.

We have been issued 40 patents in the United States and 28 foreign patents. We have 22 pending patent applications in the United States and 58 pending foreign applications. Our intellectual property portfolio for our J-Plasma®/Renuvion® products continues to grow on an annual basis. We intend to continue to seek legal protection, primarily through patents, for our proprietary technology. Seeking patent protection is a lengthy and costly process and there can be no assurance that patents will be issued from any pending applications, or that any claims allowed from existing or pending patents will be sufficiently broad or strong to protect our proprietary technology. There is also no guarantee that any patents we hold will not be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, or that the patent rights granted will provide competitive advantages to us. Our competitors have developed, and may continue to develop and obtain, patents for technologies that are similar or superior to our technologies. In addition, the laws of foreign jurisdictions in which we develop, manufacture or sell our products may not protect our intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States.

Adverse outcomes in current or future legal disputes regarding patent and other intellectual property rights could result in the loss of our intellectual property rights, subject us to significant liabilities to third parties, require us to seek licenses from third parties on terms that may not be reasonable or favorable to us, prevent us from manufacturing, importing or selling our products, or compel us to redesign our products to avoid infringing third parties' intellectual property. As a result, our product offerings may be delayed, and we may be unable to meet customers' requirements in a timely manner. Regardless of the merit of any related legal proceeding, we have incurred in the past, and may be required to incur in the future, substantial costs to prosecute, enforce or defend our intellectual property rights. Even in the absence of infringement by our products on third parties' intellectual property rights, or litigation related to trade secrets, we have elected in the past, and may in the future, elect to enter into settlements to avoid the costs and risks of protracted litigation and the diversion of resources and management's attention. If the terms of settlements entered into with certain of our competitors are not observed or enforced, we may suffer further costs and risks. Any of these circumstances could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In addition to patent, copyright, and trademark protection, we also rely on trade secrets, including unpatented know-how, technology and other proprietary information, to maintain our competitive position. We seek to protect our trade secrets, in part, by entering into non-disclosure and confidentiality agreements with parties who have access to them, such as our consultants, vendors, and our former or current employees. Despite these efforts, however, any of these parties may breach those agreements and disclose our trade secrets and other unpatented or unregistered proprietary information, and once disclosed, we are likely to lose trade secret protection. Monitoring unauthorized uses and disclosures of our trade secrets is difficult, and we cannot be certain that the steps we have taken to protect our intellectual property will be effective. In addition, our remedies may not be sufficient to cover our losses.

We have been, and may in the future, become subject to litigation proceedings that could materially and adversely affect our business.

The medical device industry is characterized by frequent claims and litigation, and we are and may become subject to various claims, lawsuits and proceedings in the ordinary course of our business, including claims by current or former employees, distributors and competitors, and with respect to our products and product liability claims, lawsuits and proceedings.

We are involved in a number of legal actions relating to the use of our technology. The outcomes of these legal actions are not within our complete control and may not be known for prolonged periods of time. In the opinion of management, the Company has meritorious defenses, and such claims are adequately covered by insurance, or are not expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a material, adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. However, in the event that damages exceed the aggregate coverage limits of our policy, or if our insurance carriers disclaim coverage, or if we are unable to continue to obtain coverage on commercially reasonable terms, we believe it is possible that costs associated with these claims could have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows (see below ITEM 3: Legal Proceedings).

We rely on certain suppliers, subcontractors, and manufacturers for raw materials and other products and are vulnerable to fluctuations in the availability and price of such products and services.

Fluctuations in the price, availability and quality of the raw materials (including plastics and other petroleum-based materials, along with semi-conductors and precious metals) and subcontracting services we use in our manufacturing could have a negative effect on our cost of sales and our ability to meet the demands of our customers. Inability to meet the demands of our customers could result in the loss of future sales.

In addition, the costs to manufacture our products depend in part on the market prices of the raw materials used to produce them. We may not be able to pass along to our customers all or a portion of our higher costs of raw materials due to competitive and market pressures, which could decrease our earnings and profitability.

We also have collaborative arrangements with three key foreign suppliers under which we request the development of certain items and components, which we purchase pursuant to purchase orders. Our purchase order commitments are never more than one year in duration and are supported by our sales forecasts. The majority of our raw materials are purchased from sole-source suppliers. While we believe we could ultimately procure other sources for these components, should we experience any significant disruptions in this key supply chain, there are no assurances that we could do so in a timely manner which could render us unable to meet the demands of our customers, resulting in a material and adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

Our manufacturing facilities are located in Clearwater, Florida and Sofia, Bulgaria and could be affected due to multiple weather risks, including risks to our Florida facility from hurricanes and similar phenomena.

Our manufacturing facilities are located in Clearwater, Florida and Sofia, Bulgaria and could be affected by multiple weather risks, most notably hurricanes in Clearwater, Florida. Although we carry property and casualty insurance and business interruption insurance, future possible disruptions of operations or damage to property, plant and equipment due to hurricanes or other weather risks could result in impaired production and affect our ability to meet our commitments to our customers and impair important business relationships, the loss of which could adversely affect our operations and profitability. We do, however, maintain a backup power source at our Clearwater facility, are working to establish deeper redundancies between both facilities, and have a disaster recovery plan in place to help mitigate this risk.

#### **Quality Management and Product Liability**

The success of our business depends on the quality of our products, and we have global processes, procedures and programs that are intended to help us maintain the highest possible level of quality. We operate in an industry susceptible to significant product liability claims; these claims may be brought by individuals seeking relief on their own behalf or purporting to represent a class.

Quality problems and product liability claims could lead to recalls or safety alerts, reputational harm, adverse verdicts or costly settlements, and could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Quality is extremely important to us and our customers due to the impact on patients, and the serious and potentially costly consequences of product failure. Our business exposes us to potential product liability risks that are inherent in the design, manufacture, and marketing of medical devices. If they were to occur, component failures, manufacturing nonconformances, design defects, off-label use, or inadequate disclosure of product-related risks or product related information, could result in an unsafe condition, injury to, or even death of, a patient. These problems could lead to recall or issuance of safety notices relating to our products and could result in product liability claims and lawsuits, including class actions. Further, we may be exposed to unpredictable or accelerated changes in demand for certain of our products in connection with COVID-19, and its related impacts could impact production of products that could increase the risk of regulatory enforcement actions, product defects or related claims, as well as adversely impact our customer relationships and reputation.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Industry**

The energy-based medical device industry in the aesthetics market is highly competitive and we may be unable to compete effectively.

The energy-based medical device industry for the aesthetics market is highly competitive. Many competitors in this industry are well-established, do a substantially greater amount of business, and have greater financial resources and facilities than we do.

We have invested and continue to invest, substantial resources to develop and monetize our Renuvion® technology into the cosmetic surgery market. We believe we must continue to innovate and develop new applications for our products and obtain new indications for use in order to differentiate ourselves and stay competitive. If we are unable to gain acceptance of our technology in the marketplace, or obtain new indications for use, our business and results of operations and cash flows may be materially and adversely affected.

Part of our strategy depends on developing strong working relationships with key plastic surgeons, cosmetic physicians and other healthcare professionals. The guidance we get from these relationships is important from both a commercialization strategy and product development standpoint. Without establishing and maintaining these relationships globally, the development and commercialization of our products could suffer which could have a material adverse impact on our business.

If there is not sufficient consumer demand for the procedures performed with our products, surgeon demand for our products could be inhibited, resulting in unfavorable operating results and reduced growth potential.

Continued expansion of the global market for aesthetic procedures is a material assumption of our business strategy. The procedures performed using our products are elective procedures not reimbursable through government or private health insurance, with the costs borne by the patient. The decision to utilize our products may therefore be influenced by a number of factors, including:

- consumer disposable income and access to consumer credit, which as a result of an unstable economy, may be significantly impacted;
  - the cost, safety and effectiveness of alternative treatments;
  - the success of our direct to consumer sales and marketing efforts; and
- the education of our customers and their patients on the benefits and uses of our products, compared to competitors' products and technologies.

If, as a result of these factors, there is not sufficient demand for the procedures performed with our products, customer demand could be reduced, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, revenue and result of operations.

#### Risks Relating to Our Stock

The market price of our stock has been and may continue to be highly volatile.

Our common stock is listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC under the ticker symbol "APYX". The market price of our stock has been, and may continue to be, highly volatile and announcements by us or by third parties may have a significant impact on our stock price. These announcements may include:

- our listing status on the The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC;
- our operating results falling below the expectations of public market analysts and investors;
- developments in our relationships with or developments affecting our major customers;
- negative regulatory action or regulatory non-approval with respect to our new products;
- government regulation, governmental investigations, or audits related to us or to our products;
- developments related to our patents or other proprietary rights or those of our competitors and
- changes in the position of securities analysts with respect to our stock.

The stock market has from time-to-time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations, which have particularly affected the market prices for the medical technology sector companies, and which have often been unrelated to their operating performance. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. In addition, future sales by our security holders may lower the price of our common stock, which could result in losses to our stockholders.

We have no present intention to pay dividends on our common stock and, even if we change that policy, we may be unable to pay dividends on it.

We currently do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, and we are subject to restrictions on our ability to pay dividends pursuant to our credit agreement executed in February 2023. We currently intend to

retain future earnings, if any, to finance operations and invest in our business. Any declaration and payment of future dividends to holders of our common stock will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on many factors, including our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements, level of indebtedness, statutory and contractual restrictions applying to the payment of dividends, and other considerations that our board of directors deems relevant.

If we change that policy and commence paying dividends, we will not be obligated to continue paying those dividends, and our stockholders will not be guaranteed, or have contractual or other rights, to receive dividends. If we commence paying dividends in the future, our board of directors may decide, at its discretion, at any time, to decrease the number of dividends, otherwise modify or repeal the dividend policy or discontinue entirely the payment of dividends. Under Delaware law, our board of directors may not authorize the payment of a dividend unless it is paid out of our statutory surplus.

Issuance of equity through our shelf registration, as well as the exercise of options issued by us will dilute the ownership interest of existing stockholders.

As of December 31, 2022, our outstanding stock options to our employees, officers, directors and consultants amounted to 6,520,444 shares of our common stock, representing approximately 18.8% of our outstanding common stock.

The issuance of additional equity through our shelf registration or through the exercise of some or all of our stock options will dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders. Any sales in the public market of the common stock issuable upon such conversion or exercise could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock.

#### **General Risks**

#### We may, in the future, identify deficiencies in internal controls over financial reporting.

While we have concluded that, as of December 31, 2022, our disclosure and reporting controls were effective as included in Part II, Item 9A of this Form 10-K, there can be no assurance that future control deficiencies or material weaknesses will not be identified. If we do identify additional material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting in the future, our ability to analyze, record and report financial information free of material misstatements, and to prepare our financial statements within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the SEC, may likely be adversely affected.

We rely on our management team and other key personnel, and we may lose key personnel or fail to attract, train, and retain other talented personnel.

We depend on the skills, working relationships, and continued services of key personnel, including our experienced management team. In addition, our ability to achieve our strategic operating objectives depends on our ability to identify, hire, train, and retain qualified individuals throughout the organization. We compete with other companies both within and outside of our industry for talented personnel, and we may lose key personnel or fail to attract, train, develop, and retain other talented personnel. Any such loss or failure could adversely affect our sales, operating results, and financial condition.

We are at risk of being the victim of a cyber-attack or a security breach that may expose confidential customer, product and Company data or compromise our internal IT infrastructure. This could lead to liabilities resulting from failure to comply with US and foreign data security and privacy regulations and negative impacts to our business operations.

We store in our computer systems and network various elements of data and information related to our customers, products and company that could be compromised as the result of a cyber-attack or security breach. If an individual or group of individuals, including a Company employee, were to compromise confidential information, or if customer confidential information is inappropriately disclosed due to a security breach of our computer systems, system failures or otherwise, we may face substantial liabilities or incur penalties in connection with any violation of applicable privacy laws or regulations. We also rely heavily on our internal systems, network and data. To date, we have not had any breaches against our systems and network, and we obtain cyber security insurance coverage on an annual basis. However, our inability to properly scale IT security levels as our business grows, or any future attacks on our IT infrastructure could have a significant impact on our daily manufacturing and customer service functions which could result in a material adverse impact on our financial results, potentially in excess of our current coverage limits.

Our business is dependent on the security of our IT networks and those of our customers. Internal or external attacks on any of those could disrupt the normal operations of our engagements and impede our ability to provide critical services to our customers, thereby subjecting us to liability under our contracts. Additionally, our business involves the use, storage and transmission of information about our employees, our customers and clients of our customers. While we take measures to protect the security of, and unauthorized access to, our systems, as well as the privacy of personal and proprietary information, it is possible that our security controls over our systems, as well as other security practices we follow or those systems of our customers into which we operate and rely upon, may not prevent the improper access to or disclosure of personally identifiable or proprietary information. Such disclosure could harm our reputation and subject us to liability under our contracts and laws that protect personal data, resulting in increased costs or loss of revenue.

Data privacy is subject to frequently changing rules and regulations, which sometimes conflict among the various jurisdictions and countries in which we operate and continue to develop in ways which we cannot predict. We are subject to U.S. federal and state laws regarding data privacy and security including Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, or FTC Act. We are also subject to foreign data privacy and security laws, including the Global Data Protection Regulation, or GDPR, the European Union-wide legal framework to govern data collection, use and sharing and related consumer privacy rights. The GDPR includes significant penalties for non-compliance. Our failure to adhere to, or successfully implement processes in response to, changing regulatory requirements in this area could result in legal liability or impairment to our reputation in the marketplace, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Adverse global and regional economic conditions could materially adversely affect the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Adverse macroeconomic conditions, including inflation, slower growth or recession, new or increased tariffs and other barriers to trade, changes to fiscal and monetary policy, tighter credit, higher interest rates, high unemployment and currency fluctuations can adversely impact consumer confidence and spending and materially adversely affect demand for the Company's products and services. In addition, uncertainty about, or a decline in, global or regional economic conditions could have a significant impact on the Company's suppliers, contract manufacturers, freight carriers, and distributors, resulting in delayed or limited availability of components, higher component costs, and higher freight costs. These and other economic factors could materially adversely affect the Company's business, results of operations, financial condition and stock price.

The Company's business can be impacted by political events, trade and other international disputes, war, terrorism, natural disasters, public health issues, industrial accidents and other business interruptions.

Political events, trade and other international disputes, war, terrorism, natural disasters, public health issues, industrial accidents and other business interruptions can harm or disrupt international commerce and the global economy, and could have a material adverse effect on the Company and its customers, suppliers, contract manufacturers, freight carriers, and distributors.

Changes in U.S. trade policies could significantly increase the cost of imported goods into the United States, which may materially reduce our sales or profitability.

Changes in U.S. trade policy could trigger retaliatory actions by affected countries, resulting in "trade wars," in increased costs for goods imported into the United States, which may reduce customer demand for these products if the parties having to pay those tariffs increase their prices, or in trading partners limiting their trade with the United States. If these consequences are realized, the volume of economic activity in the United States, may be materially reduced. Such a reduction may materially and adversely affect our sales volumes. Further, the realization of these matters may increase our cost of goods and, if those costs cannot be passed on to our customers, our business and profits may be materially and adversely affected.

#### ITEM 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None

#### **ITEM 2. Properties**

We currently own and maintain an approximately 60,000 square foot facility which consists of office, warehousing, manufacturing and research space located at 5115 Ulmerton Rd., Clearwater, Florida.

Apyx Bulgaria EOOD leases approximately 27,000 square feet of office, warehousing and manufacturing facilities located in Sofia, Bulgaria.

#### **ITEM 3. Legal Proceedings**

See Note 17 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

#### **ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not Applicable.

#### **PART II**

### ITEM 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock currently is traded on the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC. As of March 15, 2023, we had approximately 600 stockholders of record. Since many stockholders choose to hold their shares under the name of their brokerage firm, we estimate that the actual number of stockholders was over 3,500 stockholders.

#### Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (a)	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b)	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	6,460,444	\$ 7.15	1,815,848
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (1)	60,000	\$ 4.18	
Total	6,520,444	\$ 7.12	1,815,848

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents inducement grants for new hires

#### **Dividend Policy**

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we currently do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. We currently expect to retain any future earnings to fund the operation and expansion of our business.

#### **Five Year Performance Graph**

The following line graph compares the cumulative total return of our common shares with the cumulative total return of the Russell 2000 Stock Index and the Russell 3000 Stock Index. The line graph assumes, in each case, an initial investment of \$100 on December 31, 2018, based on the market prices at the end of each fiscal year through and including December 31, 2022, and reinvestment of dividends.



		I	December 31,		
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Apyx Medical Corporation	100.00	130.56	111.11	197.84	36.11
Russell 2000 Index	100.00	123.72	146.44	166.49	130.6
Russell 3000 Index	100.00	128.54	152.01	189.4	150.61

ITEM 6. Reserved

#### ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere in this report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors discussed in this report and those discussed in other documents we file with the SEC. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements represent beliefs and assumptions as of the date of this report. While we may elect to update forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we specifically disclaim any obligation to do so, even if our estimates change. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

#### Executive Level Overview

We are an advanced energy technology company with a passion for elevating people's lives through innovative products, including our Helium Plasma Technology products marketed and sold as Renuvion® in the cosmetic surgery market and J-Plasma® in the hospital surgical market. Renuvion® and J-Plasma® offer surgeons a unique ability to provide controlled heat to tissue to achieve their desired results. We also leverage our deep expertise and decades of experience in unique waveforms through OEM agreements with other medical device manufacturers.

On March 14, 2022, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") posted a Safety Communication that warns consumers and health care providers against the use of our Advanced Energy products outside of their FDA-cleared indications for general use in cutting, coagulation, and ablation of soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. Following the Safety Communication, we experienced slowed demand for the adoption of our Helium Plasma Technology.

On May 26, 2022, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion Dermal Handpiece for specific dermal resurfacing procedures. On July 18, 2022, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion® APR Handpiece for certain skin contraction procedures.

On June 2, 2022, and July 21, 2022, the FDA updated the Medical Device Safety Communication to recognize the new 510(k) clearances for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece, and the expanded indications for the Renuvion® APR handpieces. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece allows surgeons to perform dermal resurfacing procedures for the treatment of moderate to severe wrinkles and rhytides, limited to patients with Fitzpatrick Skin Types I, II or III. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® APR handpieces now addresses improving the appearance of lax (loose) skin in the neck and submental region.

On February 1, 2023, we announced we had submitted a 510(k) premarket notification ("510(k) submission") for the Renuvion APR Handpiece to the FDA, supported by a clinical study and real-world evidence. The 510(k) submission is intended to expand Renuvion's indications for use to include a specific indication for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the coagulation of subcutaneous soft tissues where needed, following liposuction.

On February 27, 2023, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the delivery of radiofrequency energy and/or helium plasma where coagulation/contraction of soft tissue is needed. Soft tissue includes subcutaneous tissue.

While we expected that receiving these clearances would materially mitigate the financial effects of the Safety Communication in future periods, we continue to experience reduced demand for the adoption and utilization of our technology and we believe that this may have an adverse effect in future periods.

As part of our plan to accelerate and fully fund the development of our advanced energy business, with a focus in the cosmetic surgery market, we sold our Core business in 2018 for gross proceeds of \$97 million. These proceeds were used to launch broad marketing and sales initiatives which resulted in rapid sales growth through December 31, 2021 and into the first quarter of 2022. This planned growth in the business was accompanied by scaled operations, including procurement of components, expanded manufacturing capacity to turn those materials into saleable inventory, additional discretionary expenditures, including increased global participation at trade shows, additional employee trainings, user meetings, increased travel and entertainment expenses, more expansive research and development projects, and additional headcount to support those activities. Additionally, we had and still have, some significant non-recurring discretionary expenditures associated with completing our multi-year marketing initiatives related to our dermal resurfacing and skin laxity clearances.

While sales were continuing to grow into the first quarter of 2022 prior to the FDA Safety Communication, over the last few

years, exclusive of our sale of the Core business segment to Symmetry Surgical during 2018, we have incurred recurring net losses and cash outflows from operations and we anticipate that losses will continue in the near term. For the year ended December 31, 2022, we incurred an operating loss of \$23.6 million and used \$20.3 million of cash in operations. As of December 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$10.2 million. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

In an effort to alleviate these conditions, we pursued various funding solutions in order to improve liquidity.

On November 22, 2022, the we filed a shelf registration statement providing us the ability to register securities in the aggregate amount up to \$100 million. The shelf registration included an embedded ATM facility for up to \$40 million. To date we have not utilized this facility.

On February 17, 2023, we entered into a Credit, Security and Guaranty Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with MidCap Funding IV Trust (as agent), and MidCap Financial Trust (as term loan servicer), and the lenders party thereto from time to time.

The Credit Agreement provides for an up to \$35 million facility, consisting of senior secured term loans and a secured revolving facility. The Credit Agreement provides for senior secured term loans of up to \$25 million, comprised of (i) an initial tranche of \$10 million, (ii) a second tranche of \$5 million, and (iii) a third tranche of \$10 million. The secured revolving facility provides for loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10 million, subject to a borrowing base equal to certain percentages of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory, as determined in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Credit Agreement see Note 20 in Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

On February 27, 2023, our Board of Directors approved a plan to sell and leaseback the our real property located in Clearwater, FL. On March 14, 2023, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with VK Acquisitions VI, LLC (the "Purchaser"), for the sale of our facility located at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, Florida, as more fully described in the Purchase Agreement (collectively, the "Property") for a purchase price of \$7,650,000. The Purchase Agreement is subject to the satisfactory completion of due diligence by the Purchaser. Upon the closing of the sale of the Property, we will enter into a lease agreement with the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Property will be leased back to us.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Purchase Agreement see Note 20 in Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

During January 2023, we were notified that the IRS examination process of our 2018, 2019 and 2020 tax returns was complete and that the Company's tax refunds were approved for substantially the amount recorded in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2022. As of the date of this report, we are awaiting receipt of the tax refunds.

We also continue to re-assess our operating expenditures and cost structure to be commensurate with our expected levels of revenue and we have the ability to reduce or delay expenditures to enhance and preserve liquidity. We have already reduced some operating expenditures, including a reduction-in-force on January 9, 2023, that reduced our U.S. headcount by 14%.

We believe that the actions already taken, and additional actions that we intend to take to manage operating expenditures, will enable us to meet our obligations for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of our audited consolidated financial statements. As a result, we believe our plans alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our audited financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### Impact of COVID-19, Supply Chain Disruptions and Other Matters

The impact of the COVID-19 outbreak has subsided substantially in the U.S. but continues to result in reduced activity levels outside of the U.S., such as continued restrictions on travel and business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit or forego their time outside of their homes or places of business.

In response to the global supply chain instability and inflationary cost increases, we continue to take action to minimize, as much as possible, any potential adverse impacts by working closely with our suppliers to closely monitor the availability of raw

material components (i.e., semiconductors and plastics), lead times, and freight carrier availability. We expect global supply chain instability will continue to have an impact on our business, but to date that has not been material to our financial performance. The consequences of global supply chain instability, inflationary cost increases and the pandemic, and their adverse impact to the global economy, continue to evolve. Accordingly, the significance of the future impact to our business and financial statements remains subject to significant uncertainty.

During 2022, we hosted over 30 Physician Mentor Programs, or "PMPs," and our efforts to expand our presence and educational programming at industry conferences and trade shows proceeded as expected. In April 2022, we hosted our first inperson Users' Meeting and had over 200 people in attendance. This program consisted of presentations from key Renuvion® users around the world on various applications for the product. All of the content was recorded and made available on our website portal for reference by all of our users around the world.

Our continued virtual educational events have also included case studies to illustrate how our leading clinician customers have adopted Renuvion®, their strategies for marketing and selling to new patients, and their thoughts on pricing and return on investment. We also engaged with clinician customers outside the U.S. including hosting multiple continuing education training sessions on Renuvion® with our current international distributors and conducting multiple calls with groups of international prospects interested in learning about our Renuvion® technology.

During 2022, we continued to drive sales in our Advanced Energy business by increasing the adoption and utilization of our handpieces in the U.S. cosmetic surgery market and fulfilling demand from distributors in our international markets. Management estimates that our products have been sold in more than 60 countries. As of December 31, 2022, we had a direct sales force of 35 field-based selling professionals and utilized 3 independent sales agencies. We also had 4 sales managers. This selling organization is focused on the use of Renuvion® and J-Plasma® in the cosmetic and hospital surgical markets, supported by our global medical affairs team. This global team of clinical support specialists focuses on supporting our users to ensure optimal outcomes for their patients. In addition, we have invested in training programs and marketing-related activities to support accelerated adoption of Renuvion® into surgeons' practices.

We believe that our continued investment and focus on the following strategic initiatives in 2022 and beyond will position the Company for long-term growth in the cosmetic surgery market:

- To formalize our regulatory strategy to pursue specific clinical indications that will enable us to sell our Renuvion® products for targeted procedures
- To secure new clinical evidence demonstrating the safety and efficacy of our Helium Plasma Technology
- To provide enhanced physician and practice support for our cosmetic surgery customers
- · To improve our manufacturing capabilities and efficiencies

In regards to our operating segments, our results are aggregated into reportable segments only if they exhibit similar economic characteristics. In addition to similar economic characteristics, we also consider the following factors in determining the reportable segments: the nature of business activities, the management structure directly accountable to our chief operating decision maker for operating and administrative activities, availability of discrete financial information, and information presented to the Board of Directors and investors. Asset information is not reviewed by the chief operating decision maker by segment and is not available by segment and, accordingly, we have not presented a measure of assets by reportable segment.

Our reportable segments are disclosed as principally organized and managed as two operating segments: Advanced Energy and OEM. "Corporate & Other" includes certain unallocated corporate and administrative costs which are not specifically attributed to any reportable segment. The OEM segment is primarily development and manufacturing contract and product driven, and all related expenses are recorded as cost of sales, therefore no segment specific operating expenses are incurred.

We strongly encourage investors to visit our website: <a href="www.apyxmedical.com">www.apyxmedical.com</a> to view the most current news and to review our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### **Results of Operations**

Sales

	 Year Decem			
(In thousands)	2022		2021	Change
Sales by Reportable Segment				
Advanced Energy	\$ 36,803	\$	42,985	(14.4)%
OEM	7,707		5,532	39.3 %
Total	\$ 44,510	\$	48,517	(8.3)%
Sales by Domestic and International				
Domestic	\$ 31,208	\$	32,980	(5.4)%
International	13,302		15,537	(14.4)%
Total	\$ 44,510	\$	48,517	(8.3)%
		_		

Total revenue decreased by 8.3% or approximately \$4.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 when compared with 2021. Advanced Energy segment sales decreased 14.4% or approximately \$6.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 when compared with 2021. The Advanced Energy sales decrease is due to global decreases in utilization based demand for our handpieces and the adoption of our generator technology following the FDA Safety Communication on March 14, 2022. The Advanced Energy sales decrease was partially offset by an increase in global utilization based demand for our handpieces and adoption of our generator technology in international markets for most of the first quarter before the FDA Safety Communication.

The OEM product line consists of proprietary products designed specifically for third party equipment manufacturers. Revenue for this product line increased 39.3%, or approximately \$2.2 million, when compared to 2021. The increase in OEM sales was due to increases in sales volume to existing customers, including Symmetry Surgical, under our 10-year generator manufacturing and supply agreement, as well as incremental new sales upon the commencement of the supply arrangement related to the completion of the development portion of some of our OEM development agreements.

International sales represented approximately 29.9% and 32.0% of total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Management estimates our products have been sold in more than 60 countries through local dealers coordinated by sales and marketing personnel through our facilities in Clearwater, Florida and Sofia, Bulgaria.

Gross Profit

Year Ended December 31,		_	
(In thousands)	2022 2021	Change	
Cost of sales	\$ 15,379 \$ 14,916	3.1 %	
Percentage of sales	34.6 % 30.7 %		
Gross profit	\$ 29,131 \$ 33,601	(13.3)%	
Percentage of sales	65.4 % 69.3 %		

Our gross profit margin as a percentage of sales decreased by 3.8% during the year ended December 31, 2022 compared with 2021. The decrease in gross profit margins for the year ended December 31, 2022 from the prior year is primarily attributable to changes in the sales mix between our two segments, with our OEM segment comprising a higher percentage of total sales, product mix within our Advanced Energy Segment and higher material and inbound shipping costs to manufacture our inventory. These decreases were partially offset by geographic mix within our Advanced Energy segment, with domestic sales comprising a higher percentage of total sales and the mix of newer product models as we obtain registrations, allowing these products to be introduced into the markets we serve.

Other Costs and Expenses

Research and development

		Year Ended December 31,			
(In thousands)	2022		2021	Change	
Research and development	\$ 4,54	4 \$	4,321	5.2 %	
Percentage of sales	10.	2 %	8.9 %		

Our expenditures for research and development related activities increased by 5.2% or approximately \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared with 2021. This increase was primarily due to increases in payroll and related benefits of R&D personnel (\$0.3 million) partially offset by lower spending on our two investigational device exemption (IDE) clinical studies and other product development initiatives (\$0.1 million).

Professional services

		Year Ended December 31,		
(In thousands)	2022		2021	Change
Professional services	\$ 9,044	\$	7,589	19.2 %
Percentage of sales	20.3	%	15.6 %	

Professional services expenses increased 19.2%, or approximately \$1.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared with 2021. This increase was primarily attributable to increases in legal expenses (\$0.4 million), primarily associated with the estimated loss recorded for the class action lawsuit, Board of Directors option expense (\$0.4 million), marketing consulting expense (\$0.3 million), accounting and auditing fees (\$0.2 million), physician consulting fees (\$0.2 million), and employee recruitment expense (\$0.2 million). These increases were partially offset by a decrease in stock compensation expense for our partner physicians (\$0.2 million).

Salaries and related costs

	Year Ended December 31,	
(In thousands)	2022 2021	_ Change
Salaries and related costs	\$ 18,621 \$ 17,522	6.3 %
Percentage of sales	41.8 % 36.1 9	V <sub>0</sub>

Salaries and related expenses increased 6.3% or approximately \$1.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared to 2021. The increase was primarily driven by higher compensation and benefits (\$1.7 million) and stock compensation expense (\$1.2 million) as compared to the same period in the prior year. These increases are partially offset by a decrease in bonus expense (\$1.8 million) as we determined we did not meet our 2022 bonus objectives, and accordingly, we have recorded no annual bonus expense in 2022.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

		Year Ended December 31,		
(In thousands)	2022	2021	Change	
Selling, general and administrative	\$ 20,484	\$ 18,617	10.0 %	
Percentage of sales	46.0 %	38.4 %		

Selling, general and administrative expense increased by 10.0% or approximately \$1.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared with 2021. The change is primarily driven by higher insurance expense, including product liability claims on our policies (\$1.9 million), travel and entertainment expense (\$1.1 million), advertising expense, including trade show fees and related costs (\$1.0 million), employee training and other meeting expenses (\$0.7 million), bad debt expense (\$0.2 million), and other public company related costs (\$0.1 million). These increases were partially offset by decreases in commissions on Advanced Energy sales (\$2.5 million), OEM product recall costs (\$0.2 million) as we experienced no product recalls in 2022, lower technology costs (\$0.2 million) and lower regulatory registration expenses (\$0.2 million).

Interest Income

		Year Ended December 31,				
(In thousands)	2022		2021			
Interest income	\$ 157	\$	11			
Percentage of sales	0.4	· %	— %			

Interest income increased approximately \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared with 2021. This increase is due to higher yields on our investments in money market funds and U.S. Treasury securities included in cash and cash equivalents.

Other (Loss) Income, net

(In thousands)		Year Ended December 31,				
		2022	2021			
Other income (losses), net	\$	509	\$	(373)		
Percentage of sales		1.1 %		(0.8)%		

Other income (losses), net increased 236.5% for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared with 2021. This increase was primarily attributable to the release of a portion of our joint and several payroll liability due to the lapse of the statute of limitations on a portion of the liability (\$0.6 million) and the wind down of the supply arrangement with Symmetry in the Core business segment (\$0.3 million).

Income Taxes

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
(In thousands)	2022		2021	Change
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 367	\$	380	(3.4)%
Effective tax rate	(1.6)	%	(2.6)%	

Income tax expense was approximately \$0.4 million, with effective tax rates of (1.6)% and (2.6)%, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. For each of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the effective tax rate differs from the statutory rate primarily due to the valuation allowance on our Federal and State net operating losses (NOLs) combined with interest and penalties on our uncertain tax positions.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At December 31, 2022, we had approximately \$10.2 million in cash and cash equivalents as compared to approximately \$30.9 million in cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2021. Our working capital at December 31, 2022 was approximately \$31.1 million compared with \$47.5 million at December 31, 2021. The decrease in working capital at December 31, 2022 was primarily due to the net loss incurred by the Company in 2022 following the Safety Communication on March 14, 2022, excluding non-cash activity, comprised primarily of stock-based compensation expense. Following the Safety Communication we had cash outflows of \$5.6 million related to growth in inventory due to existing non-cancellable purchase orders when the Safety Communication was issued and management's decision to continue to build inventory with these materials through the uncertainty. The lower sales as a result of the Safety Communication also resulted in operating cash inflows of \$1.9 million related to lower accounts receivable balances on the lower sales.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, net cash used in operating activities was approximately \$20.3 million, which principally funded our loss from operations of \$23.6 million, compared with net cash used in operating activities of approximately \$10.4 million in 2021. As discussed in the Executive Level Overview, our operating loss, cash used in operations and current cash and cash equivalents balance of \$10.2 million raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of our consolidated financial statements.

In an effort to alleviate these conditions, we pursued various funding solutions in order to improve liquidity.

On November 22, 2022, the we filed a shelf registration statement providing us the ability to register securities in the aggregate amount up to \$100 million. The shelf registration included an embedded ATM facility for up to \$40 million. To date we have not utilized this facility.

On February 17, 2023, we entered into a Credit, Security and Guaranty Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with MidCap Funding IV Trust (as agent), and MidCap Financial Trust (as term loan servicer), and the lenders party thereto from time to time.

The Credit Agreement provides for an up to \$35 million facility, consisting of senior secured term loans and a secured revolving facility. The Credit Agreement provides for senior secured term loans of up to \$25 million, comprised of (i) an initial tranche of \$10 million, (ii) a second tranche of \$5 million, and (iii) a third tranche of \$10 million. The secured revolving facility provides for loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10 million, subject to a borrowing base equal to certain percentages of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory, as determined in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Credit agreement see Note 20 in Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Credit Agreement see Note 20 in Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

On February 27, 2023, our Board of Directors approved a plan to sell and leaseback the our real property located in Clearwater, FL. On March 14, 2023, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with VK Acquisitions VI,

LLC (the "Purchaser"), for the sale of our facility located at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, Florida, as more fully described in the Purchase Agreement (collectively, the "Property") for a purchase price of \$7,650,000. The Purchase Agreement is subject to the satisfactory completion of due diligence by the Purchaser. Upon the closing of the sale of the Property, we will enter into a lease agreement with the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Property will be leased back to us.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Purchase Agreement see Note 20 in Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K.

During January 2023, we were notified that the IRS examination process of our 2018, 2019 and 2020 tax returns was complete and that the Company's tax refunds were approved for substantially the amount recorded in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2022. As of the date of this report, we are awaiting receipt of the tax refunds.

We also continue to re-assess our operating expenditures and cost structure to be commensurate with our expected levels of revenue and we have the ability to reduce or delay expenditures to enhance and preserve liquidity. We have already reduced some operating expenditures, including a reduction-in-force on January 9, 2023, that reduced our U.S. headcount by 14%.

We believe that the actions already taken, and additional actions that we intend to take to manage operating expenditures, will enable us to meet our obligations for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of our audited consolidated financial statements. As a result, we believe our plans alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our audited financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

Net cash used in investing activities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were \$1.0 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, related to purchases of property and equipment.

At December 31, 2022, we had purchase commitments for inventories totaling approximately \$4.1 million, all of which is expected to be purchased by the end of 2023.

### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

In preparing the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), we have adopted various accounting policies. Our most significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Our estimates and assumptions, including those related to inventories, legal proceedings, research and development, warranty obligations, product liability, sales returns and discounts, stock-based compensation and income taxes are updated as appropriate, which in most cases is at least quarterly. We base our estimates on historical experience, or various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and the results form the basis for making judgments about the reported values of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates.

Estimates are considered to be critical if they meet both of the following criteria: (1) the estimate requires assumptions about material matters that are uncertain at the time the accounting estimates are made and (2) other materially different estimates could have been reasonably made or material changes in the estimates are reasonably likely to occur from period to period. Our critical accounting estimates include the following:

#### **Stock-Based Compensation**

Under our stock option plans, options to purchase common shares of the Company may be granted to employees, officers and directors of the Company by the Board of Directors. We account for stock options in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718-10, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, with compensation expense recognized over the vesting period. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes model, which includes a number of estimates that affect the amount of our expense. We have determined that the most critical of these estimates are the estimates of expected life and volatility used in the calculations.

Expected life

For employee stock-based compensation awards, we estimate the expected life of awards utilizing the SEC's simplified method. We utilize this method, as we have not historically granted stock-based compensation awards to employees in sufficient volumes to determine a reasonable estimate of the life of awards. For awards granted to non-employees, we calculate expected life using a combination of past exercise behavior, the contractual term and expected remaining exercise behavior.

### **Volatility**

We determine the volatility by utilizing the historical volatility of our stock over the period of the awards expected life. The SEC allows us to include periods in excess of the useful life if we determine that they provide a more reasonable basis for the volatility of our stock. Additionally, ASC 718-10 allows us to exclude periods from the volatility if they pertain to events or circumstances that in our judgment are specific to us and if the event or transaction is not reasonably expected to occur again during the expected term of the awards. We have not included any additional periods, nor disregarded any periods, in calculating our volatility.

### **Accounts Receivable Allowance**

We maintain a reserve for uncollectible accounts receivable. When evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts, we analyze specific unremitted customer balances for known collectability issues, review historical bad debt experience, customer credit worthiness and economic trends, and we make estimates in connection with establishing the allowance for doubtful accounts, including the future impacts of current trends. Changes in estimates are reflected in the period they are made. If the financial condition of our customers deteriorates, resulting in an inability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

### **Inventory Obsolescence Allowance**

We maintain a reserve for excess and obsolete inventory resulting from the potential inability to sell our products at prices in excess of current carrying costs. The markets in which we operate are highly competitive, with new products and surgical procedures introduced on an ongoing basis. Such marketplace changes may cause our products to become obsolete. We make estimates regarding the future recoverability of the costs of these products and record a provision for excess and obsolete inventories based on historical experience and expected future trends. If actual product life cycles, product demand or acceptance of new product introductions are less favorable than projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required, which would unfavorably affect future operating results.

### **Litigation Contingencies**

In accordance with authoritative guidance, we record a liability in our consolidated financial statements for these actions when a loss is known or considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If the reasonable estimate of a known or probable loss is a range, and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount of the range is accrued. If a loss is reasonably possible, but not known or probable, and can be reasonably estimated, the estimated loss or range of loss is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. In most cases, significant judgment is required to estimate the amount and timing of a loss to be recorded; actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### **Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes includes federal, foreign, state and local income taxes currently payable and those deferred because of temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are computed based on the difference between the financial statement and income tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted marginal tax rates. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will not be realized. Deferred income tax expenses or credits are based on the changes in the asset or liability from period to period.

As a result of historical losses and our expectation to continue to generate losses in the near future, we recorded a valuation allowance on our net deferred tax assets. Exclusive of the carryback provisions of the CARES Act and the associated income tax benefit recognized in 2020, we do not anticipate recording an income tax benefit related to our deferred tax assets. We will reassess the realization of deferred tax assets each reporting period and will be able to reduce the valuation allowance to the extent our results of operations improve, and it becomes more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized. As

Management has not fully determined the timing of when it will generate taxable income in the U.S., we continued to record a valuation allowance on the net deferred tax assets balance as of December 31, 2022.

We assess the financial statement impact of an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken on an income tax return at the largest amount that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon audit by the relevant taxing authority. An uncertain income tax position will not be recognized in the financial statements unless it is more likely than not of being sustained based on the technical merit of the position.

#### Inflation

The consequences of the pandemic, global supply chain instability and inflationary cost increases and their adverse impact to the global economy, continue to evolve. Accordingly, the significance of the future impact to our business and financial statements remains subject to significant uncertainty. Inflation has not, to date, materially impacted our operations or financial performance. However, as these trends continue for raw materials, freight, and labor costs, our future financial performance could be adversely impacted.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements at this time.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

### ITEM 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Not required.

### APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION

### ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

### INDEX TO FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID: 49)	37
Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2022 and 2021	39
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	40
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	41
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	42
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	43

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Stockholders and the Board of Directors Apyx Medical Corporation

#### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Apyx Medical Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### **Critical Audit Matter**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

### **Going Concern**

As described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company disclosed certain adverse conditions that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements. The Company further disclosed certain plans identified by management, which involve the use of significant judgment, that management believes it can implement that alleviate the conditions that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

We identified the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as a critical audit matter because of certain significant assumptions management made in concluding management's plans alleviate the conditions that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, including the reasonableness of the assumptions underlying management's cash flow forecast for a period of one year from the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements. Auditing management's assumptions involved a high degree of auditor judgment and an increase in audit effort, including the use of an internal specialist, due to the impact these assumptions have on the conclusion that management's plans alleviate the conditions that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our audit procedures related to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern included the following, among others:

- a. We obtained management's going concern assessment and evaluated the reasonableness of the conclusion that management's plans alleviate the conditions that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern by considering both the likelihood that management could implement its plans and how the implementation of those plans impacted the identified adverse conditions.
- b. We evaluated management's cash flow forecast by performing the following procedures, among others:
  - i. We evaluated the reasonableness of the forecasted nature, amount and timing of operating expenditures expected to be reduced or delayed over the course of a year from the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements based on our understanding of the Company's operations, cost structure, historical expenditures and actions taken to date by management.
  - ii. We evaluated the Company's ability to comply with its debt covenants under the Company's new credit agreement, which was executed in February 2023.
  - iii. We obtained and read correspondence between the Internal Revenue Service and the Company evidencing approval of the amount of the Company's income tax receivable.
  - iv. We obtained and read the purchase and sale agreement between the Company and a third party for the sale and leaseback of the Company's building.
  - v. We considered the Company's current shelf registration and the embedded at-the-market facility by evaluating management's intent and ability to execute on a public offering.
- a. With the assistance of an internal specialist, we evaluated the accuracy and completeness of the Company's financial statement disclosure and their compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ RSM US LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2020.

Orlando, Florida March 16, 2023

## APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	December 31, 2022			
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,192	\$	30,870
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$668 and \$430		10,602		13,038
Income tax receivables		7,545		7,642
Other receivables		99		483
Inventories, net of provision for obsolescence of \$457 and \$263		11,797		6,778
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,737		1,926
Total current assets		42,972		60,737
Property and equipment, net		6,761		6,575
Operating lease right-of-use assets		710		121
Finance lease right-of-use assets		115		178
Other assets		1,217		1,110
Total assets	\$	51,775	\$	68,721
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	2,669	\$	2,631
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	ψ	8,928	Ψ	10,287
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		216		10,287
Current portion of finance lease liabilities		37		165
Total current liabilities		11,850		13,205
Long-term operating lease liabilities		470		13,203
		73		18
Long-term finance lease liabilities				
Long-term contract liabilities		1,408		1,323
Other liabilities		181		166
Total liabilities		13,982		14,712
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 17)				
EQUITY				
Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 0 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022 and 2021		_		_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized; 34,597,822 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022, and 34,409,912 issued and outstanding as of		25		2.4
December 31, 2021		35		34
Additional paid-in capital  Accumulated deficit		73,282		66,221
		(35,735)		(12,551)
Total stockholders' equity		37,582		53,704
Non-controlling interest		211		305
Total equity	Φ.	37,793	Φ.	54,009
Total liabilities and equity	\$	51,775	\$	68,721

## APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Y	Year Ended December		
		2022		2021
Sales	\$	44,510	\$	48,517
Cost of sales		15,379		14,916
Gross profit		29,131		33,601
Other costs and expenses:				
Research and development		4,544		4,321
Professional services		9,044		7,589
Salaries and related costs		18,621		17,522
Selling, general and administrative		20,484		18,617
Total other costs and expenses		52,693		48,049
Loss from operations		(23,562)		(14,448)
Interest income		157		11
Interest expense		(15)		(10)
Other income (losses), net		509		(373)
Total other income (loss), net		651		(372)
Loss from operations before income taxes		(22,911)		(14,820)
Income tax expense		367		380
Net loss		(23,278)		(15,200)
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest		(94)		(28)
Net loss attributable to stockholders	\$	(23,184)	\$	(15,172)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.67)	\$	(0.44)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted		34,516		34,332

## APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Common Stock		<b>A</b> 4	Retained Additional Earnings			Non-																																				
	Shares	Par Value				Paid-In Capital		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In		Paid-In (A			ontrolling interest	То	tal Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	34,289	\$	34	\$	61,066	\$	2,621	\$	138	\$	63,859																																
Contributions from non-controlling interest	_		_		_		_		195		195																																
Shares issued on stock options exercises for cash	13		_		67		_		_		67																																
Stock based compensation	_		_		5,088		_		_		5,088																																
Shares issued on net settlement of stock options	108		_		_		_		_		_																																
Net loss	_		_		_		(15,172)		(28)		(15,200)																																
Balance at December 31, 2021	34,410	\$	34	\$	66,221	\$	(12,551)	\$	305	\$	54,009																																
Shares issued on stock options exercises for cash	106		1		364		_		_		365																																
Stock based compensation	_		_		6,697		_		_		6,697																																
Shares issued on net settlement of stock options	82		_		_		_		_		_																																
Net loss	_		_		_		(23,184)		(94)		(23,278)																																
Balance at December 31, 2022	34,598	\$	35	\$	73,282	\$	(35,735)	\$	211	\$	37,793																																

## APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Year Ended Dece			ember 31,	
		2022		2021	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(23,278)	\$	(15,200)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		890		903	
Provision for inventory obsolescence		240		109	
Provision for product warranties		(2)		318	
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		75		48	
Stock based compensation		6,697		5,088	
Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts		315		128	
Changes in current assets and liabilities:					
Trade receivables		1,918		(4,901)	
Income tax receivables		97		12	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(523)		1,355	
Inventories		(5,568)		(2,859)	
Accounts payable		67		1,154	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(1,208)		3,396	
Net cash used in operating activities		(20,280)		(10,449)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchases of property and equipment		(1,010)		(723)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,010)		(723)	
Cash flows from financing activities				ì	
Proceeds from stock option exercises		365		67	
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(148)		(238)	
Contributions from non-controlling interests		_		195	
Net cash provided by financing activities		217		24	
Effect of exchange rates on cash		395		103	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(20,678)		(11,045)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		30,870		41,915	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	10,192	\$	30,870	
Cash paid for:					
Interest expense	\$	15	\$	10	
Income taxes		128		111	
		120		111	
Non cash activities:					
Right-of-use assets capitalized and operating lease liabilities recognized upon lease modification	\$	769	\$	_	
Right-of-use assets capitalized and finance lease liabilities recognized upon execution of lease	\$	103	\$	_	
Right-of-use assets and finance lease liabilities derecognized upon execution of lease modification	\$	28	\$	_	
Transfer of right-of-use assets to property and equipment on exercise of purchase option	\$	_	\$	43	

### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Apyx Medical Corporation ("Company", "Apyx", "it" and similar terms) was incorporated in 1982, under the laws of the State of Delaware and has its principal executive office at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, FL 33760.

The Company is an advanced energy technology company with a passion for elevating people's lives through innovative products, including its Helium Plasma Technology products marketed and sold as Renuvion® in the cosmetic surgery market and J-Plasma® in the hospital surgical market. Renuvion® and J-Plasma® offer surgeons a unique ability to provide controlled heat to tissue to achieve their desired results. The Company also leverages its deep expertise and decades of experience in unique waveforms through OEM agreements with other medical device manufacturers.

As part of its plan to accelerate and fully fund the development of its advanced energy business, with a focus in the cosmetic surgery market, the Company sold its Core business in 2018 for gross proceeds of \$97 million. These proceeds were used to launch broad marketing and sales initiatives which resulted in rapid sales growth through December 31, 2021 and into the first quarter of 2022. This planned growth in the business was accompanied by scaled operations, including procurement of components, expanded manufacturing capacity to turn those materials into saleable inventory, additional discretionary expenditures, including increased global participation at trade shows, additional employee trainings, user meetings, increased travel and entertainment expenses, more expansive research and development projects, and additional headcount to support those activities. Additionally, the Company had, and still has, some significant non-recurring discretionary expenditures associated with completing its multi-year marketing initiatives related to its dermal resurfacing and skin laxity clearances.

On March 14, 2022, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") posted a Safety Communication that warns consumers and health care providers against the use of the Company's Advanced Energy products outside of their FDA-cleared indications for general use in cutting, coagulation, and ablation of soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. Following the Safety Communication, the Company experienced slowed demand for the adoption of its Helium Plasma Technology.

On May 26, 2022, the Company announced that it had received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion® Dermal Handpiece for specific dermal resurfacing procedures. On July 18, 2022, the Company announced that it had received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion® APR Handpiece for certain skin contraction procedures.

On June 2, 2022, and July 21, 2022, the FDA updated the Medical Device Safety Communication to recognize the new 510(k) clearances for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece, and the expanded indications for the Renuvion® APR handpieces. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® Dermal handpiece allows surgeons to perform dermal resurfacing procedures for the treatment of moderate to severe wrinkles and rhytides, limited to patients with Fitzpatrick Skin Types I, II or III. The 510(k) clearance for the Renuvion® APR handpieces now addresses improving the appearance of lax (loose) skin in the neck and submental region.

On February 1, 2023, we announced we had submitted a 510(k) premarket notification ("510(k) submission") for the Renuvion APR Handpiece to the FDA, supported by a clinical study and real-world evidence. The 510(k) submission is intended to expand Renuvion's indications for use to include a specific indication for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the coagulation of subcutaneous soft tissues where needed, following liposuction.

On February 27, 2023, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the delivery of radiofrequency energy and/or helium plasma where coagulation/contraction of soft tissue is needed. Soft tissue includes subcutaneous tissue.

While management expected that receiving these clearances would materially mitigate the financial effects of the Safety Communication in future periods, the Company continues to experience reduced demand for the adoption and utilization of its technology and management believes that this may have an adverse effect in future periods.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. The going concern basis of presentation assumes that the Company will continue in operation one year after the date these financial statements are issued and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 205-40, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, management must evaluate

whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date these consolidated financial statements are issued. This evaluation does not take into consideration the potential mitigating effect of management's plans that have not been fully implemented or are not within control of the Company as of the date the condensed consolidated financial statements are issued. When substantial doubt exists under this methodology, management evaluates whether the mitigating effect of its plans sufficiently alleviates substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The mitigating effect of management's plans, however, is only considered if both (1) it is probable that the plans will be effectively implemented within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued, and (2) it is probable that the plans, when implemented, will mitigate the relevant conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

While sales were continuing to grow into the first quarter of 2022 prior to the FDA Safety Communication, over the last few years, exclusive of the Company's sale of the Core business segment to Symmetry Surgical during 2018, it has incurred recurring net losses and cash outflows from operations and the Company anticipates that losses will continue in the near term. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company incurred an operating loss of \$23.6 million and used \$20.3 million of cash in operations. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$10.2 million. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

In an effort to alleviate these conditions, the Company pursued various funding solutions in order to improve liquidity.

On November 22, 2022, the Company filed a shelf registration statement providing it the ability to register securities in the aggregate amount up to \$100 million. The shelf registration included an embedded ATM facility for up to \$40 million. To date the Company has not utilized this facility.

On February 17, 2023, the Company entered into a Credit, Security and Guaranty Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with MidCap Funding IV Trust (as agent), and MidCap Financial Trust (as term loan servicer), and the lenders party thereto from time to time.

The Credit Agreement provides for an up to \$35 million facility, consisting of senior secured term loans and a secured revolving facility. The Credit Agreement provides for senior secured term loans of up to \$25 million, comprised of (i) an initial tranche of \$10 million, (ii) a second tranche of \$5 million, and (iii) a third tranche of \$10 million. The secured revolving facility provides for loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10 million, subject to a borrowing base equal to certain percentages of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory, as determined in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Credit Agreement see Note 20.

On February 27, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a plan to sell and leaseback the Company's real property located in Clearwater, FL. On March 14, 2023, the Company entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with VK Acquisitions VI, LLC (the "Purchaser"), for the sale of the Company's facility located at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, Florida, as more fully described in the Purchase Agreement (collectively, the "Property") for a purchase price of \$7,650,000. The Purchase Agreement is subject to the satisfactory completion of due diligence by the Purchaser. Upon the closing of the sale of the Property, the Company will enter into a lease agreement with the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Property will be leased back to the Company.

For a more in depth description of the terms of the Purchase Agreement see Note 20.

During January 2023, the Company was notified that the IRS examination process of our 2018, 2019 and 2020 tax returns was complete and that the Company's tax refunds were approved for substantially the amount recorded in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2022. As of the date of this report, the Company is awaiting receipt of the tax refunds.

The Company also continues to re-assess its operating expenditures and cost structure to be commensurate with expected levels of revenue and management has the ability to reduce or delay expenditures to enhance and preserve liquidity. Management has already reduced some operating expenditures, including a reduction-in-force on January 9, 2023, that reduced the Company's U.S. headcount by 14%.

Management believes that the actions already taken, and additional actions that it intends to take to manage operating expenditures, will enable the Company to meet its obligations for a period of at least one year from the date of issuance of these audited consolidated financial statements. As a result, management believes its plans alleviate substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These audited financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Apyx, its wholly owned subsidiary, Apyx Bulgaria, EOOD, and its 51% owned subsidiary, Apyx SY Medical Devices (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. (collectively, "Apyx," or the "Company"). All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

### Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. The reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period may be affected by the estimates and assumptions the Company is required to make.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Holdings of highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, all of the Company's investments are in money market funds or in Treasury Bills with original maturities of three months or less and are included in cash and cash equivalents.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of trade accounts receivable. With respect to cash, the Company frequently maintains cash and cash equivalent balances in excess of federally insured limits; it has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

#### Trade Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company's standard credit terms for billings range from net 30 days to net 120 days, depending on the customer agreement. Accounts receivable are determined to be past due if payments are not made in accordance with such agreements and an allowance is generally recorded for accounts that become three months past due, or sooner if there are other indicators that the receivables may not be recovered. Customary collection efforts are initiated, and receivables are written off when the Company determines they are not collectible and abandons these collection efforts.

The Company evaluates the allowance for doubtful accounts on a regular basis for adequacy based upon its periodic review of the collectability of the receivables in light of historical experience, adverse situations that may affect its customers' ability to pay and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. Management believes that the allowances for doubtful accounts of approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are adequate to provide for probable bad debts.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Finished goods and work-in-process inventories include material, labor and overhead costs. Factory overhead costs are allocated to manufactured inventory based upon labor hours.

The Company monitors inventory usage to determine if the carrying value of any items should be adjusted due to lack of demand for the item and adjusts inventory for estimated obsolescence or unusable inventory equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated net realizable value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation and amortization are provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The amortization of leasehold improvements is based on the shorter of the lease term or the life of the improvement. Betterments and major improvements, which extend the life of the asset, are capitalized, whereas maintenance and repairs and routine improvements are expensed as incurred. The estimated useful lives are: buildings and improvements, 39 years; machinery and equipment, 3-10 years; furniture and fixtures, 5-10 years; computer equipment and software, 3-5 years; and molds, 7-15 years.

### Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for recoverability if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets may have been impaired. This circumstance exists when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In those cases, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the assets' carrying amount exceeds its fair value. Any impairment losses are not restored in the future if the fair value increases. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company believes the remaining carrying values of its long-lived assets are recoverable.

#### **Product Warranties**

The Company provides a four year limited warranty on end-user sales of its Renuvion®/J-Plasma® generators, a two year warranty on mounting fixtures, and a one-year warranty on certain accessories. The Company estimates and provides for future costs for product warranties in cost of sales at the time revenue is recognized. The Company bases its product warranty costs on related material costs, repair labor costs and shipping costs. The Company estimates the future cost of product warranties by considering historical material, repair labor, and shipping costs, and applying the experience rates to the outstanding warranty period for products sold. It is reasonably possible that actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive for those goods or services. To recognize revenue, the Company (i) identifies the contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identifies the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determines the transaction price; (iv) allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognizes revenue when, or as, it satisfies the performance obligation(s). For sales of the Company's Advanced Energy products (Renuvion®/J-Plasma®), this is at a point in time when title has been transferred to the customer, which is generally at the time of shipment or receipt by customer for FOB destination terms. For sales of products under its OEM agreements, the Company recognizes revenue over time when no alternative use exists for the manufactured goods and the Company has rights to payment. Presently, the Company does not stock any significant completed goods under its OEM agreements, accordingly, the recognition of revenue under these agreements approximates point in time recognition. The following policies apply to its major categories of revenue transactions:

- The majority of sales to customers are evidenced by firm purchase orders. Generally, title and the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customer when the product is shipped. Payment by the customer is due under fixed payment terms.
- Product returns are only accepted at the Company's discretion and in accordance with its "Returned Goods Policy". Historically, the level of product returns has not been significant. Accruals for sales returns, rebates and allowances are made as a reduction of revenue based upon an analysis of historical customer returns and credits, rebates, discounts and current market conditions.

- The terms of sale to customers generally do not include any obligations to perform future services. Limited warranties are generally provided for sales and provisions for warranty are provided at the time of product sale based upon an analysis of historical data.
- In connection with the execution of OEM supply agreements, the Company may enter into an accompanying product development agreement. If the Company enters into a product development agreement, and development of the goods does not represent a performance obligation on a standalone basis, the Company defers the development fees billed to customers and the associated costs. Recognition of the deferred billings and costs occurs as the Company performs on the accompanying supply arrangements.

### **Advertising Costs**

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. The amounts of advertising costs, including trade shows, were approximately \$2.3 million and \$1.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

### **Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation. FASB ASC 718 requires recognizing compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, directors and non-employees based upon the grant date fair value of such awards. It accounts for forfeitures as they occur. The standard covers employee stock options, restricted stock and other equity awards. The Company utilizes a Black-Scholes model to estimate the grant date fair value of stock option awards. For employee and director awards, compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting periods. For non-employee awards, compensation expense is recorded for non-forfeitable, fully vested awards at the grant date. For other awards granted to non-employees, compensation cost is recognized as services are provided, which approximates a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

### **Litigation Contingencies**

In accordance with authoritative guidance, the Company accrues a liability in its consolidated financial statements for these actions when a loss is known or considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If the reasonable estimate of a known or probable loss is a range, and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount of the range is accrued. If a loss is reasonably possible, but not known or probable, and can be reasonably estimated, the estimated loss or range of loss is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. In most cases, significant judgment is required to estimate the amount and timing of a loss to be recorded; actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The Company computes basic (loss) earnings attributable to common stockholders per share by dividing net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted (loss) earnings per share attributable to common stockholders gives effect to all potential dilutive shares outstanding during the period. The number of dilutive shares is calculated using the treasury stock method which reduces the effective number of shares by the amount of shares the Company could purchase with the proceeds of assumed exercises. Anti-dilutive units are excluded from the calculation of diluted shares. In periods of loss, all potentially dilutive units are anti-dilutive and are excluded from the calculation of diluted income (loss) per share.

#### **Research and Development Costs**

Research and development expenses are charged to operations as incurred.

### **Income Taxes**

The Company utilizes the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in FASB ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the deferred taxes reverse. The Company accounts for interest and penalties on income taxes as income tax expense. A valuation allowances is recorded when it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will not be realized. In determining the need for valuation allowances the Company considers projected future taxable income, the timing of reversals of temporary differences, and the availability of tax

planning strategies. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded a valuation allowance on the net deferred tax assets.

The Company assesses the realizability of deferred tax assets each reporting period and will be able to reduce the valuation allowance to the extent the financial results of continuing operations improve, and it becomes more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized. As Management has not fully determined the timing of when it will generate taxable income in the U.S., the Company will continue to record a full valuation allowance on the net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2022.

The Company assesses the financial statement impact of an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken on an income tax return at the largest amount that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon audit by the relevant taxing authority. An uncertain income tax position will not be recognized in the financial statements unless it is more likely than not of being sustained.

#### **Foreign Currency Transactions**

The functional currency of Apyx Bulgaria is the U.S. dollar. The monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollar are remeasured into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, while nonmonetary items are remeasured at historical rates. Revenue and expenses are remeasured at weighted average exchange rates during the period. Transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and were not material for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

### Reclassifications

We have reclassified certain amounts presented in the prior year to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on previously reported net income, retained earnings or operating cash flows for the periods presented.

#### NOTE 3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses* (Topic 326). The update changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments, including trade and other receivables, contract assets, held-to-maturity debt securities and loans, and requires entities to use a new forward-looking expected loss model that will result in the earlier recognition of allowance for losses. This update, as originally issued, was effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses* (Topic 326), *Derivatives and Hedging* (Topic 815), *and Leases* (Topic 842) *Effective Dates*, which deferred the effective dates of these standards for Smaller Reporting Companies until fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company currently expects to continue to qualify as a Smaller Reporting Company, based upon the current SEC definition and, as a result, will be utilizing the deferred elective date. While the Company is in the process of determining the effects of the adoption of the standard on the consolidated financial statements, it does not expect the impact to be material.

No other new accounting pronouncement issued or effective during the fiscal year had or is expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

#### NOTE 4. DISPOSITION OF THE CORE BUSINESS

On August 30, 2018, the Company closed on a definitive asset purchase agreement (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") with Specialty Surgical Instrumentation Inc., a Tennessee Corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of Symmetry Surgical Inc. ("Symmetry"), pursuant to which the Company divested and sold the Company's electrosurgical "Core" business segment and related intellectual property, including the Bovie® brand and trademarks, to Symmetry for gross proceeds of \$97 million in cash.

In connection with the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Company entered into an Electro Surgical Disposables and Accessories, Cauteries and Other Products Supply Agreement with Symmetry for a four-year term, which expired August 30, 2022, whereby it manufactured certain Core products and sold them to Symmetry at agreed upon prices. Any activity resulting from this agreement is netted and reported in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as other income (loss). Core activity for 2022 amounted to \$0.6 million with cost of sales equivalents of \$0.6 million and other related expenses of \$0.1 million for net other loss of \$0.1 million. Core activity for 2021 amounted to \$6.5 million with cost of sales equivalents of \$5.5 million and other related expenses of \$1.5 million for net other loss of \$0.4 million.

### NOTE 5. INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURE INVESTMENT

In 2019, the Company executed a joint venture agreement with its Chinese supplier (the "China JV") whereby the Company has a 51% interest. The China JV has been consolidated in these consolidated financial statements. The agreement required the Company to make capital contributions into the newly formed entity of approximately \$357,000, of which approximately \$203,000 and \$154,000, respectively, were contributed during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. As of the date of these consolidated financial statements, the joint venture has not commenced principal operations.

Changes in the Company's ownership investment in the China JV were as follows:

		er 31,		
(In thousands)	20	022		2021
Beginning interest in China JV	\$	317	\$	144
Contributions				203
Net loss attributable to Apyx		(98)		(30)
Ending interest in China JV	\$	219	\$	317

### NOTE 6. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	De	ecember 31, 2022	ember 31, 2021
Raw materials	\$	4,979	\$ 3,603
Work in process		2,160	1,441
Finished goods		5,115	1,997
Gross inventories		12,254	7,041
Less: provision for obsolescence		(457)	(263)
Inventories, net	\$	11,797	\$ 6,778

### NOTE 7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Land	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600
Building and improvements	4,426	4,429
Machinery and equipment	2,613	2,337
Furniture and fixtures	211	306
Computer equipment and software	1,420	1,535
Leasehold improvements	178	171
Molds	847	859
Total property, plant and equipment	11,295	11,237
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(5,041)	(5,316)
Property and equipment in service	6,254	5,921
Construction in progress	507	654
Property and equipment, net	\$ 6,761	\$ 6,575

Total depreciation expense was \$0.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Depreciation expense is included within cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

#### NOTE 8. LEASES

The Company does not recognize leases with terms less than twelve months in duration, or that have variable only payments, in its Consolidated Balance Sheet as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The Company has adopted the practical expedient which allows for the Company to not separate lease and non-lease components of contracts. Accordingly, non-lease components are included in the measurement of the Company's lease liabilities and right-of-use assets. If the Company is aware of the implicit rate in leases, the Company determines the operating lease liability using the implicit rate. For those leases where the Company is not aware of the implicit rate in the lease, the Company utilizes an incremental borrowing rate, which is indicative of its collateralized borrowing rate. We utilized rates of 1.83% to 6.49% for our outstanding leases at December 31, 2022.

#### **Operating Leases**

The Company leases its facility in Sofia, Bulgaria and computers under non-cancelable operating lease agreements. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company's leases on the vehicles in Clearwater, Florida expired and the Company purchased the vehicles at fair value. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into a one year extension on one of its leases on computer equipment. This extension resulted in reclassification of the lease from finance to operating. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into a five year extension of its Sofia, Bulgaria facility. These operating leases have terms expiring through December 2027.

#### **Finance Leases**

The Company has entered into non-cancelable finance leases for certain computer equipment and a vehicle in Clearwater, Florida. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into a 63 month lease for computer equipment. These finance leases have terms expiring through July 2027.

Information about the Company's lease costs are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,

Lease costs (in thousands):	2	022	2021
Operating lease costs	\$	213 \$	134
Finance lease costs:			
Amortization of right-of-use assets		138	216
Interest on lease liabilities		5	12
Variable lease costs		16	12
Total lease costs	\$	372 \$	374

Cash information related to our leases are as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2022			Year Ended December 31, 2021			1	
(in thousands)	Oper	ating	Fir	nance	Ope	rating	Finan	ice
Cash paid for lease liabilities	\$	219	\$	153	\$	135 \$	\$	228

Information about the Company's weighted average remaining lease terms and discount rate assumptions are as follows:

	Year F December		Year Ended December 31, 202		
	Operating	Finance	Operating	Finance	
Weighted average remaining lease term (in years)	4.4	3.9	1.0	0.8	
Weighted average discount rate	2.54%	2.60%	3.98%	4.00%	

Maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

(In thousands)	Oper	ating	Finance
2023	\$	229 \$	6 40
2024		122	21
2025		122	21
2026		122	21
2027		122	12
Total lease payments		717	115
Less imputed interest		(31)	(5)
Present value of lease liabilities		686	110
Less current portion of lease liabilities		(216)	(37)
Long-term portion of lease liabilities	\$	470 \$	3 73

### NOTE 9. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accrued payroll	\$ 563	\$ 546
Accrued bonus	_	2,117
Accrued commissions	847	1,656
Accrued product warranties	391	593
Accrued product liability claim insurance deductibles	1,825	610
Accrued professional fees and legal related contingent liabilities	901	421
Joint and several payroll liability	345	1,027
Short-term contract liabilities	853	533
Uncertain tax positions	2,079	1,863
Sales tax payable	245	428
Other accrued expenses and current liabilities	879	493
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 8,928	\$ 10,287

### NOTE 10. PRODUCT WARRANTIES

Product warranty activity consisted of the following for the years ended:

(In thousands)	nber 31, 022	ember 31, 2021
Beginning balance	\$ 593	\$ 498
Provision for product warranties	196	318
Change in estimate to fulfill prior-year warranty obligations	(198)	_
Product warranty costs incurred	(200)	(223)
Accrued product warranties	\$ 391	\$ 593

### NOTE 11. JOINT AND SEVERAL PAYROLL LIABILITY

During 2018 and 2019, the Company improperly calculated and reported the amount of income to certain employees, and did not collect and remit the correct amount of its employees' portion of income and payroll taxes, related to stock option exercises as required by the IRS. Due to IRS statutory requirements, the Company has joint and several liability for the full amount that was not withheld and remitted to the proper taxing authorities. During 2022, the Company was relieved of approximately \$650,000 of its joint and several payroll liability due to the lapse of the statute of limitations on the liability. This adjustment is included in other income (losses), net in the accompany Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2022. This amount of the liability was approximately \$0.3 million and \$1.0 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company will be relieved of the remainder of the liability as the statute of limitations on the liability expires, which the Company expects to occur during April 2023, or once the Company can establish that its employees have in fact paid these obligations.

### NOTE 12. CONTRACT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The Company's contracts with customers may result in the Company having contract assets and liabilities. These contract assets and liabilities arise primarily from OEM development and supply agreements where the development of the goods does not represent a performance obligation on a standalone basis. The Company defers the development fees billed to customers, and the associated costs, and recognizes them as it completes performance obligations on the supply portion of the agreement. Other contract liabilities may be recognized when a customer prepays for goods or services.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the Company had recorded approximately \$2.3 million and \$1.9 million of contract liabilities and \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million of contract assets related to customer prepayments and the deferral of revenues and expenses under these agreements. At December 31, 2022, \$0.9 million of the contract liabilities and \$0.1 million of the contract assets are presented as current in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet within accrued expenses and other current liabilities and \$0.1 million of the contract liabilities and \$0.1 million of the contract assets are presented as current in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet within accrued expenses and other current liabilities and prepaid expenses and other current assets, respectively.

During 2022, the Company recognized approximately \$0.2 million of contract liabilities and \$0.1 million of contract assets that existed as of December 31, 2021 in sales and cost of sales, respectively, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2022. During 2021, the Company did not recognize any significant contract liabilities or contract assets that existed as of December 31, 2020 in sales or cost of sales in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### NOTE 13. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share ("basic EPS") is computed by dividing the net income or loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share ("diluted EPS") gives effect to all dilutive potential shares outstanding. As the Company is in a net loss position for all periods presented, all potential shares outstanding are anti-dilutive. The following table provides the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share.

		Tear Ended l	)ece	mber 31,
(in thousands, except per share data)		2022		2020
Numerators:				
Net loss attributable to stockholders	\$	(23,184)	\$	(15,172)
	_			
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic and diluted		34,516		34,332
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.67)	\$	(0.44)
Anti-dilutive instruments excluded from diluted loss per common share:				
Options		6,520		5,398

### NOTE 14. INCOME TAXES

Components of income tax expense are as follows:

(In thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current:		
Federal	\$ 214	\$ 217
State	29	54
Foreign	124	109
	367	380
Deferred:		
Federal	(4,096)	(2,518)
State	(1,004)	(613)
	(5,100)	(3,131)
Valuation allowance	5,100	3,131
Total income tax expense	\$ 367	\$ 380

Below is a reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to the Company's effective tax rate:

	Year Ended De	cember 31,
	2022	2021
Federal tax provision	21.0 %	21.0 %
State taxes (net of federal benefit)	4.4 %	3.8 %
Valuation allowance	(22.3)%	(21.1)%
Incentive stock compensation expense	(2.2)%	(1.8)%
Section 162(m) compensation	(1.1)%	(3.8)%
GILTI	(0.9)%	(1.2)%
Other	(0.5)%	0.5 %
Total	(1.6)%	(2.6)%

Major components of the Company's deferred tax assets (liabilities) are as follows:

(In thousands)	December 31, 2022		Dec	December 31, 2021	
Deferred tax assets:					
Loss and credit carryforwards	\$	7,476	\$	4,256	
Stock-based compensation		2,381		1,701	
Research and development capitalization		982			
Accrued insurance deductibles		400		70	
Inventory 263A adjustment		394		_	
Deferred revenue		339		163	
Accrued bonus		_		555	
Other		553		653	
Total deferred tax assets		12,525		7,398	
Valuation allowance		(12,068)		(6,968)	
Total deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance		457		430	
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Property and equipment		(205)		(205)	
Other		(252)		(225)	
Total deferred tax liabilities		(457)		(430)	
Net deferred tax assets	\$		\$		

The Company considers all positive and negative evidence regarding the realization of deferred tax assets, including past operating results and future sources of taxable income.

The Company considers the earnings of Apyx Bulgaria, EOOD to be indefinitely invested outside the United States on the basis of estimates that future domestic cash generation will be sufficient to meet future domestic cash needs and our specific plans for reinvestment of those subsidiary earnings. It has not recorded a deferred tax liability related to the U.S. Federal and State income taxes and foreign withholding taxes on the undistributed earnings of Apyx Bulgaria, EOOD indefinitely invested outside the United States. If it decides to repatriate the foreign earnings, the Company will need to adjust its income tax provision in the period it determines that the earnings will no longer be indefinitely invested outside the United States.

The Company assesses the financial statement impact of an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken on an income tax return at the largest amount that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon audit by the relevant taxing authority. An uncertain income tax position will not be recognized in the financial statements unless it is more likely than not of being sustained. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company has recorded a liability of approximately \$1.3 million related to uncertain tax positions and accrued approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, of interest and penalties on these positions.

The following is a roll-forward of the Company's total gross unrecognized tax benefits, not including interest and penalties, for the years ended December 31:

(in thousands)	Gross Unrealized Tax Benefit			x Benefits
		2022		2021
Beginning of year balance	\$	1,313	\$	1,313
Additions of tax positions related to the current year		_		_
Additions of tax positions related to the prior year		_		_
Decreases for tax positions related to prior year		_		_
End of year balance	\$	1,313	\$	1,313

The Company is subject to U.S. federal and state income tax examination. The Company's 2019 through 2021 U.S. federal income tax returns are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"). The Company's state income tax returns are subject to examination for the 2018 through 2021 tax years.

During 2022, the Company was notified by the IRS that it is examining the Company's 2018, 2019 and 2020 federal income tax returns. During January 2023, the Company was notified that the examination process was complete and that the Company's tax refunds were approved for substantially the amount recorded in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2022. In the examination, the Company's uncertain tax positions were accepted by the IRS as submitted on our income tax returns and the Company reversed its uncertain tax position in January 2023.

### NOTE 15. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company provides a tax-qualified profit-sharing retirement plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for the benefit of eligible employees with an accumulation of funds for retirement on a tax-deferred basis and provides for annual discretionary contribution to individual trust funds.

All employees are eligible to participate upon completing three months of service. The employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan up to the maximum percentage allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. Vesting in employee matching contributions is graded and depends on the years of service. After three years from their date of hire, the employees are 100% vested. The Company makes matching contributions of 50% of the employee contributions up to a total of 3% of participant payroll. Matching contributions made by the Company totaled approximately \$0.4 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

### NOTE 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Several relatives of Nikolay Shilev, Apyx Bulgaria's Managing Director, are considered related parties. Teodora Shileva, Mr. Shilev's spouse, is an employee of the Company working in the accounting department. Antoaneta Dimitrova Shileva-Toromanova, Mr. Shilev's sister, is the manager of human resources. Svetoslav Shilev, Mr. Shilev's son, is a quality manager in the quality assurance department.

The partner in the Company's China joint venture is also a supplier of the Company. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company made purchases from this supplier of approximately \$0.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had net receivables from and payables to this supplier of approximately \$8,000 and \$1,000, respectively.

#### NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### Litigation

The medical device industry is characterized by frequent claims and litigation, and the Company may become subject to various claims, lawsuits and proceedings in the ordinary course of our business. Such claims may include claims by current or former employees, distributors and competitors, claims concerning the marketing and promotion of our products and product liability claims.

The Company is involved in a number of legal actions relating to the use of our Helium Plasma technology. The outcomes of these legal actions are not within the Company's control and may not be known for prolonged periods of time. It believes that such claims are adequately covered by insurance; however, in the case of one of the Company's carriers, the Company is in a dispute regarding the total level of coverage available. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the opinion of management, the Company has meritorious defenses, and such claims are not expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a material, adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. However, in the event that damages exceed the aggregate coverage limits of the Company's policies or if its insurance carriers disclaim coverage, management believes it is possible that costs associated with these claims could have a material adverse impact on the consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

During December 2021, the Company provided notice of contract termination to an international distributor of the Company. In March 2022, the Company received a letter from the former distributor citing improper contract termination and alleging damages. While the matter is still in the early stages, management has determined that a loss is probable and that a range of estimated losses is approximately \$250,000 to \$1,000,000. The Company has recorded an estimated loss of \$250,000 in professional services in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2022. It is at least possible that a change in the actual amount of loss will occur in the near term, though management expects the actual amount of loss will be within the estimated range of losses.

As previously disclosed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 7, 2022, on June 6, 2022, a complaint (the "Complaint") was filed in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida by plaintiff William E. Hattaway, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated against the Company, Charles D. Goodwin ("Goodwin"), the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Company's Board of Directors, and Tara Semb ("Semb"), the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary, alleging violations by the Company, Goodwin and Semb of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, primarily related to certain public statements and disclosures concerning the off-label usage of certain of the Company's Advanced Energy products and the impact such usage would have on the Company's business, operations and prospects. The Complaint seeks an unspecified amount of damages.

Although the ultimate outcome of this matter cannot be determined with certainty, the Company believes that the allegations stated in the Complaint are without merit. The Company, Goodwin and Semb intend to defend themselves vigorously in the suit. In the opinion of management, such claims are adequately covered by insurance, however, in the event that damages exceed the aggregate coverage limits of our policy or if our insurance carriers disclaim coverage, we believe it is possible that costs associated with this claim could have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows. While the matter is still in the early stages, management has determined that a loss is probable and that a range of estimated losses is approximately \$475,000 to \$2,500,000. The Company has recorded an estimated loss of \$475,000 in professional services in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2022. It is at least possible that a change in the actual amount of loss will occur in the near term, though management expects the actual amount of loss will be within the estimated range of losses.

During 2022, the Company was notified of certain procedures alleged to have been performed by the same physician and which are currently the subject of two related products liability cases within the courts. Subsequent to year end, the Company was notified by its insurance carriers that all or most of the ten individual plaintiff's allegations could be subject to separate deductibles notwithstanding the commonality of each underlying occurrence. The Company has determined that a loss is probable and that a range of estimated losses is approximately \$1,450,000 to \$2,400,000. The Company has recorded an estimated loss of \$1,450,000 in selling, general and administrative expenses associated with the insurance deductibles in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2022. It is at least possible that a change in the actual amount of loss will occur in the near term, though management expects the actual amount of loss will be within the estimated range of losses.

The Company accrues a liability in its consolidated financial statements for these actions when a loss is known or considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If the reasonable estimate of a known or probable loss is a range, and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount of the range is recorded. If a loss is reasonably possible, but not known or probable, and can be reasonably estimated, the estimated loss or range of loss is disclosed in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. In most cases, significant judgment is required to estimate the amount and timing of a loss to be recorded, actual results may differ from these estimates.

### **Purchase Commitments**

At December 31, 2022, the Company has purchase commitments for inventories totaling approximately \$4.1 million, all of which is expected to be purchased by the end of 2023.

### **Concentrations**

There were no significant sales concentrations for the year ended December 31, 2022. Sales to one customer within the Advanced Energy segment represented 11% of total sales for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Receivables from one customer and two customers within the Advanced Energy segment represented 13% and 22%, respectively, of trade accounts receivable at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

#### NOTE 18. STOCK OPTIONS

On October 30, 2007, the Company's stockholders approved, and the Board of Directors adopted an amendment to the 2003 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") to increase the maximum aggregate number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the Plan from 1.2 million shares (already reserved against outstanding options) to 1.7 million shares. Except for the increase in the number of shares covered by the Plan, the Plan remained otherwise unchanged. In 2001, the Board of Directors adopted the 2001 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan which reserved for issuance 1.2 million stock options. Stock options to employees typically have a ten-year life and currently vest over periods between one and seven years.

In July 2012, the Company's stockholders approved the 2012 Share Incentive Plan covering a total of 750,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 170,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In July 2015, the Company's stockholders approved the 2015 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan covering a total of 2,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 40,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In August 2017, the Company's stockholders approved the 2017 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan covering a total of 3,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 30,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In August 2019, the Company's stockholders approved the 2019 Share Incentive Plan covering a total of 2,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022, all 200,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In August 2021, the Company's stockholders approved the 2021 Share Incentive Plan covering a total of 1,375,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022, all 1,375,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

On January 11, 2023, the Company granted employees approximately 1,400,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company's stock. All options granted were pursuant to the plans noted above. The options vest over a period of three years.

The status of the Company's stock options is summarized as follows:

	Number of options	Weigh avera exercise	ige
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	4,938,943	\$	5.46
Granted	894,980		9.37
Exercised	(232,521)		6.65
Canceled and forfeited	(203,711)		8.27
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	5,397,691	\$	5.95
Granted	1,692,417		10.64
Exercised	(316,506)		3.96
Canceled and forfeited	(253,158)		9.59
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	6,520,444	\$	7.12

	Number of options	Weigh average date t valu	grant fair
Non-vested at December 31, 2021	1,802,216	\$	5.21
Granted	1,692,417		6.71
Vested	(1,028,867)		5.11
Forfeited	(238,158)		6.23
Non-vested at December 31, 2022	2,227,608	\$	6.27

Common shares required to be issued upon the exercise of stock options would be issued from authorized and unissued shares. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes model. For employee grants, the Company calculates expected life via the simplified method as it does not have sufficient history to determine actual expected life. For non-employee grants, the Company calculates expected life using a combination of past exercise behavior, the contractual term and expected remaining exercise behavior. Inputs used in the valuation models are as follows:

	2022 Grants	2021 Grants
Option value	\$5.10 - \$10.96	\$9.29 - \$11.51
Risk-free rate	1.6% - 3.9%	0.6% - 0.8%
Expected dividend yield	<u> </u> %	<u> </u> %
Expected volatility	69.6% - 78.5%	68.9% - 70.8%
Expected term (in years)	5 - 6	4.5 - 6

The Company recognized approximately \$6,697,000 and \$5,088,000 in stock-based compensation expense during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The intrinsic value of each option share is the difference between the fair value of our common stock and the exercise price of such option share to the extent it is "in-the-money". Aggregate intrinsic value represents the value that would have been received by the holders of in-the-money options had they exercised their options on the last trading day of the year and sold the underlying shares at the closing stock price on such day. The intrinsic value calculation at December 31, 2022 is based on the \$2.34 closing stock price of the Company's common stock on December 30, 2022, the last trading day of 2022.

As of December 31, 2022, there were 6,074,922 stock options outstanding and expected to vest with an aggregate intrinsic value of approximately \$160,000. These options have a weighted average exercise price of \$6.91 and a weighted average remaining contractual term of approximately 6 years.

As of December 31, 2022, there were 4,292,836 stock options outstanding and exercisable with an aggregate intrinsic value of approximately \$160,000. These options have a weighted average exercise price of \$5.60 and a weighted average remaining contractual term of approximately 6 years.

The total intrinsic value of in the money options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was approximately \$900,000 and \$1,600,000, respectively. Intrinsic value of exercised shares is the total value of such shares on the date of exercise less the cash received from the option holder to exercise the options or other consideration paid.

The total fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was approximately \$11,350,000 and \$5,150,000, respectively. The weighted average fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was \$6.71 and \$5.76, respectively. The total fair value of options vested during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was approximately \$5,260,000 and \$4,270,000, respectively.

The Company allows employees to exercise stock-based awards by surrendering stock-based awards with an intrinsic value equal to the cumulative exercise price of the stock-based awards being exercised, referred to as net settlements. These surrenders are included in stock options exercised in the options rollforward above. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company received 125,596 and 111,831 options as payment in the exercise of 81,737 and 107,357 options, respectively.

As of December 31, 2022, there was approximately \$8,430,000 of total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense, related to unvested stock options granted under the plans above. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 1 year.

#### NOTE 19. GEOGRAPHIC AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are aggregated into reportable segments only if they exhibit similar economic characteristics. In addition to similar economic characteristics, the Company also considers the following factors in determining the reportable segments: the nature of business activities, the management structure directly accountable to its chief operating decision maker for operating and administrative activities, availability of discrete financial information and information presented to the Board of Directors and investors. Asset information is not reviewed by the chief operating decision maker by segment and is not available by segment, accordingly, the Company has not presented a measure of assets by segment.

The Company's reportable segments are disclosed as principally organized and managed as two operating segments: Advanced Energy and OEM. "Corporate & Other" includes certain unallocated corporate and administrative costs which were not specifically attributed to any reportable segment. The OEM segment is primarily development and manufacturing contract and product driven, all related expenses are recorded as cost of sales, therefore no segment specific operating expenses are incurred.

Summarized financial information with respect to reportable segments is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2022						
(In thousands)		dvanced Energy		OEM		porate Other)	Total
Sales	\$	36,803	\$	7,707	\$	_	44,510
(Loss) income from operations		(4,103)		1,641		(21,100)	(23,562)
Interest income		_		_		157	157
Interest expense		_		_		(15)	(15)
Other income, net		_		_		509	509
Income tax expense		_		_		367	367
			Yea	r ended De	ecember	31, 2021	
	A	dvanced	Yea	r ended De			
(In thousands)		dvanced Energy	Yea	er ended De	Cor	rporate Other)	Total
(In thousands) Sales			Yea \$		Cor	porate	
		Energy		OEM	Cor (C	porate Other)	
		Energy		OEM	Cor (C	porate Other)	
Sales		<b>Energy</b> 42,985		<b>OEM</b> 5,532	Cor (C	rporate Other) \$	48,517
Sales		<b>Energy</b> 42,985		<b>OEM</b> 5,532	Cor (C	rporate Other) \$	48,517
Sales Income (loss) from operations		<b>Energy</b> 42,985		<b>OEM</b> 5,532	Cor (C	rporate Other) \$ (18,265)	(14,448)
Sales  Income (loss) from operations  Interest income		<b>Energy</b> 42,985		<b>OEM</b> 5,532	Cor (C	Proporate   Other)	(14,448) 11

International sales in 2022 and 2021, were 29.9% and 32.0% of sales, respectively. Revenue by geographic region, based on the "ship to" location on the invoice are as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,			
(In thousands)		2022		2021	
Sales by Domestic and International					
Domestic	\$	31,208	\$	32,980	
International		13,302		15,537	
Total	\$	44,510	\$	48,517	

### NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

### **Execution of Credit Agreement**

On February 17, 2023, the Company entered into a Credit, Security and Guaranty Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), by and among the Company (as borrower) and Apyx China Holding Corp., the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary (as guarantor), and MidCap Funding IV Trust (as agent), and MidCap Financial Trust (as term loan servicer), and the lenders party thereto from time to time.

The Credit Agreement provides for an up to \$35 million facility, consisting of senior secured term loans and a secured revolving facility. The Credit Agreement provides for senior secured term loans of up to \$25 million, comprised of (i) an initial tranche of \$10 million, (ii) a second tranche of \$5 million, and (iii) a third tranche of \$10 million. The secured revolving facility provides for loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10 million, subject to a borrowing base equal to certain percentages of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventory, as determined in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement matures on February 1, 2028.

#### Term Loans

The initial tranche of \$10 million was fully funded on February 17, 2023, with approximately \$2 million of the proceeds used to pay for transaction fees and other costs incurred in connection with the Credit Agreement. Subject to certain terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement, the second tranche would be available between June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2023 and the third tranche would be available between January 1, 2024 and September 30, 2024, respectively. The Company's ability to access these additional tranches is conditioned upon, among other things, the achievement of certain minimum revenue targets. The net proceeds of these term loans are to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Each term loan bears interest at a floating rate based on an Adjusted Term SOFR (as defined in the Credit Agreement), subject to a floor of 2.5%, plus 7.35%. The first twenty-four (24) months of the term loans constitute an interest-only period (with a possible twelve (12) month extension), with interest payable monthly on the first day of each month. Subsequent to the interest-only period, the outstanding principal amount of the term loans is repayable in thirty-six (36) equal monthly payments (or twenty-four (24) with the extension of the interest-only period). All remaining outstanding principal, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, is due at maturity. The term loans may be voluntarily prepaid in full, or in part, at any time, subject to terms and conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement. Additionally, the term loans are subject to mandatory prepayment obligations, pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement. Prepayments of the term loans are subject to fees of 3%, 2%, and 1% of the prepayment amounts made during the first year, second year, and thereafter, respectively. At the time of the final payment of the term loans, the Company is also obligated to pay an exit fee of 4% of the total amount funded thereunder.

#### Revolving Facility

The Company may borrow, repay and reborrow under the revolving facility until February 1, 2028, at which time the facility will terminate and all outstanding amounts thereunder, including all accrued and unpaid interest, must be repaid. The proceeds of the revolving facility may be used for working capital needs and general corporate purposes.

Loans made under the revolving facility bear interest at a floating rate based on an Adjusted Term SOFR (as defined in the Credit Agreement), subject to a floor of 2.5%, plus 4%. The Company is obligated to pay a fee equal to 0.5% per annum on the outstanding balance of the revolving loans and the average unused portion of the available revolving commitments, respectively. Additionally, if the revolving facility is terminated or reduced before maturity, the Company is subject to a deferred origination fee pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement. Terminations and reductions of the commitments are subject to fees of 3%, 2%, and 1% of the terminated or reduced commitments during the first year, second year, and thereafter, respectively. The Company is required to maintain a minimum balance of 30% of the lesser of the borrowing base or \$10 million under the revolving facility. If the average outstanding balance for a month is less than the minimum balance, the Company will pay a minimum balance fee for the difference between the minimum balance and the average outstanding balance for the month at the highest rate for the revolving loans during the month. For such loans, interest and fees are payable monthly on the first day of each month.

### **Collateral**

The obligations of the Company under the Credit Agreement are secured by first priority liens on substantially all of its assets.

#### Covenants

The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants limiting the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries, among other things, to incur debt, grant liens, make distributions, enter certain restrictive agreements, pay or modify subordinated debt, dispose of assets, make investments and acquisitions, enter into certain transactions with affiliates, and undergo certain fundamental changes, in each case, subject to limitations and exceptions set forth in the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement also requires the Company to satisfy certain financial covenants, including minimum trailing twelve (12) month net revenue targets relating to its Advanced Energy segment (tested quarterly), with year-end targets of \$49 million, \$60 million and \$70 million for 2023, 2024, and 2025, respectively. Additionally, the Company must maintain a balance of \$10 million in cash and cash equivalents during the duration of the Credit Agreement's term.

### **Events of Default**

The Credit Agreement also contains customary Events of Default (as defined in the Credit Agreement) that include, among other things, certain payment defaults, cross defaults to certain other contracts and indebtedness, covenant defaults, inaccuracy of representations and warranties, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults, judgment defaults, change of control defaults, defaults related to the failure to remain registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and listed for trading on the Nasdaq Stock Market, and any material adverse change.

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default under the Credit Agreement, the respective administrative agent, if requested by the respective lenders, may, among other things, (i) suspend or terminate commitments, as well as obligations of the relevant administrative agent and lenders, (ii) declare all outstanding obligations under the agreement (including principal and accrued and unpaid interest) immediately due and payable, and (iii) exercise the other rights and remedies provided for under the agreement. The Credit Agreement provides that, under certain circumstances, a default interest rate will apply on all obligations under such agreement during the existence of an Event of Default, at a per annum rate equal to 2% in excess of the applicable interest rate.

### **Issuance of Warrants**

In connection with the Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement, the Company issued to a statutory trust of MidCap Financial warrants to purchase up to 250,000 shares of its common stock, par value \$0.001, with an exercise price of \$3.40 per share.

#### Sale Leaseback of Clearwater, FL Real Property

In an effort to improve liquidity and the balance sheet condition of the Company, management has been exploring options to leverage the Company's unencumbered real property. On February 27, 2023 the Company's Board of Directors approved a plan to sell and leaseback the Company's real property located in Clearwater, FL.

On March 14, 2023, Apyx Medical Corporation (the "Company") entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with VK Acquisitions VI, LLC (the "Purchaser"), for the sale of the Company's facility located at 5115 Ulmerton Road, Clearwater, Florida, as more fully described in the Purchase Agreement (collectively, the "Property") for a purchase price of \$7,650,000. The Purchase Agreement is subject to the satisfactory completion of due diligence by the Purchaser within thirty (30) days from the date of execution, during which time the Purchaser retains the right to cancel the Purchase Agreement. The closing shall occur five (5) days following the expiration of the due diligence period. Upon execution of the Purchase Agreement, the Purchaser paid a down payment of \$400,000 into escrow, which shall be held in accordance with the Purchase Agreement.

Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the transaction is not conditioned upon Purchaser obtaining any form of financing. The Purchase Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants.

In accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement, upon the closing of the sale of the Property, the Company will enter into a Single Tenant Industrial Building Lease (the "Lease") with the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Property will be leased back to the Company. The Lease will have an initial term of ten (10) years commencing from the closing (the "Initial Term"), and a renewal term of five (5) years, exercisable at the Company's option. The annual fixed rent will be \$619,500 for the first year of the Initial Term, and will be subject to a 4% escalation every year thereafter through the Initial Term. Rent will be reset to the current market rate should the Company exercise the renewal option. The Lease provides for a 3% management fee on rent payments throughout the Initial Term and optional renewal term.

The Lease is a triple net lease, pursuant to which all costs, expenses, and obligations relating to the Property, including, repair and maintenance charges, utility charges, real estate taxes or other taxes that may be imposed that relate to the Property, shall be paid by the Company. In addition, the Lease contains other customary terms and provisions generally contained within leases of this type.

The net cash proceeds the Company expects to receive following closing is approximately \$6,700,000 after taxes, expenses, and fees. This estimate is subject to the consummation of the transaction and the finalization of the Company's obligations associated with the sale. The Company anticipates that the net cash proceeds will be used to strengthen its balance sheet and provide working capital

### Litigation

On March 1, 2023, Shiva Stein as plaintiff filed a derivative complaint in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, captioned Stein v. Makrides, et al., C.A. No. 2023-0239-MTZ (the "Stein Suit") against individual members of the Company's board of directors and naming the Company as a nominal defendant, primarily concerning the facts at issue in a previously disclosed federal securities class action lawsuit filed in 2019 and settled in 2020, captioned Pritchard v. Apyx Medical Corporation, et al., Case No. 8:19-cv-00919 (M.D. Fla.) (the "Pritchard Case"). The Stein Suit seeks unspecified damages alleged to have resulted from purported breaches of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment and related claims based on the same set of allegedly misleading statements and material omissions described in the settled Pritchard Case, which concerned the 2018-2019 clinical study conducted by the Company to evaluate the safety and efficacy of its J-Plasma technology for dermal resurfacing. The Company believes that the claims are subject to procedural and substantive defenses, anticipates defense and indemnity coverage to be made available by the relevant insurer, and expects the individual defendants to defend all of the allegations vigorously. The outcome of the action is not within the Company's control and may not be known for a prolonged period of time. In the opinion of management, neither the alleged claims against the individual defendants nor the defense thereof are expected to result in a material, adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

# ITEM 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

#### ITEM 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management has established and maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that as of December 31, 2022, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

# Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, management carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022, based on the framework set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013). Based on that evaluation, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2022.

# **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during our year ended December 31, 2022, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# ITEM 9B. Other Information

None.

### Part III

# ITEM 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

### BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE OF DIRECTORS

When considering whether directors and nominees have the experience, qualifications, attributes or skills, taken as a whole, to enable the Board of Directors ("Board") to satisfy its oversight responsibilities effectively in light of the Company's business and structure, the Governance and Nominating Committee focused primarily on each person's background and experience as reflected in the information discussed in each of the directors' individual biographies set forth immediately below. We believe that our directors provide an appropriate mix of experience and skills relevant to the size and nature of our business. As more specifically described in such person's individual biographies set forth below, our directors possess relevant and industry-specific experience and knowledge in the medical, engineering and business fields, as the case may be, which we believe enhances the Board's ability to oversee, evaluate and direct our overall corporate strategy. The Governance and Nominating Committee annually reviews and makes recommendations to the Board regarding the composition and size of the Board so that the Board consists of members with the proper expertise, skills, attributes and personal and professional backgrounds needed by the Board, consistent with applicable regulatory requirements.

The Governance and Nominating Committee believes that all directors, including nominees, should possess the highest personal and professional ethics, integrity and values and be committed to representing the long-term interests of our stockholders. The Governance and Nominating Committee will consider criteria including the nominee's current or recent experience as a senior executive officer, whether the nominee is independent, as that term is defined in existing independence requirements of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC, the business, scientific or engineering experience currently desired on the Board, geography, the nominee's industry experience and the nominee's general ability to enhance the overall composition of the Board

The Governance and Nominating Committee does not have a formal policy on diversity; however, in recommending directors, the Board and the Committee consider the specific background and experience of the Board members and other personal attributes in an effort to provide a diverse mix of capabilities, contributions and viewpoints which the Board believes enables it to function effectively as the Board of Directors of a company with our size and nature of business. Moreover, our corporate governance guidelines commit the Company to maintaining a Board with a strong and diverse membership as set forth below.

Directors serve for one-year terms and are elected at the annual stockholders' meeting. Set forth below is information regarding the executive officers, directors and key employees of Apyx Medical Corporation as of March 16, 2023.

Name	Age	Position	<b>Director Since</b>
Charles D. Goodwin	57	Chief Executive Officer and Director	December 2017
Tara Semb	53	Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary	N/A
Todd Hornsby	47	Executive Vice President	N/A
Moshe Citronowicz	70	Senior Vice President	N/A
Andrew Makrides	81	Chairman of the Board	December 1982
Lawrence J. Waldman	76	Lead Independent Director	March 2011
Michael Geraghty	75	Director	March 2011
John Andres	65	Vice-Chairman of the Board	July 2014
Craig Swandal	62	Director	March 2018
Minnie Baylor-Henry	75	Director	August 2019
Wendy Levine	50	Director	August 2021

# **Board Diversity Matrix**

The matrix below reflects our Board's gender and racial characteristics and LGBTQ+ status, based on the self-identification of our directors. Each of the categories listed below has the meaning as it is used in Nasdaq Rule 5605(f).

	<b>Board Dive</b>	ersity Matri	x (as of Dece	mber 31, 2	2022 and 202	21)		
Total Number of Directors	8							
	Makrides	Goodwin	Waldman	Andres	Geraghty	Swandal	Baylor- Henry	Levine
Gender Identity								
Male	X	X	X	X	X	X		
Female							X	X
Non-Binary								
Did Not Disclose Gender								
Demographic Background								
African American or Black							X	
Alaskan Native or Native American								
Asian								
Hispanic or Latinx								
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander								
White	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
LGBTQ+								
Did Not Disclose Demographic Background								

# **Knowledge, Skills and Experience Matrix**

The matrix below summarizes certain of the key experiences, qualifications, skills, and attributes that our directors bring to the Board to enable effective oversight. This matrix is intended only to provide a summary of our directors' qualifications and is not a complete listing of each director's strengths and contributions to the Board. Additional information on each director is set forth in their respective biography.

Knowledge, Skills and Experience Matrix								
	Makrides	Goodwin	Waldman	Andres	Geraghty	Swandal	Baylor- Henry	Levine
Public Company Board Experience	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Financial		X	X				X	
Risk Management		X	X				X	
Accounting			X					
Corporate Governance\Ethics	X	X	X	X			X	
Legal\Regulatory	X	X		X			X	
HR\Compensation	X	X	X		X	X		
Executive Experience	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Operations	X	X				X		
Strategic Planning\Oversight	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Sales and Marketing		X			X			X
Technology	X		X	X		X		
Medical Device Industry	X	X		X	X	X	X	

Andrew Makrides, Esq. age 81, Chairman of the Board of Directors since December 1982, received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Psychology from Hofstra University and a Juris Doctor Degree from Brooklyn Law School. He is a member of the Bar of the State of New York and practiced law from 1968 until joining Apyx Medical Corporation as a co-founder and Executive Vice President and director, in 1982. Mr. Makrides became President of the Company in 1985 and the CEO in December 1998 and served as such until March 18, 2011 at which point he relinquished his position as President, but remained CEO until December 2013. Mr. Makrides employment contract expired December 31, 2016. Mr. Makrides has over 30 years of executive experience in the medical device industry. The Company believes Mr. Makrides is qualified to serve as Chairman because of his over 30 years of experience in the medical device industry as well as with his previous tenure with the Company.

Charles D. Goodwin, age 57, Chief Executive Officer and a Director of Apyx Medical since December 2017, is an

accomplished senior executive with over 25 years of experience in the healthcare industry. Before joining Apyx Medical in December 2017, Mr. Goodwin was the Chief Executive Officer of MIS Implants Technologies, Inc., a privately held company specializing in dental implants. Prior to this position, Mr. Goodwin spent more than 11 years with Olympus/Gyrus ACMI in a variety of commercial and leadership roles of increasing responsibility. Mr. Goodwin began as a regional sales director for Gyrus in 2002 and was later promoted to Vice President of Sales, overseeing the Company's strong commercial ramp and assisting Gyrus' executive leadership team in the successful acquisition of American Cytoscope Makers, or "ACMI", for \$500 million in 2005. As President of Gyrus ACMI's surgical division, Mr. Goodwin developed the company's global distribution network and achieved average annual sales growth of 35% for three consecutive years, resulting in a promotion to President of Worldwide Sales in 2007. As President of Worldwide Sales for Gyrus ACMI, Mr. Goodwin was responsible for a global business with approximately 700 employees and was a key contributor to the successful sale of Gyrus ACMI to Olympus for \$2.2 billion in 2008. Mr. Goodwin served as Group Vice President of Olympus Corporation's global surgical energy group, where he was responsible for commercial strategy, R&D and operations for a business with more than 500 employees worldwide. Mr. Goodwin held this position for five years before joining MIS Implants Technologies, Inc. in 2014. In March, 2022 Mr. Goodwin joined the Board of ZSX Medical, LLC, a clinical stage medical device company improving minimallyinvasive surgery. Mr. Goodwin holds a B.A. in Finance and Economics from Eastern Washington University. The Company believes Mr. Goodwin is qualified to serve as a Director given his over 25 years of experience in the medical device industry.

Tara Semb, age 53, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary since January 2019. Prior to joining Apyx Medical, Ms. Semb was the Chief Financial Officer for AVAIL Vapor LLC, a manufacturer and retailer of e-liquid for use in electronic vapor devices, from 2015 until 2018. Ms. Semb previously worked for Amsted Industries, a diversified global manufacturer of industrial components, in multiple positions of increasing responsibility from 2006 until 2015, culminating in her promotion to Director of Finance for the company's rail bearings division in 2013. Before joining Amsted Industries as Director of Internal Audit in 2006, she held financial and operational roles at Blyth Industries, a manufacturer and seller of candles and home fragrance products, and Anixter International, a global distributor of network & security solutions. She began her career in 1991 as an auditor at Price Waterhouse. Ms. Semb holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from the University of Illinois, as well as an MBA from Washington University in St. Louis. She is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA).

Todd Hornsby, age 47, Executive Vice President since January 2019, has responsibility for global Commercial operations. He is an accomplished Senior Executive with more than 20 years of success in the medical device and biotech industries. Throughout his career, Todd has held various leadership positions and has extensive experience in sales, sales management, and with building strong teams and launching new technologies. Since joining Apyx<sup>TM</sup> Medical in August 2014, Todd has focused primarily on the commercialization of Apyx's Renuvion / J-Plasma advanced energy system. Prior to joining Apyx, Todd held roles of increasing seniority and responsibility at CryoLife, Inc. During his tenure, Todd directed the US Sales team, with a diversified product portfolio of biological heart valves and vascular grafts, surgical adhesives and hemostatic agents, dialysis access and CHF chronic heart failure products. Todd also directed successful integrations of three acquisitions into the US sales channel. Early in his medical device career, Todd held positions with Ethicon - Endo Surgery and Medex Medical. Todd holds a BA in Psychology from Hope College. He is also the recipient of many awards for sales achievement and growth.

**Moshe Citronowicz**, age 70, Senior Vice President since 2012, came to the United States in 1978 and has worked in a variety of manufacturing and high technology industries. In October 1993, Mr. Citronowicz joined the Company as Vice President of Operations and served as our Chief Operating Officer until November 2011. Currently, he is serving as the Senior Vice President. Mr. Citronowicz's employment contract extends to December 31, 2023.

Lawrence J. Waldman, CPA, age 76, Director since March 2011, Lead Independent Director, and Audit Committee Chair. Mr. Waldman has over thirty-five years of experience in public accounting. Mr. Waldman currently serves as a senior advisor to First Long Island Investors, LLC, an investment and wealth management firm since May 2016. Prior to that Mr. Waldman served as an advisor to the accounting firm of EisnerAmper LLP, where he was previously the Partner-in-Charge of Commercial Audit Practice Development for Long Island since September 2011. Prior to joining EisnerAmper LLP, Mr. Waldman was the Partner-in-Charge of Commercial Audit Practice Development for Holtz Rubenstein Reminick, LLP from July 2006 to August 2011. Mr. Waldman was the Managing Partner of the Long Island office of KPMG LLP from 1994 through 2006, the accounting firm where he began his career in 1972. Mr. Waldman was elected to the Board of Directors of Comtech Telecommunications Corp. in August, 2015 and since December 2015, serves as Chair of its Audit Committee, and since December 17, 2021 serves as its Lead Independent Director. In October 2016, Mr. Waldman was appointed and subsequently in December 2016 elected to the Board of Directors of CVD Equipment Corporation, and serves as the Chair of the Audit Committee and as Lead Independent Director. In January 2021, Mr. Waldman was appointed to serve as non-Executive Chairman of the Board of CVD Equipment Corporation. Mr. Waldman also served through October 2018 as a member of the Board of Directors of Northstar/ RXR Metro Income Fund, a non-traded Real Estate Investment Trust, where he

also had served as a member of its Audit Committee starting in 2014. Mr. Waldman is also the Chair of the Supervisory Committee of Bethpage Federal Credit Union. Mr. Waldman also served as a member of the State University of New York's Board of Trustees and as Chair of its Audit Committee. He previously served as the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Long Island Power Authority and as Chair and a member of the Finance and Audit Committee of its Board of Trustees. Mr. Waldman meets the definition of a financial expert as defined by the SEC and The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC. The Company believes Mr. Waldman is qualified to serve as Director, Audit Committee Chair and Lead Independent Director because of his over 35 years of experience in public accounting and his positions on various boards.

Michael Geraghty, age 75, Director since March 2010 and Compensation Committee Chair. Mr. Geraghty was previously employed as the President of Global Sales at Optos, Inc., a developer and manufacturer of retinal imaging devices for screening, detection and diagnosis of eye related conditions. From 2005 through 2008, he was the President of International Sales at Gyrus Acmi where he first started in 2000 as Senior Vice President of Sales for Gyrus Medical. Prior to this, Mr. Geraghty was the Vice President of Sales and Marketing for Everest Medical, Inc. and before that was the Director of Marketing for Advanced Products at Arthrocare Corporation. Mr. Geraghty specializes in building independent direct sales teams in the medical device industry and has extensive domestic and international sales and marketing experience. He received his bachelor's degree from St. Mary's University and graduate degree in Executive Sales Management from the University of Minnesota. The Company believes Mr. Geraghty is qualified to serve as Director and Compensation Committee Chair because of his extensive domestic and international sales, marketing, and management experience.

Craig Swandal, age 62, Director since March 2018. Mr. Swandal has over 30 years of experience at public and privately-held medical technology and electronics manufacturing companies. He began his career in 1981 at Unisys Corporation, a manufacturer of main frame computer systems, where he held a variety of manufacturing positions of increasing responsibility. In 1995 he joined Silent Knight, a manufacturer of industrial fire and security systems, as a Manufacturing Manager and was promoted to Vice President of Operations.

In 2001, Mr. Swandal joined Gyrus, a manufacturer of surgical devices, where he was responsible for the company's manufacturing operations as Director of Operations and later Vice President of Operations. Following Gyrus's acquisition of ACMI in 2005, Mr. Swandal was promoted to Senior Vice President and was responsible for the global operations of the combined company. He developed and executed Gyrus ACMI's strategy to consolidate its manufacturing, distribution, customer service and service and repair operations and was a member of the leadership team that successfully sold the company to Olympus Corporation for \$2.2 billion in 2008.

Following the acquisition of Gyrus ACMI, Mr. Swandal served on the executive leadership teams of several companies, including ATS Medical, ACELL and Tendyne, where he was focused on operational development and currently holds a position. He is currently the Principal of Lead 2 Change Consulting, where he assists companies in identifying and implementing new manufacturing initiatives. Mr. Swandal serves as a member of the Board of Managers for Tiumed LLC a nontraded medical device start up. Mr. Swandal holds a Bachelor's degree in Organizational Management and Communications from Concordia University, as well as a mini Master of Business Administration in Medical Technology from the University of St Thomas. The Company believes Mr. Swandal is qualified to serve as Director because of his extensive experience in manufacturing operations.

**John Andres**, age 65, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors and Governance and Nominating Committee Chair since July 2014, has over thirty years of experience in the medical device industry. Since April, 2004, Mr. Andres has been a private consultant, doing business through John C. Andres, LLC, specializing in patent/business strategy development and execution. He also is a partner of Hawk Healthcare, LLC, which provides strategic transaction management to private individuals and companies.

In 2020, Mr. Andres joined the Board of Directors of Adaptilens, LLC, which is developing an accommodating intraocular lens. In 2017, Mr. Andres joined the Board of Directors of Longeviti Neuro Solutions, LLC which develops and sells cranial implant products for cranial reconstruction. In 2004, Mr. Andres helped found K2M, Inc. (KTWO) and from 2004 until 2010 served as a member of the Board of Directors of K2M, Inc. Prior to 2004, Mr. Andres held various legal and strategic business development positions at the Surgical Division of Tyco Healthcare Group, LLP, now Medtronic (NYSE: MDT) and its predecessor, United States Surgical Corporation. Before joining U.S. Surgical, Mr. Andres worked at the New York law firm of Morgan & Finnegan. He received his Associate of Applied Science degree from Rochester Institute of Technology, his Bachelor of Arts degree from Lehigh University and his Juris Doctor from Pace University School of Law. The Company believes Mr. Andres is qualified to serve as a director because of his extensive experience in patent and business strategy development and execution in the medical device industry.

Minnie Baylor-Henry, age 75, Director and Regulatory Compliance Committee Chair since August 2019. Ms. Baylor-Henry has over 25 years of regulatory affairs experience. She is the President of B-Henry & Associates, LLC, a consulting firm that she founded to provide regulatory strategic support to life sciences companies. Prior to starting her consulting company, she held various executive level positions over a 15-year period at Johnson & Johnson (J&J). Before retiring from J&J in 2015, she was the Worldwide Vice President of Regulatory Affairs-Medical Devices. During her time at J&J, she also had served as the Vice President-Medical & Regulatory Affairs in the Over-the Counter Group, as well as Senior Director, Regulatory Affairs-Pharmaceuticals. Ms. Baylor-Henry also worked for Deloitte & Touche (2008-2010) as the National Director Regulatory Affairs- Life Sciences. Prior to joining the private sector, she worked for the US Food & Drug Administration (1991-1999) in many roles, including serving as the Director of the Division of Drug, Marketing, Advertising & Communications and the FDA's National Health Fraud Coordinator.

In 2018, Ms. Baylor-Henry joined the Board of Directors of scPharmaceuticals, a publicly-held company focused on developing technologies that enable subcutaneous administration of therapies and in 20 she stepped down from the Board of Directors of PolarityTE, a publicly-held regenerative medicine company. She joined the Board of Directors of Paratek Pharmaceuticals, a publicly-held company focused on solutions for patients with infectious diseases in 2021. In March, 2022, she joined the Board of Directors of Lantheus Holdings, LLC, an innovative diagnostics and targeted therapeutics company. Ms. Baylor-Henry received her pharmacy degree from Howard University's College of Pharmacy and a law degree from Catholic University's Columbus School of Law. The Company believes Ms. Baylor-Henry is qualified to serve as Director and Regulatory and Compliance Committee Chair because of her extensive experience in global and regulatory management and compliance.

Wendy Levine, age 50, Director, has over 25 years of healthcare marketing and advertising experience across the pharmaceutical, biotech, medical device and vaccine sectors. She is currently Group President and head of the advertising business at 21GRAMS, part of Real Chemistry, a global health innovation company that she founded with her partners in 2018. From 2003 to 2007, Ms. Levine worked at Johnson & Johnson, where she served as Group Product Director in the Specialty Pharmaceuticals Business Unit and then as Director, Stakeholder Marketing in the Medical Device Business Unit. From 2007 to 2009, Ms. Levine held the position of Senior Director of Marketing for the influenza portfolio at Novartis Vaccines. From 2009 to 2014, a love for advertising brought her to the agency world, where she rose through the ranks within account management at The Bloc. From 2014 to 2015, Ms. Levine held the role of EVP, Managing Director at McCann Health. From 2015 to 2017, she worked as Director of Client Services at GSW. Ms. Levine received her bachelor's degree in interdisciplinary studies (economics and Western European culture) from the University of Pittsburgh and a master's degree in education from Beaver College (Arcadia University). The Company believes Ms. Levine is qualified to serve as Director because of her extensive experience in marketing and advertising.

#### **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

None

# **Independent Board Members**

The Board currently has seven independent members, Andrew Makrides, John Andres, Michael Geraghty, Lawrence J. Waldman, Craig Swandal, Minnie Baylor-Henry and Wendy Levine, each of whom meets the existing independence requirements of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### **Board Leadership**

The independent directors appointed Lawrence J. Waldman as the Lead Independent Director. The Lead Independent Director is appointed by the Board and is responsible for coordinating the activities of the independent directors and coordinating with the Chief Executive Officer of the Company to set agendas for Board meetings and chair executive sessions of the independent directors. The Lead Independent Director is also responsible for meeting, from time to time, with the Company's Compensation Committee to discuss the Chief Executive Officer's performance.

The Company's Corporate Governance Policies also contain several features which the Company believes will ensure that the Board maintains effective and independent oversight of management, including the following:

- Executive sessions without management and non-independent directors present are a standing Board agenda item. Executive sessions of the independent directors are held at any time requested by an independent director and, in any event, are held in connection with all regularly scheduled Board meetings.
- The Board regularly meets in executive session with the CEO without other members of management present.
- All Board committee members are independent directors. The committee chairs have authority to hold executive sessions without management and non-independent directors present.

The Board has no formal policy with respect to separation of the positions of Chairman and CEO or with respect to whether the Chairman should be a member of management or an independent director, and believes that these are matters that should be discussed and determined by the Board from time to time. The Chief Executive Officer of the Company, Charles D. Goodwin, is tasked with the responsibility of implementing our corporate strategy. We believe Mr. Goodwin is best suited for leading discussions, at the Board level, regarding performance relative to our corporate strategy and this discussion accounts for a significant portion of the time devoted at our Board meetings.

#### **Board Evaluations**

The Board has adopted a policy to evaluate its performance and effectiveness as well as that of the four standing committees on an annual basis. The purpose of the evaluation is to track progress in certain areas targeted for improvement from year to year and to identify ways to enhance the Board's effectiveness. As part of the evaluation, each Director may complete a written questionnaire developed by the Governance and Nominating Committee to provide feedback on the effectiveness of the Board, the Committees, as well as each individual Director's own contributions. The collective ratings and comments of the Directors are compiled and then presented to the Governance and Nominating Committee and to the full Board for discussion and action as necessary.

# Risk Management

The Board believes that risk management is an important component of the Company's corporate strategy. While we assess specific risks at our committee levels, the Board, as a whole, oversees our risk management process, and discusses and reviews with management major policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management. The Board is regularly informed through its interactions with management and committee reports about risks we face in the course of our business. Our Audit Committee also takes an active role in risk assessment and risk management.

### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee assists the Board in its general oversight of our financial reporting, internal controls, and audit functions, and is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of our independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee reviews and discusses with management and our independent accountants the annual audited and quarterly financial statements (including the disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and matters required to be discussed by the applicable requirements of the PCAOB), reviews the integrity of the financial reporting processes, both internal and external, reviews the qualifications, performance and independence of our independent accountants, and prepares the Audit Committee Report included in its Annual Report in accordance with rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Audit Committee has the power to investigate any matter brought to its attention within the scope of its duties. It also has the authority to retain counsel and advisors to fulfill its responsibilities and duties. The Audit Committee also acts as a qualified legal compliance committee.

The meetings of the Committee are designed to facilitate and encourage communication among the Committee, the Company and the Company's independent auditor. The Committee discussed with the Company's Independent Auditor the overall scope and plans for their respective audits. The Committee meets with the independent auditor, with and without management present, to discuss the results of their examinations; their evaluations of the Company's internal controls; and the overall quality of the Company's financial reporting.

During 2022, our Audit Committee consisted of four independent members of the Board of Directors, Lawrence J. Waldman,

John Andres, Michael Geraghty and Craig Swandal. As a smaller reporting company, we are required to have at least two independent members comprising our Audit Committee in accordance with Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC. During 2022, Mr. Waldman served as the Audit Committee Chairperson and financial expert. The Audit Committee meets as often as it determines necessary but not less frequently than once every fiscal quarter.

### **Governance and Nominating Committee**

The Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for matters relating to the corporate governance of our company and the nomination of members of the board and committees thereof. The Governance and Nominating Committee also provides oversight to the Company over its Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") initiatives. During 2022, our Governance and Nominating Committee consisted of three independent members of the Board of Directors, John Andres who serves as Chairperson, Lawrence J. Waldman and Michael Geraghty. The Governance and Nominating Committee meets as often as it determines necessary, but not less than once a year. During March 2022, the Board appointed Minnie Baylor-Henry as a member of the Governance and Nominating Committee.

### **Compensation Committee**

The Compensation Committee is responsible for overseeing our compensation and employee benefit plans (including those involving the issuance of our equity securities) and practices, including formulating, evaluating and approving the compensation of our executive officers and reviewing and recommending to the full Board of Directors the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer. During 2022, our Compensation Committee consisted of four independent members of the Board of Directors, Michael Geraghty who served as Chairperson, John Andres, Lawrence J. Waldman and Wendy Levine. The Compensation Committee meets as often as it determines necessary, but not less than once a year.

### **Regulatory Compliance Committee**

The Regulatory Compliance Committee, formed in the third quarter of 2019, is responsible for matters relating to the Company's overall non-financial regulatory and compliance strategies and systems. Specifically, the Committee provides oversight of management's efforts to comply with the requirements for a medical device company operating in a highly regulated environment with respect to healthcare compliance, product quality and safety, and other areas as directed by the Board. During 2022, our Regulatory Compliance Committee consisted of four independent members of the Board of Directors, Minnie Baylor-Henry who serves as Chairperson, John Andres, Craig Swandal and Wendy Levine. The Regulatory Compliance Committee meets as often as it determines necessary, but not less than once a year.

The table below indicates the current membership of each committee and how many times the Board and each committee met and/or acted by written consent in 2022:

	Board	Audit	Governance and Nominating	Compensation	Regulatory Compliance
Andrew Makrides	Chair				
Charles D. Goodwin	Member				
John Andres	Vice Chair	Member	Chair	Member	Member
Michael Geraghty	Member	Member	Member	Chair	
Lawrence J. Waldman	Member	Chair**	Member	Member	
Craig Swandal	Member	Member			Member
Minnie Baylor-Henry	Member		Member		Chair
Wendy Levine	Member			Member	Member
Number of Meetings*	12	4	1	6	5

<sup>\*</sup> Includes formal meetings and acts of written consent

<sup>\*\*</sup> Mr. Waldman has also been designated the Audit Committee's financial expert as well as the Board's Lead Independent Director.

#### **Code of Ethics**

We made minor revisions to our Code of Ethics ("the Code") in the first quarter of 2021. We also have made available a whistleblower hotline that provides a mechanism for reporting breaches of the Code in an anonymous manner.

Review and acknowledgement of the Code is required of all new employees as part of the on-boarding process, and of all existing employees on an annual basis.

A copy of the code of ethics, which expressly includes the fiduciary responsibilities of the CEO and CFO, is available on our website at <a href="https://apyxmedical.com/code-of-ethics-and-conduct/">https://apyxmedical.com/code-of-ethics-and-conduct/</a>.

#### **Environmental Social and Governance**

Our Governance and Nominating Committee provides oversight to the Company over its ESG initiatives. The Chairman of that Committee has been actively involved in our work to date with our ESG efforts and continues to lead in providing suggestions as to what else can be done to further enhance our initiatives in this area, including a continued focus on Board diversity from the perspective of gender, ethnic\racial background, and relevant professional and educational experience.

Our ESG initiatives are sponsored by our CEO and CFO, and consists of a steering committee that includes all members of the executive management team as well as some mid-level managers in certain areas such as R&D, Regulatory and Quality. In July 2022, we published our first ESG report aligned with the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Medical Equipment industry standards.

We have created a strong environmental, social and governance ("ESG") structure by introducing a cross-functional ESG team which has been working with senior management, our board, and other stakeholders to develop an ESG framework that is aligned with our corporate mission, vision and values. Our ESG initiatives are sponsored by our CEO and CFO, and includes a steering committee comprised of all members of the executive management team as well as some mid-level managers in certain areas such as R&D, Regulatory and Quality. In July 2022, we published our first ESG report aligned with the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board ("SASB") Medical Equipment industry standards.

Part of our culture is to give back and support the communities and people around us. In 2022, we engaged in both employee volunteer and financial support in the areas of education and the environment. Such initiatives included the following:

- Week-long high school internship\shadowing program for students interested in the field of engineering;
- Hosting a group of 25 local students participating in their school's STEM program at our manufacturing facility
- Employee participation in a local beach clean up event
- Donation of supplies to a local elementary school and to support those impacted by Hurricane Ian
- Local food drive donations as well as gifts for less fortunate children during the holidays
- Several financial contributions and sponsorships to various non-profit organizations

#### ITEM 11. Executive Compensation Discussion and Analysis

# INTRODUCTION

This Compensation Discussion & Analysis ("CD&A") explains our executive compensation program for our named executive officers ("NEOs") listed below. This CD&A also describes the Compensation Committee's process for making pay decisions, as well as its rationale for specific decisions related to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Although Apyx Medical qualifies as a "smaller reporting company" as defined by the SEC, which allows us to take advantage of scaled-back disclosure requirements, we are including more extensive narrative about our executive compensation program in an effort to be more transparent. We are also committed to keeping an open dialogue with our stockholders to help ensure that we have a regular pulse on investor perspectives and, as we continue to grow, we intend to further enhance our outreach efforts during 2023 and into the future.

Name	Position
Charles D. Goodwin	President, CEO and Director
Moshe Citronowicz	Senior Vice President
Todd Hornsby	Executive Vice President
Tara Semb	Chief Financial Officer

# 2022 Business Overview

While 2022 ultimately proved to be a challenging year, our team made important progress under difficult circumstances. We believe we are incrementally better positioned in 2023, with an expanding portfolio of 510(k) clearances for our targeted clinical indications, recently implemented activities to reduce operating expenses while preserving our capabilities as an organization, and additional financing secured to strengthen our balance sheet and enhance our financial flexibility. Below are key financial and strategic highlights:

- Total revenue of \$44.5 million, representing a decline of 8.3% year-over-year
- Advanced Energy revenue of \$36.8 million, representing a decline of approximately 14.4% year-over-year
- Loss from operations of \$23.6 million, vs. \$14.4 million in 2021

On March 14, 2022, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") posted a Safety Communication that warns consumers and health care providers against the use of the Company's Advanced Energy products outside of their FDA-cleared indications for general use in cutting, coagulation, and ablation of soft tissue during open and laparoscopic surgical procedures. Following the Safety Communication, the Company began to experience some slowed demand for the adoption of its Helium Plasma Technology primarily in the U.S. The Company continues to evaluate the full effects the Safety Communication will have on the results of its operations, cash flows and financial position.

On April 4, 2022, the Company announced that it had submitted a 510(k) premarket notification to the FDA for the use of the Renuvion to improve the appearance of lax (loose) skin in the neck and submental region.

On May 26, 2022, the Company announced that it had received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion Dermal Handpiece for specific dermal resurfacing procedures.

On February 1, 2023, we announced we had submitted a 510(k) premarket notification ("510(k) submission") for the Renuvion APR Handpiece to the FDA, supported by a clinical study and real-world evidence. The 510(k) submission is intended to expand Renuvion's indications for use to include a specific indication for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the coagulation of subcutaneous soft tissues where needed, following liposuction.

On February 27, 2023, we announced that we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for the use of the Renuvion APR Handpiece for the delivery of radiofrequency energy and/or helium plasma where coagulation/contraction of soft tissue is needed. Soft tissue includes subcutaneous tissue.

# WHAT GUIDES OUR PROGRAM

# **General Compensation Philosophy**

The primary objective of our compensation program for employees, including our compensation program for executive officers, is to attract, retain and motivate qualified individuals and reward them in a manner that is fair to all stockholders. We strive to provide incentives for every employee that reward them for their contribution to the Company.

Performance-Driven and Stockholder-Aligned	A portion of a NEO's total compensation should be variable ("at-risk") and linked to the achievement of specific short- and long-term performance objectives and designed to drive stockholder value creation.
Competitively-Positioned	Target compensation should be competitive with that being offered to individuals in comparable roles at other companies with which we compete for talent to ensure that we employ the best people to lead our success.
Responsibly-Governed	Decisions about compensation should be guided by best-practice governance standards and rigorous processes that encourage prudent decision-making.

# **Elements of Pay**

With these objectives in mind, our Board has built executive and non-executive compensation programs that consist of three principal elements - base salary, performance bonuses and grants of stock options.

Pay Element	How It's Paid	Purpose
Base Salary	Cash (Fixed)	Provide a competitive base salary rate relative to similar positions in the market and enable the Company to attract and retain critical executive talent.
Performance Bonuses (Annual Incentives)	Cash (Variable)	Reward executive officers for delivering on annual financial and/or strategic objectives that contribute to the creation of stockholder value.
Long-Term Incentives	Equity (Variable)	Provide incentives for executive officers to execute on longer-term financial goals that drive the creation of stockholder value, support the Company's retention strategy, and provide alignment with the interests of our stockholders.

# The Decision-Making Process

The Role of the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee oversees the executive compensation program for our NEOs. The Compensation Committee is comprised of independent, non-employee members of the Board. The Compensation Committee works very closely with its independent consultant and management to examine the effectiveness of the Company's executive compensation program throughout the year. Details of the Compensation Committee's authority and responsibilities are specified in its charter, which may be accessed at apyxmedical.com. The Compensation Committee makes all final compensation and equity award decisions regarding our NEOs, except for the CEO, whose compensation is determined by the independent members of the full Board, based upon recommendations of the Compensation Committee.

The Role of Management. Members of our management team attend regular meetings where executive compensation, Company and individual performance, and competitive compensation levels and practices are discussed and evaluated. Only the Compensation Committee members are allowed to vote on decisions regarding NEO compensation. The CEO reviews his recommendations pertaining to other executives (non-NEO) pay with the Compensation Committee providing transparency and oversight. Decisions on non-NEO pay are made by the CEO. The CEO does not participate in the deliberations of the Compensation Committee regarding his own compensation. Independent members of the Board make all final determinations regarding CEO compensation.

The Role of the Independent Consultant. The Compensation Committee engages an independent compensation consultant to provide expertise on competitive pay practices, program design, and an objective assessment of any inherent risks of any programs. Pursuant to authority granted to it under its charter, the Compensation Committee has hired Pearl Meyer & Partners, LLC ("Pearl Meyer") as its independent consultant. Pearl Meyer reports directly to the Compensation Committee and does not provide any additional services to management. The Compensation Committee has conducted an independence assessment of Pearl Meyer in accordance with SEC rules.

The Role of Peer Group Companies. The Compensation Committee strives to set a competitive level of total compensation for each NEO as compared with executive officers in similar positions at comparable companies, which we define as our compensation peer group. The Compensation Committee looks to its independent compensation consultant to provide and analyze competitive market data for each NEO, comparing each of their individual components of compensation and total compensation to market. In addition to the peer group, Pearl Meyer may reference industry-specific, size-adjusted market survey data where appropriate. We continue to consult with Pearl Meyer on our compensation strategy on an ongoing basis.

At the time of our last competitive assessment, Pearl Meyer recommended and the Compensation Committee approved an update to our peer group. Pearl Meyer developed a set of objective filtering and selection criteria to identify US-based, publicly traded companies in the health care equipment, supplies or technology space that were comparable to Apyx at the time in terms of both revenue and market capitalization. The Company's current compensation peer group was composed of the following companies and was unchanged in 2022:

Avedro, Inc.	GenMark Diagnostics, Inc.	OrthoPediatrics Corp.
BioLife Solutions, Inc.	iCAD, Inc.	Sensus Healthcare, Inc.
Corindus Vascular Robotics, Inc.	IRadimed Corporation	TransEnterix, Inc.
Cutera, Inc.	Misonix, Inc.	TransMedics Group, Inc.
Ekso Bionics Holdings, Inc.	Neuronetics, Inc.	Utah Medical Products Inc.

The results of the survey confirmed that, consistent with our desired philosophy, our compensation arrangements were competitive with the marketplace, with some variation by individual.

#### 2022 Executive Compensation Program

# **Base Salary**

We pay base salaries to our Executive Officers in order to provide a consistent, minimum level of pay that sustained individual performance warrants. We also believe that a competitive annual base salary is important to attract and retain an appropriate caliber of talent for each position over time.

The annual base salaries of our Executive Officers are determined by our Compensation Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. All salary decisions are based on each Executive Officer's level of responsibility, experience and recent and past performance, as determined by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee benchmarks base salaries using a major independent consulting firm and using their recommendations and other information the Committee evaluates and establishes the base compensation for our executives.

Name	2022	2021	% Change
Charles D. Goodwin	\$ 482,500 \$	450,000	7%
Moshe Citronowicz	\$ 311,500 \$	299,000	4%
Todd Hornsby	\$ 368,000 \$	347,000	6%
Tara Semb	\$ 342,500 \$	328,000	4%

# Performance Bonus

The performance-based cash incentive bonus is designed to provide an opportunity for our senior executives, including our NEOs, to earn an annual incentive, paid in cash, based on the achievement of certain financial targets and/or strategic priorities. An executive's incentive target is a percentage of their base salary. The Compensation Committee assessed our performance against certain financial metrics during 2022 with payouts measured on a scale of zero to 125% of target. The table below discloses the annual incentive targets for each NEO for 2022:

Name	2022	Base Salary (\$)	Bonus Target (% of Base Salary)	Bonus at Target (\$)
Charles D. Goodwin	\$	482,500	85 % \$	410,125
Moshe Citronowicz	\$	311,500	30 % \$	93,450
Todd Hornsby	\$	368,000	55 % \$	202,400
Tara Semb	\$	342,500	50 % \$	171,250

In 2022, we used Total Revenue, Operating Income/(loss) and Total Operating Cash Burn as the financial performance metrics for determining annual performance bonuses because we believe it is important to focus on driving our top line revenue growth,

while focusing on continued improvements to our gross product margins and efficiently investing in our operations to drive towards longer-term, bottom-line profitability. This ultimately results in our ability to maintain acceptable levels of cash burn, setting a path to generating positive cash flow through our overall business performance.

2022 Annual Incentive Plan Payouts. Based on the actual financial performance results, the funding for performance bonuses was set at 0% of each NEO's applicable target. The Committee retains discretion to further adjust the award upward or downward based on its assessment of individual performance. The following table lists the actual awards earned by the NEOs in 2022:

Name	Bonus Target (% of Base Salary)	Bonus Target (\$)	Actual Award Payout (\$)
Charles D. Goodwin	85 % \$	410,125	\$
Moshe Citronowicz	30 % \$	93,450	\$
Todd Hornsby	55 % \$	202,400	\$
Tara Semb	50 % \$	171,250	\$

#### **Equity Compensation**

We believe that equity ownership in our Company is important to provide our Executive Officers and key employees with long-term incentives to better align interests of executives with the interests of stockholders and build value for our stockholders. In addition, equity compensation is designed to attract and retain the executive management team and other key employees throughout the organization.

In January 2022, the Board approved equity awards to the NEOs. These equity awards were granted using incentive stock options to the extent permitted by the IRS. Stock options are intended to align the interests of award recipients with those of stockholders, since options deliver value only if Apyx's stock price appreciates after they are granted. This characteristic ensures that the Executive Officers and key employees have a meaningful portion of their compensation tied to future stock price increases and rewards management for long-term strategic planning through the resulting enhancement of the stock price. The 2022 awards for each NEO were as follows:

Name	Stock Options (# of options)
Charles D. Goodwin	243,000
Moshe Citronowicz	72,000
Todd Hornsby	100,000
Tara Semb	96,000

The stock options vest one-third per year on the anniversary date of the grant over a 3-year period, expire on the 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the grant date, and have an exercise price of \$10.96 per share. Stock options are subject to the award recipient's continued employment through each vesting date.

Stock option awards to Executive Officers and key employees are entirely discretionary. The CEO recommends to the Compensation Committee awards for individuals other than himself. The Compensation Committee considers this recommendation along with the prior contribution of these individuals and their expected future contributions to our growth. The Committee formulates and presents its recommended allocation of stock option awards to the Board of Directors for approval. The Compensation Committee then would make an independent determination on CEO stock option awards, again formulating and presenting its recommendation for the allocation of stock option awards to the Board of Directors for approval. The Board of Directors approves, rejects, or, if necessary, modifies the Committee's recommendations.

# Perquisites and Other Benefits

Our Executive Officers are eligible for the same health and welfare programs and benefits as the rest of our employees in their respective locations.

Our Executive Officers are entitled to participate in and receive employer contributions to Apyx's 401(k) Savings Plan. For more information on employer contributions to the 401(k) Savings Plan see the Summary Compensation Table and its footnotes.

# **Tax and Accounting Considerations**

We regularly consider the various tax and accounting implications of our compensation plans. Section 162(m) of the Code generally prohibits any publicly held corporation from taking a federal income tax deduction for compensation paid in excess of \$1 million in any taxable year to the CEO and the other "covered employees" as defined in the rule. Under the tax laws in effect before 2018, compensation that qualified as "performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m) of the Code was deductible without regard to this limitation. Effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 generally eliminated the performance-based exemption, subject to a special rule that grandfathers certain awards and agreements that were in effect on November 2, 2017. While considering tax deductibility as only one of several considerations in determining compensation, the Committee believes that the tax deduction limitation should not compromise its ability to structure compensation programs that provide benefits to the Company that outweigh the potential benefit of a tax deduction and, therefore, may approve compensation that is not deductible for tax purposes.

Accounting considerations also play an important role in the design of our executive compensation program. Accounting rules, such as FASB ASC Topic 718-10-10, *Share-Based Payment*, require us to expense the cost of our stock option grants which reduces the amount of our reported profits. Because of option expensing and the impact of dilution on our stockholders, we pay close attention to the number and value of the shares underlying stock options we grant.

# **Compensation of Executive Officers**

The following table sets forth the compensation paid to each of our Executive Officers for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 for services to our Company in all capacities:

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus (\$)	Aw	cock vards (\$)	Option Awards (\$) (1)	Inc Co	on-Equity centive Plan mpensation Earnings (\$)	Pen No I Cor	hange in sion Value and nqualified Deferred npensation arnings (\$)	All Other mpensation (\$) (2)	Total (\$)
Charles D. Goodwin	2022	\$ 482,500	\$ _	\$	_	1,664,793	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 22,943	\$2,170,236
CEO and Director	2021	\$ 450,000	\$ 421,875	\$	_	701,420	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 21,099	\$1,594,394
Moshe Citronowicz	2022	\$ 311,500	\$ _	\$	_	493,272	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 21,444	\$ 826,216
Senior Vice President	2021	\$ 299,000	\$ 112,125	\$	_	207,828	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 21,367	\$ 640,320
Todd Hornsby	2022	\$ 368,000	\$ _	\$	_	685,100	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 26,778	\$1,079,878
Executive Vice President	2021	\$ 347,000	\$ 216,875	\$	_	288,650	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 26,785	\$ 879,310
Tara Semb	2022	\$ 342,500	\$ _	\$	_	657,696	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 17,553	\$1,017,749
CFO, Treasurer and Secretary	2021	\$ 328,000	\$ 184,500	\$	_	277,104	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 19,169	\$ 808,773

- (1) These columns represent the grant date fair value of the awards as calculated in accordance with FASB ASC 718 (Stock Compensation).
- (2) The amounts for 2022 include compensation under the following plans and programs:

	C.D. Goodwin	M. Citronowicz	T. Hornsby	T. Semb
Life insurance premiums	198	129	198	198
Short-term disability premiums	186	186	186	186
Health insurance premiums	9,059	12,896	18,688	6,960
Employer 401(k) contribution	13,500	8,233	7,706	10,209
Total	\$ 22,943	\$ 21,444	\$ 26,778	\$ 17,553

Amounts in the table above are pro-rated where applicable.

# **Employment Agreements and Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control**

At December 31, 2022, we were obligated under four employment agreements.

Name	Contract Expiration Date
Charles D. Goodwin	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>
Tara Semb	$N/A^{(1)}$
Todd Hornsby	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>
Moshe Citronowicz	December 31, 2023

(1) Employment contracts provide for the Executives to remain employed by the Company until such time as their employment is terminated pursuant to the terms of their Employment Agreement.

# Charles D. Goodwin Employment Agreement

On September 17, 2020, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective as of September 17, 2020, with Charles D. Goodwin II, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer (the "Goodwin Agreement"). The Goodwin Agreement amends and restates Mr. Goodwin's original employment agreement, dated as of December 15, 2017, in its entirety. The term of Mr. Goodwin's employment under the Goodwin Agreement commenced as of the effective date thereof and shall continue until terminated in accordance with the terms of the Goodwin Agreement. Under the Goodwin Agreement, Mr. Goodwin will receive an initial annual base salary of \$450,000, which shall be reviewed from time to time and may be increased, but not decreased, by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee") in its sole and exclusive discretion. Mr. Goodwin shall be entitled to participate in (i) any bonus or incentive plan available to the Company's executives generally, on such terms as the Committee may determine in its discretion, and (ii) the equity-based incentive plans of the Company, pursuant to which he may receive awards thereunder, as determined by the Company's Board of Directors in its sole discretion from time to time and subject to the terms and conditions of such plans and any applicable award agreement.

In the event Mr. Goodwin's employment is terminated as a result of death or disability, Mr. Goodwin or his estate shall be entitled to receive (i) any unpaid base salary earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, (ii) reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination, (iii) a pro rata bonus for the year of termination, and, (iv) if Mr. Goodwin is eligible for and elects continuation benefits under COBRA, the Company will pay the employer portion of the COBRA coverage premium for the shorter of (x) the 12-month period following the date of termination, or (y) the time at which Mr. Goodwin becomes eligible for medical and dental benefits through another employer. In addition, Mr. Goodwin's outstanding option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Mr. Goodwin's options (i) that were exercisable as of the effective date of the Goodwin Agreement and (ii) that would have become exercisable on the next anniversary of the effective date following the date of termination shall become and remain exercisable for a period of 12 months following the date of termination.

In the event Mr. Goodwin's employment is terminated by the Company for cause or by Mr. Goodwin without good reason, Mr. Goodwin shall be entitled to receive any unpaid base salary earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, and reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination. In addition, in the event Mr. Goodwin's employment is terminated by Mr. Goodwin without good reason, Mr. Goodwin's stock option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Mr. Goodwin's options which were exercisable as of the date of termination shall remain exercisable for a period of 3 months following the date of termination.

In the event Mr. Goodwin's employment is terminated by Mr. Goodwin for good reason, by the Company without cause, or in connection with a change of control (as defined in the Goodwin Agreement), Mr. Goodwin shall be entitled to receive (i) any unpaid base salary and other benefits earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, (ii) reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination, (iii) a pro rata bonus for the year of termination, (iv) continued payment of his base salary for the twelve (12) month period following the date of termination, and (v) if Mr. Goodwin is eligible for and elects continuation benefits under COBRA, the Company will pay the employer portion of the COBRA coverage premium for the shorter of (x) the 12-month period following the date of termination, or (y) the time at which Mr. Goodwin becomes eligible for medical and dental benefits through another employer. In addition, Mr. Goodwin's outstanding option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Mr. Goodwin's options that (i) were exercisable as of the date of termination and (ii) would have become exercisable on the next anniversary of the effective date following the date of termination, shall become and remain exercisable for a period of 12 months following the date of termination.

The Goodwin Agreement contains customary non-competition, non-solicitation, and confidentiality provisions in favor of the Company.

#### Tara Semb Employment Agreement

On September 16, 2020, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective as of September 16, 2020, with Tara Harris Semb, the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer (the "Semb Agreement"). The Semb Agreement amends and restates Ms. Semb's original employment agreement, dated as of January 2, 2019, in its entirety. The term of Ms. Semb's employment under the Semb Agreement commenced as of the effective date thereof and shall continue until terminated in accordance with the terms of the Semb Agreement. Under the Semb Agreement, Ms. Semb will receive an initial annual base salary of \$328,000, which shall be reviewed from time to time and may be increased, but not decreased, by the Committee in its sole and exclusive discretion. Ms. Semb shall be entitled to participate in any bonus or incentive plan available to the Company's executives generally, on such terms as the Committee may determine in its discretion.

In the event Ms. Semb's employment is terminated as a result of death or disability, Ms. Semb or her estate shall be entitled to receive (i) any unpaid base salary earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, (ii) reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination, (iii) a pro rata bonus for the year of termination, and, (iv) if Ms. Semb is eligible for and elects continuation benefits under COBRA, the Company will pay the employer portion of the COBRA coverage premium for the shorter of (x) the 12-month period following the date of termination, or (y) the time at which Ms. Semb becomes eligible for medical and dental benefits through another employer. In addition, Ms. Semb's outstanding option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Ms. Semb's options (i) that were exercisable as of the effective date of the Semb Agreement and (ii) that would have become exercisable on the next anniversary of the effective date following the date of termination shall become and remain exercisable for a period of 12 months following the date of termination.

In the event Ms. Semb's employment is terminated for by the Company for cause or by Ms. Semb without good reason, Ms. Semb shall be entitled to receive any unpaid base salary earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, and reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination. In addition, in the event Ms. Semb's employment is terminated by Ms. Semb without good reason, Ms. Semb's stock option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Ms. Semb's options which were exercisable as of the date of termination shall remain exercisable for a period of 3 months following the date of termination.

In the event Ms. Semb's employment is terminated by Ms. Semb for good reason, by the Company without cause, or in connection with a change of control (as defined in the Semb Agreement), Ms. Semb shall be entitled to receive (i) any unpaid base salary and other benefits earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, (ii) reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination, (iii) a pro rata bonus for the year of termination, (iv) continued payment of her base salary for the twelve (12) month period following the date of termination, and (v) if Ms. Semb is eligible for and elects continuation benefits under COBRA, the Company will pay the employer portion of the COBRA coverage premium for the shorter of (x) the 12-month period following the date of termination, or (y) the time at which Ms. Semb becomes eligible for medical and dental benefits through another employer. In addition, Ms. Semb's outstanding option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Ms. Semb's options that (i) were exercisable as of the date of termination and (ii) would have become exercisable on the next anniversary of the effective date following the date of termination, shall become and remain exercisable for a period of 12 months following the date of termination.

The Semb Agreement contains customary non-competition, non-solicitation, and confidentiality provisions in favor of the Company.

### Todd Hornsby Employment Agreement

On September 17, 2020, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective as of September 17, 2020, with Todd Hornsby, the Company's Executive Vice President (the "Hornsby Agreement"). The Hornsby Agreement amends and restates Mr. Hornsby's original employment agreement, dated as of January 1, 2018, in its entirety. The term of Mr. Hornsby's employment under the Hornsby Agreement commenced as of the effective date thereof and shall continue until terminated in accordance with the terms of the Hornsby Agreement. Under the Hornsby Agreement, Mr. Hornsby will receive an initial annual base salary of \$347,000, which shall be reviewed from time to time and may be increased, but not decreased, by the Committee in its sole and exclusive discretion. Mr. Hornsby shall be entitled to participate in (i) any bonus or incentive plan available to the Company's executives generally, on such terms as the Committee may determine in its discretion, and (ii) the equity-based incentive plans of the Company, pursuant to which he may receive awards thereunder, as determined by the Company's Board of Directors in its sole discretion from time to time and subject to the terms and conditions of such plans and any applicable award agreement.

In the event Mr. Hornsby's employment is terminated as a result of death or disability, Mr. Hornsby or his estate shall be entitled to receive (i) any unpaid base salary earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, (ii) reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination, (iii) a pro rata bonus for the year of termination, and, (iv) if Mr. Hornsby is eligible for and elects continuation benefits under COBRA, the Company will pay the employer portion of the COBRA coverage premium for the shorter of (x) the 12-month period following the date of termination, or (y) the time at which Mr. Hornsby becomes eligible for medical and dental benefits through another employer. In addition, Mr. Hornsby's outstanding option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Mr. Hornsby's options (i) that were exercisable as of the effective date of the Hornsby Agreement and (ii) that would have become exercisable on the next anniversary of the effective date following the date of termination shall become and remain exercisable for a period of 12 months following the date of termination.

In the event Mr. Hornsby's employment is terminated by the Company for cause or by Mr. Hornsby without good reason, Mr. Hornsby shall be entitled to receive any unpaid base salary earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, and reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination. In addition, in the event Mr. Hornsby's employment is terminated by Mr. Hornsby without good reason, Mr. Hornsby's stock option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Mr. Hornsby's options which were exercisable as of the date of termination shall remain exercisable for a period of 3 months following the date of termination.

In the event Mr. Hornsby's employment is terminated by Mr. Hornsby for good reason, by the Company without cause, or in connection with a change of control (as defined in the Hornsby Agreement), Mr. Hornsby shall be entitled to receive (i) any unpaid base salary and other benefits earned and accrued prior to the date of termination, (ii) reimbursement for expenses incurred prior to the date of termination, (iii) a pro rata bonus for the year of termination, (iv) continued payment of his base salary for the twelve (12) month period following the date of termination, and (v) if Mr. Hornsby is eligible for and elects continuation benefits under COBRA, the Company will pay the employer portion of the COBRA coverage premium for the shorter of (x) the 12-month period following the date of termination, or (y) the time at which Mr. Hornsby becomes eligible for medical and dental benefits through another employer. In addition, Mr. Hornsby's outstanding option grants shall continue to be treated in accordance with the terms of the applicable plan and award agreement, provided that the portion of Mr. Hornsby's options that (i) were exercisable as of the date of termination and (ii) would have become exercisable on the next anniversary of the effective date following the date of termination, shall become and remain exercisable for a period of 12 months following the date of termination.

The Hornsby Agreement contains customary non-competition, non-solicitation, and confidentiality provisions in favor of the Company.

# Moshe Citronowicz Employment Agreement

Mr. Citronowicz employment agreement contains an automatic extension for a period of one year after the initial term unless we provide Mr. Citronowicz with appropriate 60 days written notice pursuant to the his contract. Mr. Citronowicz's employment agreement provides, among other things, that the Mr. Citronowicz may be terminated as follows:

- a. Upon the death of the Mr. Citronowicz, in which case Mr. Citronowicz's estate shall be paid the basic annual compensation due to Mr. Citronowicz pro-rated through the date of death.
- b. By the resignation of Mr. Citronowicz at any time upon at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Apyx in which case Apyx shall be obligated to pay Mr. Citronowicz the basic annual compensation due him pro-rated to the effective date of termination.
- c. By Apyx, "for cause" if during the term of the employment agreement Mr. Citronowicz violates the non-competition provisions of his employment agreement, or is found guilty in a court of law of any crime of moral turpitude in which case the contract would be terminated and provisions for future compensation forfeited.
- d. By Apyx, without cause, with the majority approval of the Board of Directors, for Mr. Citronowicz at any time upon at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Mr. Citronowicz. In this case Apyx shall be obligated to pay Mr. Citronowicz compensation in effect at such time, including all bonuses, accrued or prorated and expenses up to the date of termination. Thereafter, Apyx shall pay Mr. Citronowicz three times the salary in effect at the time of termination payable in one lump sum.
- e. If Apyx fails to meet its obligations to Mr. Citronowicz on a timely basis, or if there is a change in the control of Apyx, the executive may elect to terminate Mr. Citronowicz's employment agreement. Upon any such termination or breach of any of its obligations under the employment agreement, Apyx shall pay Mr. Citronowicz a lump sum severance equal to three times the annual salary and bonus in effect the month preceding such termination or breach as well as any other sums which may be due under the terms of the employment agreement up to the date of termination.

There are no other employment contracts that have non-cancelable terms in excess of one year.

# **Outstanding Equity Awards**

The following table presents information with respect to each unexercised stock option held by our Executive Officers as of December 31, 2022:

Name	# of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (# Exercisable)	# of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (# Unexercisable)	Av	Weighted erage Option xercise Price (\$/Sh)	Option Range Aft		
Charles D. Goodwin	1,438,500	405,000	\$	5.77	12/15/2027	-	1/19/2032
Moshe Citronowicz	239,000	120,000	\$	7.17	3/16/2026	-	1/19/2032
Todd Hornsby	339,334	166,666	\$	6.95	8/27/2024	-	1/19/2032
Tara Semb	145,000	160,000	\$	9.17	1/9/2029	-	1/19/2032

In 2003, the Board of Directors adopted, and our stockholders approved Apyx's 2003 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan covering a total of 1,200,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the Plan.

On October 30, 2007, our stockholders approved, and the Board of Directors adopted an amendment to the 2003 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan to increase the maximum aggregate number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2003 Plan from 1.2 million shares (already reserved against outstanding options) to 1.7 million shares, or an increase of 500,000 shares of common stock for future issuance pursuant to the terms of the plan. Except for the increase in the number of shares covered by the plan, the plan remains otherwise unchanged from its present status.

In July 2012, the Company's stockholders approved the 2012 Share Incentive Plan covering a total of 750,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 170,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In July 2015, the Company's stockholders approved the 2015 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan covering a total of 2,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 40,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In August 2017, the Company's stockholders approved the 2017 Executive and Employee Stock Option Plan covering a total of 3,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 30,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In August 2019, the Company's stockholders approved the 2019 Share Incentive Plan covering a total of 2,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022 approximately 200,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

In August 2021, the Company's stockholders approved the 2021 Share Incentive Plan covering a total of 1,375,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options to be granted under the plan. At December 31, 2022, all 1,375,000 are available to be issued in this plan.

There have been no changes in the pricing of any options previously or currently awarded.

# **Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for determining the compensation of executive officers of the Company, as well as compensation awarded pursuant to the Company's equity incentive plans.

In 2022, our Compensation Committee consisted of four independent members of the Board of Directors, Michael Geraghty (Chairperson), John Andres, Lawrence J. Waldman and Wendy Levine.

No member of the Compensation Committee is or has been an officer or employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries. In addition, no member of the Compensation Committee had any relationships with the Company or any other entity that require disclosure under the proxy rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC.

#### COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

Our Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K with management. Based on our Compensation Committee's review of and the discussions with management with respect to the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, our Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in our Proxy Statement and in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 for filing with the SEC. During 2022, our Compensation Committee consisted of three independent members of the Board of Directors, Michael Geraghty, who served as Chairperson, John Andres, Lawrence J. Waldman and Wendy Levine.

# ITEM 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

**Equity Compensation Plan Information** 

See "ITEM 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters".

# **Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners**

The following table sets forth certain information as of March 15, 2023, with respect to the beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock by its executive officers, directors, all persons known by the Company to be the beneficial owners of more than 5% of its outstanding shares and by all officers and directors as a group.

	Numbe	r of Shares			
Name and Address	Title	Owned (i)	Nature of Ownership	Percentage of Ownership (i)	
Archon Capital Management, LLC	Common	3,452,030	Beneficial	9.9 %	
1100 19th Avenue E					
Seattle, WA 98122					
RTW Investments	Common	3,398,279	Beneficial	9.8 %	
250 West 55th St. 16th Floor					
New York, NY 10019					
William Weeks Vanderfelt	Common	3,158,414	Beneficial	9.1 %	
Coralis 44, Azzuri Village 44					
Roches Noires, 31201 Mauritius					
PURA VIDA INVESTMENTS, LLC	Common	2,287,560	Beneficial	6.6 %	
512 West 22nd Street, 7th Floor					
New York, NY 10011					
Cowen Financial Products, LLC	Common	1,775,793	Beneficial	5.1 %	
599 Lexington Ave.					
New York, NY 10022					
Charles D. Goodwin II	Common	1,669,250 (ii)	Beneficial	4.6 %	
5115 Ulmerton Rd.		, , , ( )			
Clearwater, FL 33760					

Moshe Citronowicz	Common	755,504 (i	ii) Beneficial	2.2 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.		, ,	,	
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Andrew Makrides	Common	712,244 (i	v) Beneficial	2.1 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.	Common	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	er) Benenem	2.1 / 0
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Todd Hornsby	Common	422,668 (v	v) Beneficial	1.2 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.	Common	422,000 (1	) Belleticiai	1.2 /0
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Clearwater, 1 E 33700				
Tara Semb	C	225.000 (-	vi) Beneficial	0.6 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.	Common	225,000 (v	(1) Belleficial	0.0 %
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Clearwater, FL 33700				
		210.010		0.604
Lawrence Waldman	Common	210,918 (v	vii) Beneficial	0.6 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.				
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Michael E. Geraghty	Common	161,855 (v	viii) Beneficial	0.5 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.				
Clearwater, FL 33760				
John Andres	Common	134,355 (i	x) Beneficial	0.4 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.				
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Craig Swandal	Common	99,855 (2	x) Beneficial	0.3 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.				
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Minnie Baylor-Henry	Common	78,978 (2	(i) Beneficial	0.2 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.		, ,	,	
Clearwater, FL 33760				
Wendy Levine	Common	29,855 (2	xii) Beneficial	0.1 %
5115 Ulmerton Rd.	Common	27,000 (7	, Zeneneur	0.1 70
Clearwater, FL 33760				
,				
Officers and Directors as a group (10 persons)		4,500,482		13.0 %
Officers and Directors as a group (10 persons)		4,300,462		13.0 %

<sup>(</sup>i) Based on 34,597,822 outstanding shares of Common Stock as of March 15, 2023, of which officers and directors owned a total of 1,241,379 shares at March 15, 2023. We have calculated the percentage ownership in the table above on the basis of the number of outstanding securities plus, for each person or group, any securities that person or group has current or future right to acquire pursuant to options, warrants, conversion privileges or other rights based on the 13G and 13D SEC filings at March 15, 2023 (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).

- (ii) Includes 28,250 shares and 1,641,000 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (iii) Includes 456,504 shares and 299,000 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (iv) Includes 624,389 shares and 87,855 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (v) Includes 0 shares and 422,668 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).

- (vi) Includes 0 shares and 255,000 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (vii) Includes 37,563 shares and 173,355 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (viii) Includes 17,500 shares and 144,355 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (ix) Includes 0 shares and 134,355 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (x) Includes 77,173 shares and 22,682 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (xi) Includes 0 shares and 78,978 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).
- (xii) Includes 0 shares and 29,855 vested options (and exercisable within 60 days thereafter).

# Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our officers and directors and persons who own more than ten percent of a registered class of our equity securities, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Officers, directors and greater than ten-percent shareholders (the "Reporting Persons") are required by SEC regulation to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file.

To the Company's knowledge, based solely on its review of the copies of such reports received or written representations from certain Reporting Persons that no other reports were required, the Company believes that during its fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 all filing requirements applicable to the Reporting Persons were timely met, with the exception of one delinquent filing for Mr. Swandal who inadvertently failed to timely file a Form 4 showing a single transaction.

# ITEM 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Several relatives of Nikolay Shilev, Apyx Bulgaria's Managing Director, are considered related parties. Teodora Shileva, Mr. Shilev's spouse, is an employee of the Company working in the accounting department. Antoaneta Dimitrova Shileva-Toromanova, Mr. Shilev's sister, is the manager of human resources. Svetoslav Shilev, Mr. Shilev's son, is a quality manager in the quality assurance department.

#### **Independent Board Members**

The Board currently has seven independent members, Andrew Makrides, John Andres, Michael Geraghty, Lawrence J. Waldman, Craig Swandal, Minnie Baylor-Henry and Wendy Levine who meet the existing independence requirements of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# ITEM 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees billed to us and expected to be billed to us by RSM US LLP, our principal accountant for 2022 and 2021:

	Year Ended December 31,					
(In thousands)		2022		2021		
Audit fees (1)	\$	525	\$	531		
Audit related fees (2)		43		_		
Tax fees (3)		107		98		
All other fees (4)				_		
Total fees billed	\$	675	\$	629		

- (1) Audit fees consist of billed and unbilled fees for professional services rendered for the audit of Apyx's annual financial statements and reviews of its interim consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports and other services related to statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.
- (2) Audit related fees consist of billed and unbilled fees for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or reviews of Apyx's consolidated financial statements and are not reported under "Audit Fees".
- (3) Tax fees consist of billed and unbilled fees for professional services rendered for tax compliance and tax advice (domestic and international). These services include assistance regarding federal and international tax compliance and planning associated with transfer pricing and research and development activities.
- (4) All other fees consist of fees for products and services other than the services reported above.

# **PART IV**

# ITEM 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a)(1)	LISTING OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	Page
	The following consolidated financial statements of the Company are included in Item 8 of this Report:	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2022 and 2021	39
	Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	40
	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	41
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	42
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	43
(a)(2)	FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES	
	All financial statement schedules have been omitted, since the required information is not applicable or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule, or because the information required is included in the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Report.	

# (a)(3) EXHIBITS

3.1	Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's report on Form 10-K/A filed on March 31, 2011)
3.2	By laws of the Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's report on Form 10-K/A filed on March 31, 2011)
3.3	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 3, 2017)
3.4	Certificate of Elimination of the Series A 6% Convertible Preferred Stock and Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 3, 2018)
3.5	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 28, 2018)
4.1	<u>Description of the Registrant's Securities</u> (Incorporated by the reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 31, 2020)
10.1**	<u>Tara Semb Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated September 16, 2020 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 18, 2020)</u>
10.2**	<u>Charles D. Goodwin II Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated September 17, 2020</u> (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 18, 2020)
10.3**	<u>Todd Hornsby Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated September 17, 2020</u> (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 18, 2020)
10.4	Credit, Security and Guaranty Agreement, dated February 17, 2023 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 24, 2023)
10.5	<u>Fee Letter, dated February 17, 2023</u> (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 24, 2023)
10.6	Warrant to Purchase Stock, dated February 17, 2023 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 24, 2023)
10.7	<u>Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated March 14, 2023</u> (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 15, 2023)
14.1	Code of Ethics (Incorporated by the reference to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 31, 2020)
21.1*	<u>List of Subsidiaries</u>
23.1*	Consent of RSM US LLP
31.1*	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS***	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Presentation Document

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Management contract or compensatory arrangement.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

# APYX MEDICAL CORPORATION SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in Clearwater, Florida on March 16, 2023.

# **Apyx Medical Corporation**

By: /s/ Charles D. Goodwin II

Charles D. Goodwin II President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Tara Semb

Tara Semb

Chief Financial Officer,

Treasurer and Secretary

(Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name	Title	Date
Directors:		
/s/ ANDREW MAKRIDES	Chairman of the Board	March 16, 2023
Andrew Makrides		
/s/ CHARLES D. GOODWIN II	Chief Executive Officer and Director	March 16, 2023
Charles D. Goodwin II	_	
	Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and	March 16, 2023
/s/ TARA SEMB	Secretary	
Tara Semb		
/s/ JOHN ANDRES	Vice Chairman of the Board	March 16, 2023
John Andres		
/s/ LAWRENCE J. WALDMAN	Director	March 16, 2023
Lawrence J. Waldman		
/s/ MICHAEL GERAGHTY	Director	March 16, 2023
Michael Geraghty	<del>_</del>	
/s/ CRAIG SWANDAL	Director	March 16, 2023
Craig Swandal	<del>_</del>	
/s/ MINNIE BAYLOR-HENRY	Director	March 16, 2023
Minnie Baylor-Henry	<del>_</del>	
/s/ WENDY LEVINE	Director	March 16, 2023
Wendy Levine	<del>_</del>	